### 2025

# **Evidence of Coverage (EOC)**

**UMP Classic Medicare with Part D (PDP)** 





#### **January 1 – December 31, 2025**

#### **Evidence of Coverage:**

# Your Medicare Prescription Drug Coverage as a Member of UMP Classic Medicare with Part D (PDP)

This document gives you the details about your Medicare prescription drug coverage from January 1 – December 31, 2025. This is an important legal document. Please keep it in a safe place.

For questions about this document, please contact ArrayRx Customer Service at 1-833-599-8539. (TTY users should call 711.) Hours are 8 a.m.—8 p.m. (Pacific Time), seven days a week October 1–March 31 (closed on Thanksgiving and Christmas), and weekdays April 1–September 30. Your call will be handled by our automated phone systems outside business hours. This call is free.

This plan, UMP Classic Medicare with Part D (PDP), is offered by Moda Health Plan, Inc. Moda is the administrator of ArrayRx. (When this *Evidence of Coverage* says "we," "us," or "our," it means Moda Health Plan, Inc., administrator of ArrayRx. When it says "plan" or "our plan," it means UMP Classic Medicare with Part D (PDP).)

This information is available in large print. Please call ArrayRx Customer Service if you need plan information in another format or language.

Benefits, premiums, deductibles, and copayments may change on January 1, 2026.

The formulary, pharmacy network, and/or provider network may change at any time. You will receive notice when necessary. We will notify affected enrollees about changes at least 30 days in advance.

This document explains your benefits and rights. Use this document to understand about:

- Your plan premium and cost sharing;
- Your prescription drug benefits;
- How to file a complaint if you are not satisfied with a service or treatment;
- How to contact us if you need further assistance; and,
- Other protections required by Medicare law.

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#### 2025 Evidence of Coverage

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# CHAPTER 1: Getting started as a member

# SECTION 1 Introduction Section 1.1 You are enrolled in UMP Classic Medicare with Part D (PDP), which is a Medicare Prescription Drug Plan

You are covered by Original Medicare or another health plan for your health care coverage, and you have chosen to get your Medicare prescription drug coverage through our plan, UMP Classic Medicare with Part D (PDP).

UMP Classic Medicare with Part D (PDP) is a Medicare prescription drug plan (PDP). Like all Medicare plans, this Medicare prescription drug plan is approved by Medicare and run by a private company.

#### Section 1.2 What is the *Evidence of Coverage* document about?

This *Evidence of Coverage* document tells you how to get your prescription drugs. It explains your rights and responsibilities, what is covered, what you pay as a member of the plan, and how to file a complaint if you are not satisfied with a decision or treatment.

The words *coverage* and *covered drugs* refer to the prescription drug coverage available to you as a member of UMP Classic Medicare with Part D (PDP).

It's important for you to learn what the plan's rules are and what coverage is available to you. We encourage you to set aside some time to look through this *Evidence of Coverage* document.

If you are confused, concerned or just have a question, please contact ArrayRx Customer Service.

#### Section 1.3 Legal information about the *Evidence of Coverage*

This *Evidence of Coverage* is part of our contract with you about how UMP Classic Medicare with Part D (PDP) covers your care. Other parts of this contract include your enrollment form, the *List of Covered Drugs (Formulary)*, and any notices you receive from us about changes to your coverage or conditions that affect your coverage. These notices are sometimes called *riders* or *amendments*.

The contract is in effect for the months in which you are enrolled in UMP Classic Medicare with Part D (PDP) between January 1, 2025, and December 31, 2025.

Each calendar year, Medicare allows us to make changes to the plans that we offer. This means we can change the costs and benefits of UMP Classic Medicare with Part D (PDP) after December 31, 2025. We can also choose to stop offering the plan in your service area, after December 31, 2025.

#### Chapter 1 Getting started as a member

Medicare (the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services) must approve UMP Classic Medicare with Part D (PDP) each year. You can continue each year to get Medicare coverage as a member of our plan as long as we choose to continue to offer the plan and Medicare renews its approval of the plan.

#### SECTION 2 What makes you eligible to be a plan member?

#### Section 2.1 Your eligibility requirements

You are eligible for membership in our plan as long as:

- You meet the eligibility requirements for the Public Employees' Benefit Board (PEBB)
   Program coverage and are eligible for enrollment in the UMP Classic Medicare with Part D (PDP) plan
- You have Medicare Part A and Medicare Part B
- -- and -- you are a United States citizen or are lawfully present in the United States
- -- and -- you live in our geographic service area (Section 2.2 below describes our service area). Incarcerated individuals are not considered living in the geographic service area even if they are physically located in it.

## Section 2.2 Here is the plan service area for UMP Classic Medicare with Part D (PDP)

UMP Classic Medicare with Part D (PDP) is available only to individuals who live in our plan service area. To remain a member of our plan, you must continue to reside in the plan service area. The service area is described below.

Our service area includes the United States, Puerto Rico, the United States Virgin Islands, Guam, American Samoa, and the Northern Mariana Islands. If you plan to move out of the service area, you cannot remain a member of this plan. Please contact Employees and Retirees Benefits (ERB) Customer Service to see if we have a plan in your new area. When you move, you will have a Special Enrollment Period that will allow you to switch to Original Medicare or enroll in a Medicare health or drug plan that is available in your new location.

It is also important that you call Social Security if you move or change your mailing address. You can find phone numbers and contact information for Social Security in Chapter 2, Section 5.

#### Section 2.3 U.S. Citizen or Lawful Presence

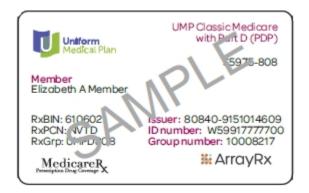
A member of a Medicare health plan must be a U.S. citizen or lawfully present in the United States. Medicare (the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services) will notify UMP Classic

Medicare with Part D (PDP) if you are not eligible to remain a member on this basis. UMP Classic Medicare with Part D (PDP) must disenroll you if you do not meet this requirement.

#### SECTION 3 Important membership materials you will receive

#### Section 3.1 Your plan membership card

While you are a member of our plan, you must use your UMP Classic Medicare with Part D (PDP) membership card, also called Member Identification (ID) card, for prescription drugs you get at network pharmacies. You should also show the provider your Medicaid card, if applicable. Here's a sample UMP Classic Medicare with Part D (PDP) membership card to show you what yours will look like:





Please carry your card with you at all times and remember to show your card when you get covered drugs. If your plan UMP Classic Medicare with Part D (PDP) membership card is damaged, lost, or stolen, call ArrayRx Customer Service right away and we will send you a new card.

You may need to use your red, white, and blue Medicare card to get covered medical care and services under Original Medicare along with your medical ID card.

#### Section 3.2 Pharmacy Directory

The *Pharmacy Directory*, located at *ArrayRxSolutions.com/UMP* lists our network pharmacies. **Network pharmacies** are all of the pharmacies that have agreed to fill covered prescriptions for our plan members. You can use the *Pharmacy Directory* to find the network pharmacy you want to use. See Chapter 3, Section 2.5 for information on when you can use pharmacies that are not in the plan's network.

If you don't have the *Pharmacy Directory*, you can get a copy from ArrayRx Customer Service. You can also find this information on our website at ArrayRxSolutions.com/UMP.

#### Section 3.3 The plan's List of Covered Drugs (Formulary)

The plan has a *List of Covered Drugs (Formulary)*. We call it the "Drug List" for short. It tells which Part D prescription drugs are covered under the Part D benefit included in UMP Classic Medicare with Part D (PDP). The drugs on this list are selected by the plan with the help of a team of doctors and pharmacists. The list must meet requirements set by Medicare. Medicare has approved the UMP Classic Medicare with Part D (PDP) Drug List.

The Drug List also tells you if there are any rules that restrict coverage for your drugs.

We will post an online copy of the Drug List. To get the most complete and current information about which drugs are covered, you can visit the plan's website (ArrayRxSolutions.com/UMP) or call ArrayRx Customer Service.

# SECTION 4 Your monthly costs for UMP Classic Medicare with Part D (PDP)

Your costs may include the following:

- UMP Plan Premium (Section 4.1)
- Monthly Medicare Part B Premium (Section 4.2)
- Part D Late Enrollment Penalty (Section 4.3)
- Income Related Monthly Adjusted Amount (Section 4.4)
- Medicare Prescription Payment Plan Amount (Section 4.5)

#### In some situations, your plan premium could be less

There are programs to help people with limited resources pay for their drugs. These include "Extra Help" and State Pharmaceutical Assistance Programs. Chapter 2, Section 7 tells more about these programs. If you qualify, enrolling in the programs might lower your monthly plan premium.

If you are *already enrolled* and getting help from one of these programs, **the information about premiums in this** *Evidence of Coverage* **may not apply to you**. ArrayRx sent you a separate insert, called the *Evidence of Coverage Rider for People Who Get Extra Help Paying for Prescription Drugs* (also known as the *Low Income Subsidy Rider* or the *LIS Rider*), which tells you about your drug coverage. If you don't have this insert, please call ArrayRx Customer Service and ask for the *LIS Rider*.

Medicare Part B and Part D premiums differ for people with different incomes. If you have questions about these premiums review your copy of *Medicare & You 2025* handbook, the section called "2025 Medicare Costs." If you need a copy, you can download it from the Medicare website (www.medicare.gov/medicare-and-you). Or you can order a printed copy by phone at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users call 1-877-486-2048.

#### Section 4.1 UMP Plan Premium

As a member of our plan, you pay a monthly plan premium.

Your coverage is provided through a contract with the Health Care Authority (HCA). HCA will notify you of your monthly premium for our plan.

#### Section 4.2 Monthly Medicare Part B Premium

#### Many members are required to pay other Medicare premiums

In addition to paying the monthly plan premium, you must continue paying your Medicare premiums to remain a member of the plan. This includes your premium for Part B. It may also include a premium for Part A which affects members who aren't eligible for premium-free Part A.

#### Section 4.3 Part D Late Enrollment Penalty

Some members are required to pay a Part D late enrollment penalty. The Part D late enrollment penalty is an additional premium that must be paid for Part D coverage if at any time after your initial enrollment period is over, there is a period of 63 days or more in a row when you did not have Part D or other creditable prescription drug coverage. Creditable prescription drug coverage is coverage that meets Medicare's minimum standards since it is expected to pay, on average, at least as much as Medicare's standard prescription drug coverage. The cost of the late enrollment penalty depends on how long you went without Part D or other creditable prescription drug coverage. You will have to pay this penalty for as long as you have Part D coverage.

When you first enroll in UMP Classic Medicare with Part D (PDP), Moda Health Plan, Inc. will let you know the amount of the penalty. If you do not pay your Part D late enrollment penalty, you could lose your prescription drug benefits.

You will not have to pay it if:

- You receive "Extra Help" from Medicare to pay for your prescription drugs.
- You have gone less than 63 days in a row without creditable coverage.

- You have had creditable drug coverage through another source such as a former employer, union, TRICARE, or Veterans Health Administration (VA). Your insurer or your human resources department will tell you each year if your drug coverage is creditable coverage. This information may be sent to you in a letter or included in a newsletter from the plan. Keep this information because you may need it if you join a Medicare drug plan later.
  - **Note:** Any notice must state that you had creditable prescription drug coverage that is expected to pay as much as Medicare's standard prescription drug plan pays.
  - Note: The following are *not* creditable prescription drug coverage: prescription drug discount cards, free clinics, and drug discount websites.

#### **Medicare determines the amount of the penalty.** Here is how it works:

- If you went 63 days or more without Part D or other creditable prescription drug coverage after you were first eligible to enroll in Part D, the plan will count the number of full months that you did not have coverage. The penalty is 1% for every month that you did not have creditable coverage. For example, if you go 14 months without coverage, the penalty will be 14%.
- Then Medicare determines the amount of the average monthly premium for Medicare drug plans in the nation from the previous year. For 2025, this average premium amount is \$36.78.
- To calculate your monthly penalty, you multiply the penalty percentage and the average monthly premium and then round it to the nearest 10 cents. In the example here, it would be 14% times \$36.78, which equals \$5.15. This rounds to \$5.10. This amount will be billed to you separately by Moda Health Plan, Inc. if you have a Part D late enrollment penalty.

There are three important things to note about this monthly Part D late enrollment penalty:

- First, **the penalty may change each year** because the average monthly premium can change each year.
- Second, **you will continue to pay a penalty** every month for as long as you are enrolled in a plan that has Medicare Part D drug benefits, even if you change plans.
- Third, if you are <u>under</u> 65 and currently receiving Medicare benefits, the Part D late enrollment penalty will reset when you turn 65. After age 65, your Part D late enrollment penalty will be based only on the months that you don't have coverage after your initial enrollment period for aging into Medicare.

If you disagree about your Part D late enrollment penalty, you or your representative can ask for a review. Generally, you must request this review within 60 days from the date on the first letter you receive stating you have to pay a late enrollment penalty. However, if you were

#### Chapter 1 Getting started as a member

paying a penalty before joining our plan, you may not have another chance to request a review of that late enrollment penalty.

**Important:** Do not stop paying your Part D late enrollment penalty while you're waiting for a review of the decision about your late enrollment penalty. If you do, you could be disenrolled for failure to pay your plan premiums.

Moda Health Plan, Inc. will be billing you for your late enrollment penalty if you have one. Please be sure to pay your late enrollment penalty if you have one or you will be disenrolled from the plan.

There are two options for payment to Moda Health Plan, Inc.

#### **Option 1: Paying by check**

You may pay your monthly late enrollment penalty directly to our Plan. This method is called Direct Pay. If you choose Direct Pay for your method to pay your plan premium, Moda Health Plan, Inc. will send you a monthly statement. Direct Pay premium statements are mailed on the 8th of each month with a due date of the 1st of the following month. Please make sure your check or money order is payable to Moda Health Plan, Inc., not Medicare, CMS, or HHS. Please include your ID number on your check. Your ID number can be found on your UMP Classic Medicare with Part D (PDP) membership card.

Mail your check or money order to:

Moda Health Plan, Inc. Attn: Accounting P.O. Box 4220 Portland, OR 97208

You may drop off a payment in person at:

Moda Health Plan, Inc. 601 S.W. Second Ave., Suite 700 Portland, OR 97204

#### Option 2: Electronic Funds Transfer (EFT) from your checking account

Instead of paying by check or money order, you can have your monthly late enrollment penalty automatically withdrawn from your checking account. This method is called EFT (Electronic Funds Transfer) using the Automated Clearing House (ACH). If you choose EFT for your method to pay your plan premium, you may call ArrayRx Customer Service at 1-833-599-8539 (TTY users call 711) to request an EFT form and instructions be mailed to you. Customer Service is available from 8 a.m.— 8 p.m. (Pacific Time), seven days a week October 1 — March 31 (closed on Thanksgiving and Christmas), and weekdays April 1 — September 30. Your call

will be handled by our automated phone systems outside business hours. You can also download the form by visiting our website at ArrayRxSolutions.com/UMP. Print the EFT form and instructions. Mail your form to the address listed on the instructions. Once your EFT takes effect, EFT premium deductions from your checking account will occur on the 5th of each month.

If you have questions about your late enrollment penalty statement, please call ArrayRx Customer Service at 1-833-599-8539 (TTY users call 711). Customer Service is available from 8 a.m.—8 p.m. (Pacific Time), seven days a week October 1 — March 31 (closed on Thanksgiving and Christmas), and weekdays April 1 — September 30. Your call will be handled by our automated phone systems outside business hours.

#### Section 4.4 Income Related Monthly Adjustment Amount

Some members may be required to pay an extra charge, known as the Part D Income Related Monthly Adjustment Amount, also known as IRMAA. The extra charge is figured out using your modified adjusted gross income as reported on your IRS tax return from two years ago. If this amount is above a certain amount, you'll pay the standard premium amount and the additional IRMAA. For more information on the extra amount you may have to pay based on your income, visit <a href="https://www.medicare.gov/drug-coverage-part-d/costs-for-medicare-drug-coverage/monthly-premium-for-drug-plans">https://www.medicare.gov/drug-coverage-part-d/costs-for-medicare-drug-coverage/monthly-premium-for-drug-plans</a>.

If you have to pay an extra amount, Social Security, not your Medicare plan, will send you a letter telling you what that extra amount will be. The extra amount will be withheld from your Social Security, Railroad Retirement Board, or Office of Personnel Management benefit check, no matter how you usually pay your plan premium, unless your monthly benefit isn't enough to cover the extra amount owed. If your benefit check isn't enough to cover the extra amount, you will get a bill from Medicare. You must pay the extra amount to the Social Security Administration (SSA). It cannot be paid with your monthly plan premium. If you do not pay the extra amount, you will be disenrolled from the plan and lose prescription drug coverage.

If you disagree about paying an extra amount, you can ask Social Security to review the decision. To find out more about how to do this, contact Social Security at 1-800-772-1213 (TTY 1-800-325-0778).

#### Section 4.5 Medicare Prescription Payment Plan Amount

If you are participating in the Medicare Prescription Payment Plan, each month you'll pay your UMP premium (if you have one) and you'll get a bill from Moda Health Plan, Inc. for your prescription drugs (instead of paying the pharmacy). Your monthly bill is based on what you owe for any prescriptions you get, plus your previous month's balance, divided by the number of months left in the year.

Chapter 2, Section 7 tells more about the Medicare Prescription Payment Plan. If you disagree with the amount billed as part of this payment option, you can follow the steps in Chapter 7 to make a complaint or appeal.

#### **SECTION 5** More information about your monthly premium

#### Section 5.1 There are several ways you can pay your plan premium

There are four ways you can pay your UMP plan premium.

#### Option 1: Paying by check

You can pay your plan premium by check or money order. Each month you will be sent a statement telling you how much you owe. Plan premiums are due on or before the 15th of each month. Make your checks payable to: **Health Care Authority** 

Mail your premium to:

Health Care Authority PO Box 42691 Olympia, WA 98504-2691

#### Option 2: Electronic Debit Service (EDS) from your bank account

Instead of paying by check or money order, you can have your monthly plan premium automatically withdrawn from your checking or savings account. This method is called EDS (Electronic Debit Service). If you choose EDS for your method to pay your plan premium, you may call ERB Customer Service 1-800-200-1004 or visit <a href="https://example.com/

#### Option 3: You can have your premium deducted from your pension

To have the premium deducted from your pension, subscribers would select this option on their enrollment request forms. You may call ERB Customer Service 1-800-200-1004 or visit <a href="https://hca.wa.gov/employee-retiree-benefits/retirees/paying-benefits">hca.wa.gov/employee-retiree-benefits/retirees/paying-benefits</a> to find out if this option is available to you.

#### Option 4: You can pay by cash

You may also pay in cash and deliver to the Health Care Authority. Lobby hours are Monday through Friday, 8 a.m. to 4 p.m. (Pacific Time). Please do not mail cash.

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Deliver your premium in cash at: Health Care Authority (HCA) Cherry Street Plaza 626 8th Avenue SE Olympia, WA 98501

#### Changing the way you pay your plan premium

You can request to change your payment method in writing at any time. If you decide to change the option by which you pay your plan premium, it can take up to three months for your new payment method to take effect. While we are processing your request for a new payment method, you are responsible for making sure that your plan premium is paid on time. To change your payment method, please call ERB Customer Service 1-800-200-1004 or visit hca.wa.gov/employee-retiree-benefits/retirees/paying-benefits.

#### What to do if you are having trouble paying your plan premium

Your plan premium is due in HCA's office by the 15th day of the month. If HCA has not received your premium by the time frame indicated in the notice, they will send you another notification telling you that your plan membership will end if they do not receive your premium payment within the time frame indicated.

If you are having trouble paying your premium on time, please contact ERB Customer Service to see if they can direct you to programs that may help with your plan premium.

If we end your membership because you did not pay your premiums, you will still have health coverage under Original Medicare. In addition, you may not be able to receive Part D coverage until the following year if you enroll in a new plan during the annual enrollment period. (If you go without creditable drug coverage for more than 63 days, you may have to pay a Part D late enrollment penalty for as long as you have Part D coverage.)

If you think HCA has wrongfully ended your membership, you can make a complaint (also called a grievance); see Chapter 7 for how to file a complaint. If you had an emergency circumstance that was out of your control and it caused you to not be able to pay your plan premium within our grace period, you can make a complaint. For complaints, we will review our decision again. Chapter 7, Section 7 of this document tells how to make a complaint, or you can call us at 1-800-200-1004 between 8 a.m. to 4 p.m., Pacific Time, Monday through Friday. TTY users should call 711. You must make your request no later than 60 calendar days after the date your membership ends.

#### Section 5.2 Can we change your monthly plan premium during the year?

**No.** We are not allowed to change the amount we charge for the plan's monthly plan premium during the year. If the monthly plan premium changes for next year, we will tell you in October and the change will take effect on January 1.

If a member qualifies for "Extra Help" with their prescription drug costs, Moda Health Plan, Inc. will be sending you a check each month to help you with your plan costs. You can find out more about the "Extra Help" program in Chapter 2, Section 7.

#### SECTION 6 Keeping your plan membership record up to date

Your membership record has information from your enrollment form, including your address and telephone number. It shows your specific plan coverage.

The pharmacists in the plan's network need to have correct information about you. These network providers use your membership record to know what drugs are covered and the cost-sharing amounts for you. Because of this, it is very important that you help us keep your information up to date.

#### Let us know about these changes:

#### **Contact ERB Customer Service about these changes:**

- Changes to your name, your address, or your phone number
- If your designated responsible party (such as a caregiver) changes.

#### **Contact ArrayRx Customer Service about these changes:**

- Changes in any other medical or drug insurance coverage you have (such as from your employer, your spouse or domestic partner's employer, workers' compensation, or Medicaid)
- If you have any liability claims, such as claims from an automobile accident
- If you have been admitted to a nursing home
- If your designated responsible party (such as a caregiver) changes

If any of this information changes, please let us know by calling ArrayRx Customer Service or ERB Customer Service. Phone numbers for Customer Service are printed on the back cover.

It is also important to contact Social Security if you move or change your mailing address. You can find phone numbers and contact information for Social Security in Chapter 2, Section 5.

#### **SECTION 7** How other insurance works with our plan

#### Other insurance

Medicare requires that we collect information from you about any other medical or drug insurance coverage that you have. That's because we must coordinate any other coverage you have with your benefits under our plan. This is called **Coordination of Benefits**.

Once each year, ArrayRx will send you a letter that lists any other medical or drug insurance coverage that we know about. Please read over this information carefully. If it is correct, you don't need to do anything. If the information is incorrect, or if you have other coverage that is not listed, please call ArrayRx Customer Service. You may need to give your plan member ID number to your other insurers (once you have confirmed their identity) so your bills are paid correctly and on time.

When you have other insurance (like employer group health coverage), there are rules set by Medicare that decide whether our plan or your other insurance pays first. The insurance that pays first is called the primary payer and pays up to the limits of its coverage. The one that pays second, called the secondary payer, only pays if there are costs left uncovered by the primary coverage. The secondary payer may not pay all of the uncovered costs. If you have other insurance, tell your doctor, hospital, and pharmacy.

These rules apply for employer or union group health plan coverage:

- If you have retiree coverage, Medicare pays first.
- If your group health plan coverage is based on your or a family member's current employment, who pays first depends on your age, the number of people employed by your employer, and whether you have Medicare based on age, disability, or End-Stage Renal Disease (ESRD):
  - o If you're under 65 and disabled and you or your family member is still working, your group health plan pays first if the employer has 100 or more employees or at least one employer in a multiple employer plan that has more than 100 employees.
  - o If you're over 65 and you or your spouse or domestic partner is still working, your group health plan pays first if the employer has 20 or more employees or at least one employer in a multiple employer plan that has more than 20 employees.
- If you have Medicare because of ESRD, your group health plan will pay first for the first 30 months after you become eligible for Medicare.

These types of coverage usually pay first for services related to each type:

- No-fault insurance (including automobile insurance)
- Liability (including automobile insurance)

#### • Black lung benefits

• Workers' compensation

Medicaid and TRICARE never pay first for Medicare-covered services. They only pay after Medicare, employer group health plans, and/or Medigap have paid.

# CHAPTER 2: Important phone numbers and resources

SECTION 1	UMP Classic Medicare with Part D (PDP) contacts
	(how to contact us, including how to reach ArrayRx
	Customer Service)

#### How to contact the Employees and Retirees Benefits (ERB) Customer Service

For assistance with plan premiums, updating your name, and address and phone number changes, please call or write to Employees and Retirees Benefits (ERB) Customer Service. They will be happy to help you.

Method	ERB Customer Service – Contact Information
CALL	1-800-200-1004
	Calls to this number are free. ERB Customer Service is available from 8 a.m. to 4 p.m., Pacific Time, Monday through Friday.
	ERB Customer Service also has free language interpreter services available for non-English speakers.
TTY	711
	Calls to this number are free. This number requires special telephone equipment and is available for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking.
FAX	1-360-725-0771
WRITE	Health Care Authority (HCA) PO Box 42684 Olympia, WA 98504 Online support: support.hca.wa.gov/hcasupport
WEBSITE	www.hca.wa.gov

#### How to contact our plan's ArrayRx Customer Service

For assistance with pharmacy claims, billing, member drug card questions, or other pharmacy related questions, please call or write to UMP Classic Medicare with Part D (PDP) (ArrayRx Customer Service). We will be happy to help you.

Method	ArrayRx Customer Service – Contact Information
CALL	1-833-599-8539
	Calls to this number are free. ArrayRx Customer Service is available from 8 a.m.— 8 p.m. (Pacific Time), seven days a week October 1—March 31 (closed on Thanksgiving and Christmas), and weekdays April 1—September 30. Your call will be handled by our automated phone systems outside business hours. When leaving a message, please include your name, phone number, member identification number (if available) and the time you called. A representative will return your call the next business day.
	ArrayRx Customer Service also has free language interpreter services available for non-English speakers.
TTY	711
	Calls to this number are free. This number requires special telephone equipment and is available for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking.
WRITE	ArrayRx
	Medicare ArrayRx Customer Service
	P.O. Box 40327 Portland, OR 97240-0327
	Email: UMPRXMedicare@modahealth.com
WEBSITE	ArrayRxSolutions.com/UMP

#### How to contact us when you are asking for a coverage decision or appeal

A coverage decision is a decision we make about your coverage or about the amount we will pay for your Part D prescription drugs. An appeal is a formal way of asking us to review and change a coverage decision we have made. For more information on asking for coverage decisions or appeals about your Part D prescription drugs, see Chapter 7 (What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints).

Method	Coverage Decisions for Part D Prescription Drugs – Contact Information
CALL	1-833-599-8539 Calls to this number are free. Office hours are 8 a.m.— 8 p.m. (Pacific Time), seven days a week October 1–March 31 (closed on Thanksgiving and Christmas), and weekdays April 1–September 30. Your call will be handled by our automated phone systems outside business hours. When leaving a message, please include your name, phone number, member identification number (if available) and the time you called. A representative will return your call the next business day.
ТТҮ	711 Calls to this number are free. This number requires special telephone equipment and is available for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking.
FAX	1-800-207-8235 Medicare Pharmacy Coverage Decisions
WRITE	ArrayRx  Medicare Pharmacy Coverage Decisions  P.O. Box 40327  Portland, OR 97240-0327  Email: UMPRXMedicare@modahealth.com

Method	Appeals for Part D Prescription Drugs – Contact Information
CALL	1-833-599-8539
	Calls to this number are free. Office hours are 8 a.m.— 8 p.m. (Pacific Time), seven days a week October 1—March 31 (closed on Thanksgiving and Christmas), and weekdays April 1—September 30. Your call will be handled by our automated phone systems outside business hours. When leaving a message, please include your name, phone number, member identification number (if available) and the time you called. A representative will return your call the next business day.
	1-855-466-7211 Expedited Medicare Pharmacy Appeal and Grievance (voicemail only)  This is a voicemail only number that can be used to submit an expedited oral appeal. If you need to submit an expedited oral appeal, please leave your name, phone number, member identification number (if available), and the details of your denial. We will call you back and confirm the details of your case.
TTY	711
	Calls to this number are free. This number requires special telephone equipment and is available for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking.
FAX	1-833-949-1888
	Medicare Pharmacy Appeal and Grievance
WRITE	ArrayRx
	Medicare Pharmacy Appeal and Grievance
	PO Box 40384
	Portland, OR 97240-0384
	Email: UMPRXMedicare@modahealth.com

#### How to contact us when you are making a complaint

You can make a complaint about us or one of our network pharmacies, including a complaint about the quality of your care. This type of complaint does not involve coverage or payment disputes. For more information on making a complaint, see Chapter 7 (*What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)*).

Method	Complaints – Contact Information
CALL	1-833-599-8539
	Calls to this number are free. Office hours are 8 a.m.— 8 p.m. (Pacific Time), seven days a week October 1—March 31 (closed on Thanksgiving and Christmas), and weekdays April 1—September 30. Your call will be handled by our automated phone systems outside business hours. When leaving a message, please include your name, phone number, member identification number (if available) and the time you called. A representative will return your call the next business day.
	1-855-466-7211 Expedited Medicare Pharmacy Appeal and Grievance (voicemail only)
	This is a voicemail only number that can be used to submit an expedited oral complaint. If you need to submit an expedited oral complaint, please leave your name, phone number, member identification number (if available), and the details of your complaint. We will call you back and confirm the details of your case.
TTY	711
	Calls to this number are free. This number requires special telephone equipment and is available for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking.
FAX	1-833-949-1888
	Medicare Pharmacy Appeal and Grievance
WRITE	ArrayRx
	Medicare Pharmacy Appeal and Grievance
	P.O. Box 40384 Portland, OR 97240-0384
	Email: UMPRXMedicare@modahealth.com
MEDICARE WEBSITE	You can submit a complaint about UMP Classic Medicare with Part D (PDP) directly to Medicare. To submit an online complaint to Medicare, go to <a href="https://www.medicare.gov/MedicareComplaintForm/home.aspx">www.medicare.gov/MedicareComplaintForm/home.aspx</a> .

## Where to send a request asking us to pay for our share of the cost of a drug you have received

The coverage determination process includes determining requests to pay for our share of the costs of a drug that you have received. If you have received a bill or paid for drugs (such as a pharmacy bill) that you think we should pay for, you may need to ask the plan for reimbursement or to pay the pharmacy bill, see Chapter 5 (Asking us to pay our share of the costs for covered drugs).

Please note: If you send us a payment request and we deny any part of your request, you can appeal our decision. See Chapter 7 (What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)) for more information.

Method	Payment Requests – Contact Information
CALL	1-833-599-8539
	Calls to this number are free. Office hours are 8 a.m.— 8 p.m. (Pacific Time), seven days a week October 1—March 31 (closed on Thanksgiving and Christmas), and weekdays April 1—September 30. Your call will be handled by our automated phone systems outside business hours. When leaving a message, please include your name, phone number, member identification number (if available) and the time you called. A representative will return your call the next business day.
TTY	711
	Calls to this number are free. This number requires special telephone equipment and is available for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking.
FAX	1-855-668-8550
	Medicare Pharmacy Claims
WRITE	Manual Claims
	UMP Classic Medicare with Part D (PDP)
	P.O. Box 1039
	Appleton, WI 54912-1039

# SECTION 2 Medicare (how to get help and information directly from the Federal Medicare program)

Medicare is the Federal health insurance program for people 65 years of age or older, some people under age 65 with disabilities, and people with End-Stage Renal Disease (permanent kidney failure requiring dialysis or a kidney transplant).

The Federal agency in charge of Medicare is the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (sometimes called CMS). This agency contracts with Medicare Prescription Drug Plans, including us.

Method	Medicare – Contact Information
CALL	1-800-MEDICARE, or 1-800-633-4227 Calls to this number are free. 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.
ТТҮ	1-877-486-2048 This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking. Calls to this number are free.

Method	Medicare – Contact Information
WEBSITE	www.Medicare.gov  This is the official government website for Medicare. It gives you upto-date information about Medicare and current Medicare issues. It also has information about hospitals, nursing homes, physicians, home health agencies, and dialysis facilities. It includes documents you can print directly from your computer. You can also find Medicare contacts in your state.  The Medicare website also has detailed information about your
	Medicare eligibility and enrollment options with the following tools:  • Medicare Eligibility Tool: Provides Medicare eligibility status information.
	• Medicare Plan Finder: Provides personalized information about available Medicare prescription drug plans, Medicare health plans, and Medigap (Medicare Supplement Insurance) policies in your area. These tools provide an estimate of what your out-of-pocket costs might be in different Medicare plans.
	You can also use the website to tell Medicare about any complaints you have about UMP Classic Medicare with Part D (PDP):
	• Tell Medicare about your complaint: You can submit a complaint about UMP Classic Medicare with Part D (PDP) directly to Medicare. To submit a complaint to Medicare, go to <a href="https://www.medicare.gov/MedicareComplaintForm/home.aspx">www.medicare.gov/MedicareComplaintForm/home.aspx</a> . Medicare takes your complaints seriously and will use this information to help improve the quality of the Medicare program.
	If you don't have a computer, your local library or senior center may be able to help you visit this website using its computer. Or, you can call Medicare and tell them what information you are looking for. They will find the information on the website and review the information with you. (You can call Medicare at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.)

# SECTION 3 State Health Insurance Assistance Program (free help, information, and answers to your questions about Medicare)

The State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP) is a government program with trained counselors in every state. You can find a list of the State Health Insurance Assistance Programs in each state we serve in Appendix 4 at the back of this document.

SHIP is an independent (not connected with any insurance company or health plan) state program that gets money from the Federal government to give free local health insurance counseling to people with Medicare.

SHIP counselors can help you understand your Medicare rights, help you make complaints about your medical care or treatment, and help you straighten out problems with your Medicare bills. SHIP counselors can also help you with Medicare questions or problems and help you understand your Medicare plan choices and answer questions about switching plans.

#### METHOD TO ACCESS SHIP and OTHER RESOURCES:

- Visit <u>www.shiphelp.org</u> (Click on SHIP LOCATOR in middle of page)
- Select your **STATE** from the list. This will take you to a page with phone numbers and resources specific to your state.

#### **SECTION 4** Quality Improvement Organization

There is a designated Quality Improvement Organization for serving Medicare beneficiaries in each state. You can find a list of the Quality Improvement Organizations in each state we serve in Appendix 1 at the back of this document.

Your state Quality Improvement Organization has a group of doctors and other health care professionals who are paid by Medicare to check on and help improve the quality of care for people with Medicare. Your state Quality Improvement Organization is an independent organization. It is not connected with our plan.

You should contact your state Quality Improvement Organization if you have a complaint about the quality of care you have received. For example, you can contact your state Quality Improvement Organization if you were given the wrong medication or if you were given medications that interact in a negative way.

#### **SECTION 5** Social Security

Social Security is responsible for determining eligibility and handling enrollment for Medicare. U.S. citizens and lawful permanent residents who are 65 or older, or who have a disability or End-Stage Renal Disease and meet certain conditions, are eligible for Medicare. If you are already getting Social Security checks, enrollment into Medicare is automatic. If you are not getting Social Security checks, you have to enroll in Medicare. To apply for Medicare, you can call Social Security or visit your local Social Security office.

Social Security is also responsible for determining who has to pay an extra amount for their Part D drug coverage because they have a higher income. If you got a letter from Social Security

#### Chapter 2 Important phone numbers and resources

telling you that you have to pay the extra amount and have questions about the amount or if your income went down because of a life-changing event, you can call Social Security to ask for reconsideration.

If you move or change your mailing address, it is important that you contact Social Security to let them know.

Method	Social Security – Contact Information
CALL	1-800-772-1213 Calls to this number are free. Available 8:00 am to 7:00 pm, Monday through Friday. You can use Social Security's automated telephone services to get recorded information and conduct some business 24 hours a day.
TTY	1-800-325-0778 This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking. Calls to this number are free. Available 8:00 am to 7:00 pm, Monday through Friday.
WEBSITE	www.ssa.gov/

#### **SECTION 6** Medicaid

Medicaid is a joint Federal and state government program that helps with medical costs for certain people with limited incomes and resources. Some people with Medicare are also eligible for Medicaid. The programs offered through Medicaid help people with Medicare pay their Medicare costs, such as their Medicare premiums. These **Medicare Savings Programs** include:

- Qualified Medicare Beneficiary (QMB): Helps pay Medicare Part A and Part B premiums, and other cost sharing (like deductibles, coinsurance, and copayments). (Some people with QMB are also eligible for full Medicaid benefits (QMB+).)
- Specified Low-Income Medicare Beneficiary (SLMB): Helps pay Part B premiums. (Some people with SLMB are also eligible for full Medicaid benefits (SLMB+).)
- Qualifying Individual (QI): Helps pay Part B premiums.
- Qualified Disabled & Working Individuals (QDWI): Helps pay Part A premiums.

To find out more about Medicaid and its programs, contact the Medicaid agency in your state. For a list of Medicaid agencies by state, please refer to Appendix 3 at the back of this document.

# SECTION 7 Information about programs to help people pay for their prescription drugs

The Medicare.gov website (<a href="https://www.medicare.gov/basics/costs/help/drug-costs">https://www.medicare.gov/basics/costs/help/drug-costs</a>) provides information on how to lower your prescription drug costs. For people with limited incomes, there are also other programs to assist, described below.

#### Medicare's "Extra Help" Program

Medicare provides "Extra Help" to pay prescription drug costs for people who have limited income and resources. Resources include your savings and stocks, but not your home or car. If you qualify, you get help paying for any Medicare drug plan's monthly premium, yearly deductible, and prescription copayments. This "Extra Help" also counts toward your out-of-pocket costs.

If you automatically qualify for "Extra Help" Medicare will mail you a letter. You will not have to apply. If you do not automatically qualify you may be able to get "Extra Help" to pay for your prescription drug premiums and costs. To see if you qualify for getting "Extra Help," call:

- 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227). TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048, 24 hours a day, 7 days a week;
- The Social Security Office at 1-800-772-1213, between 8 am and 7 pm, Monday through Friday. TTY users should call 1-800-325-0778; or
- Your State Medicaid Office (See Section 6 of this chapter for contact information).

If you believe you have qualified for "Extra Help" and you believe that you are paying an incorrect cost-sharing amount when you get your prescription at a pharmacy, our plan has a process for you to either request assistance in obtaining evidence of your proper copayment level, or, if you already have the evidence, to provide this evidence to us.

- Please call ArrayRx Customer Service at 1-833-599-8539 to request assistance with obtaining best available evidence. If you have information from your state of residence or Social Security that says what your copayment should be, call ArrayRx Customer Service first so we can note this in our system. Then fax the information to Attn: Medicare ArrayRx Customer Service at 1-800-207-8235. If you are at the pharmacy, your pharmacy can call ArrayRx Customer Service and fax us a copy of your documentation.
- When we receive the evidence showing your copayment level, we will update our system so that you can pay the correct copayment when you get your next prescription at the pharmacy. If you overpay your copayment, we will reimburse you. Either we will forward a check to you in the amount of your overpayment, or we will offset future copayments. If the pharmacy hasn't collected a copayment from you and is carrying your copayment as a debt owed by you, we may make the payment directly to the pharmacy. If a state paid on your behalf, we may make payment directly to the state. Please contact ArrayRx Customer Service if you have questions.

## What if you have "Extra Help" and coverage from a State Pharmaceutical Assistance Program (SPAP)?

Many states and the U.S. Virgin Islands offer help paying for prescriptions, drug plan premiums and/or other drug costs. If you are enrolled in a State Pharmaceutical Assistance Program (SPAP), Medicare's "Extra Help" pays first.

#### **State Pharmaceutical Assistance Programs**

Many states have State Pharmaceutical Assistance Programs that help some people pay for prescription drugs based on financial need, age, medical condition, or disabilities. Each state has different rules to provide drug coverage to its members.

Refer to Appendix 2 at the back of this document for a list of contact information for State Pharmaceutical Assistance Programs by state.

## What if you have "Extra Help" and coverage from an AIDS Drug Assistance Program (ADAP)? What is the AIDS Drug Assistance Program (ADAP)?

The AIDS Drug Assistance Program (ADAP) helps ADAP-eligible individuals living with HIV/AIDS have access to life-saving HIV medications. Medicare Part D prescription drugs that are also on the ADAP formulary qualify for prescription cost-sharing assistance (See Appendix 2 at the back of this document for a list of AIDS Drug Assistance Programs).

**Note:** To be eligible for the ADAP operating in your State, individuals must meet certain criteria, including proof of State residence and HIV status, low income as defined by the State, and uninsured/under-insured status. If you change plans, please notify your local ADAP enrollment worker so you can continue to receive assistance. For information on eligibility criteria, covered drugs, or how to enroll in the program, please see Appendix 2 at the back of this document for a list of AIDS Drug Assistance Programs.

#### The Medicare Prescription Payment Plan

The Medicare Prescription Payment Plan is a new payment option that works with your current drug coverage, and it can help you manage your drug costs by spreading them across monthly payments that vary throughout the year (January – December). This payment option might help you manage your expenses, but it doesn't save you money or lower your drug costs. "Extra Help" from Medicare and help from your SPAP and ADAP, for those who qualify, is more advantageous than participation in the Medicare Prescription Payment Plan. All members are eligible to participate in this payment option, regardless of income level, and all Medicare drug plans and Medicare health plans with drug coverage must offer this payment option. Contact us or visit Medicare.gov to find out if this payment option is right for you.

Method	The Medicare Prescription Payment Plan – Contact Information
CALL	1-833-380-8050
	Calls to this number are free. Office hours are:
	<ul> <li>8 a.m 8 p.m. PST Monday through Friday from April 1-September 30</li> <li>8 a.m 8 p.m. PST seven days a week from October 1 – March 31 (closed on Thanksgiving and Christmas)</li> <li>Customer Service also has free language interpreter services available for non-English speakers.</li> </ul>
TTY	711
	Calls to this number are free. This number requires special telephone equipment and is available for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking.
FAX	1-440-557-6525
WRITE	UMP Classic Medicare with Part D (PDP)
	MPPP Support Department
	810 Sharon Dr.
	Westlake, OH 44145
	Email: MPPPsupport@RxPayments.com
WEBSITE	ArrayRxSolutions.com/UMP

#### SECTION 8 How to contact the Railroad Retirement Board

The Railroad Retirement Board is an independent Federal agency that administers comprehensive benefit programs for the nation's railroad workers and their families. If you receive your Medicare through the Railroad Retirement Board, it is important that you let them know if you move or change your mailing address. If you have questions regarding your benefits from the Railroad Retirement Board, contact the agency.

Method	Railroad Retirement Board – Contact Information
CALL	1-877-772-5772 Calls to this number are free. If you press "0", you may speak with an RRB representative from 9:00 am to 3:30 pm, Monday, Tuesday, Thursday, and Friday, and from 9:00 am to 12:00 pm on Wednesday. If you press "1", you may access the automated RRB HelpLine and recorded information 24 hours a day, including weekends and holidays.
TTY	1-312-751-4701 This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking. Calls to this number are <i>not</i> free.
WEBSITE	<u>rrb.gov/</u>

# SECTION 9 Do you have group insurance or other health insurance from an employer?

If you (or your spouse or domestic partner) get benefits from your (or your spouse or domestic partner's) employer or retiree group as part of this plan, you may call the employer/union benefits administrator or ERB Customer Service if you have any questions. You can ask about your (or your spouse or domestic partner's) employer or retiree health benefits, premiums, or the enrollment period. (Phone numbers for ERB Customer Service or ArrayRx Customer Service are printed on the back cover of this document.) You may also call 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227; TTY: 1-877-486-2048) with questions related to your Medicare coverage under this plan.

If you have other prescription drug coverage through your (or your spouse or domestic partner's) employer or retiree group, please contact **that group's benefits administrator**. The benefits administrator can help you determine how your current prescription drug coverage will work with our plan.

# **CHAPTER 3:**

Using the plan's coverage for Part D prescription drugs

## **SECTION 1** Introduction

This chapter explains rules for using your coverage for Part D drugs.

In addition to your coverage for Part D drugs through our plan, Original Medicare (Medicare Part A and Part B) also covers some drugs:

- Medicare Part A covers drugs you are given during Medicare-covered stays in the hospital or in a skilled nursing facility.
- Medicare Part B also provides benefits for some drugs. Part B drugs include certain chemotherapy drugs, certain drug injections you are given during an office visit, and drugs you are given at a dialysis facility.

The two examples of drugs described above are covered by Original Medicare. (To find out more about this coverage, see your *Medicare & You 2025* handbook.) Your Part D prescription drugs are covered under our plan.

#### Section 1.1 Basic rules for the plan's Part D drug coverage

The plan will generally cover your drugs as long as you follow these basic rules:

- You must have a provider (a doctor, dentist, or other prescriber) write you a prescription, which must be valid under applicable state law.
- Your prescriber must not be on Medicare's Exclusion or Preclusion Lists.
- You generally must use a network pharmacy to fill your prescription. (See Section 2 in this chapter. Or you can fill your prescription through the plan's mail-order service.)
- Your drug must be on the plan's *List of Covered Drugs (Formulary)* (we call it the Drug List for short). (See Section 3 in this chapter.)
- Your drug must be used for a medically accepted indication. A *medically accepted indication* is a use of the drug that is either approved by the Food and Drug Administration or supported by certain references. (See Section 3 in this chapter for more information about a medically accepted indication.)
- Your drug may require approval before we will cover it. (See Section 4 of this chapter for more information about restrictions on your coverage.)

## SECTION 2 Fill your prescription at a network pharmacy or through the plan's mail-order service

## Section 2.1 Use a network pharmacy

In most cases, your prescriptions are covered *only* if they are filled at the plan's network pharmacies. (See Section 2.5 for information about when we would cover prescriptions filled at out-of-network pharmacies.)

A network pharmacy is a pharmacy that has a contract with the plan to provide your covered prescription drugs. The term *covered drugs* means all of the Part D prescription drugs that are on the plan's Drug List.

There are no network pharmacies outside of the United States and its territories.

## Section 2.2 Network pharmacies

#### How do you find a network pharmacy in your area?

To find a network pharmacy, you can look in your *Pharmacy Directory*, visit our website (ArrayRxSolutions.com/UMP), and/or call ArrayRx Customer Service.

You may go to any of our network pharmacies.

#### What if the pharmacy you have been using leaves the network?

If the pharmacy you have been using leaves the plan's network, you will have to find a new pharmacy that is in the network. To find another pharmacy in your area, you can get help from ArrayRx Customer Service or use the *Pharmacy Directory*. You can also find information on our website at ArrayRxSolutions.com/UMP.

#### What if you need a specialized pharmacy?

Some prescriptions must be filled at a specialized pharmacy. Specialized pharmacies include:

- Pharmacies that supply drugs for home infusion therapy.
- Pharmacies that supply drugs for residents of a long-term care (LTC) facility. Usually, a
  LTC facility (such as a nursing home) has its own pharmacy. If you have any difficulty
  accessing your Part D benefits in an LTC facility, please contact ArrayRx Customer
  Service.
- Pharmacies that serve the Indian Health Service / Tribal / Urban Indian Health Program (not available in Puerto Rico). Except in emergencies, only Native Americans or Alaska Natives have access to these pharmacies in our network.

• Pharmacies that dispense drugs that are restricted by the FDA to certain locations or that require special handling, provider coordination, or education on their use.

To locate a specialized pharmacy, look in your *Pharmacy Directory*, at *ArrayRxSolutions.com/UMP* or call ArrayRx Customer Service.

## Section 2.3 Using the plan's mail-order service

Our plan's mail-order service allows you to order up to a 90-day supply.

To get order forms and information about filling your prescriptions by mail you can call ArrayRx Customer Service at the number listed on the back of this document. To find a network mail-order pharmacy, you may use the pharmacy locator tool at ArrayRxSolutions.com/UMP. If you use a mail-order pharmacy not in the plan's network, your prescription may not be covered.

Usually, a mail-order pharmacy order will be delivered to you in no more than 14 days. If your order is delayed, call ArrayRx Customer Service for assistance (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this document).

#### New prescriptions the pharmacy receives directly from your doctor's office.

After the pharmacy receives a prescription from a health care provider, it will contact you to see if you want the medication filled immediately or at a later time. It is important that you respond each time you are contacted by the pharmacy, to let them know whether to ship, delay, or stop the new prescription.

**Refills on mail-order prescriptions.** For refills, please contact your pharmacy 14 days before your current prescription will run out to make sure your next order is shipped to you in time.

## Section 2.4 How can you get a long-term supply of drugs?

The plan offers two ways to get a long-term supply (also called an *extended supply*) of *maintenance* drugs on our plan's Drug List. (Maintenance drugs are drugs that you take on a regular basis, for a chronic or long-term medical condition.)

- 1. Some retail pharmacies in our network allow you to get a long-term supply of maintenance drugs. Your *Pharmacy Directory*, located at *ArrayRxSolutions.com/UMP* tells you which pharmacies in our network can give you a long-term supply of maintenance drugs. You can also call ArrayRx Customer Service for more information.
- 2. You may also receive maintenance drugs through our mail-order program. Please see Section 2.3 for more information.

## Section 2.5 When can you use a pharmacy that is not in the plan's network?

#### Your prescription may be covered in certain situations

Generally, we cover drugs filled at an out-of-network pharmacy *only* when you are not able to use a network pharmacy. **Please check first with ArrayRx Customer Service** to see if there is a network pharmacy nearby. You may be required to pay the difference between what you pay for the drug at the out-of-network pharmacy and the cost that we would cover at an in-network pharmacy.

Here are the circumstances when we would cover prescriptions filled at an out-of-network pharmacy:

- Prescriptions related to care for a medical emergency or urgently needed care.
- A network pharmacy that provides 24-hour services is not within a reasonable driving distance.
- You are unable to fill a prescription that is not regularly stocked at an in-network retail or mail-order pharmacy (these drugs include orphan drugs or other specialty pharmaceuticals).
- You are traveling outside of your plan service area and you run out of or lose your covered Part D drugs or become ill and need a covered Part D drug, and cannot access a network pharmacy.
- Self-administered Part D drugs provided in an outpatient setting (such as a provider clinic).

Note: Prescriptions filled at an out-of-network pharmacy in the situations listed above are limited to a 30-day supply.

## How do you ask for reimbursement from the plan?

If you must use an out-of-network pharmacy, you will generally have to pay the full cost (rather than your normal cost share) at the time you fill your prescription. You can ask us to reimburse you for our share of the cost. (Chapter 5, Section 2 explains how to ask the plan to pay you back.)

## SECTION 3 Your drugs need to be on the plan's Drug List Section 3.1 The Drug List tells which Part D drugs are covered

The plan has a *List of Covered Drugs (Formulary)*. In this *Evidence of Coverage*, we call it the **Drug List for short.** 

The drugs on this list are selected by the plan with the help of a team of doctors and pharmacists. The list meets Medicare's requirements and has been approved by Medicare.

The drugs on the Drug List are only those covered under Medicare Part D.

We will generally cover a drug on the plan's Drug List as long as you follow the other coverage rules explained in this chapter and the drug is used for a medically accepted indication. A *medically accepted indication* is a use of the drug that is *either*:

- Approved by the Food and Drug Administration for the diagnosis or condition for which it is being prescribed, or
- Supported by certain references, such as the American Hospital Formulary Service Drug Information and the Micromedex DRUGDEX Information System.

The Drug List includes brand name drugs, generic drugs, and biological products (which may include biosimilars).

A brand name drug is a prescription drug that is sold under a trademarked name owned by the drug manufacturer. Biological products are drugs that are more complex than typical drugs. On the Drug List, when we refer to *drugs*, this could mean a drug or a biological product.

A generic drug is a prescription drug that has the same active ingredients as the brand name drug. Biological products have alternatives that are called biosimilars. Generally, generics and biosimilars work just as well as the brand name or original biological products and usually cost less. There are generic drug substitutes available for many brand name drugs and biosimilar alternatives for some original biological products. Some biosimilars are interchangeable biosimilars and, depending on state law, may be substituted for the original biological product at the pharmacy without needing a new prescription, just like generic drugs can be substituted for brand name drugs.

See Chapter 10 for definitions of the types of drugs that may be on the Drug List.

#### What is *not* on the Drug List?

The plan does not cover all prescription drugs.

- In some cases, the law does not allow any Medicare plan to cover certain types of drugs (For more about this, see Section 7.1 in this chapter.)
- In other cases, we have decided not to include a particular drug on the Drug List. In some cases, you may be able to obtain a drug that is not on the Drug List. (For more information, please see Chapter 7.)

## Section 3.2 There are 6 cost-sharing tiers for drugs on the Drug List

Every drug on the plan's Drug List is in one of 6 cost-sharing tiers. In general, the higher the cost-sharing tier, the higher your cost for the drug:

- Tier 1 Preferred Generic Lowest tier, includes generic drugs
  - Tier 2 Generic Tier includes generic drugs
  - Tier 3 Preferred Brand Tier includes preferred brand drugs
  - Tier 4 Non-Preferred Drug Tier includes non-preferred drugs
  - Tier 5 Specialty Tier Highest tier includes specialty drugs
  - Tier 6 Vaccines Tier includes Part D vaccines

To find out which cost-sharing tier your drug is in, look it up in the plan's Drug List.

The amount you pay for drugs in each cost-sharing tier is shown in Chapter 4 (What you pay for your Part D prescription drugs).

## Section 3.3 How can you find out if a specific drug is on the Drug List?

You have 4 ways to find out:

- 1. Check the most recent Drug List we provide electronically.
- 2. Visit the plan's website (ArrayRxSolutions.com/UMP). The Drug List on the website is always the most current.
- 3. Call ArrayRx Customer Service to find out if a particular drug is on the plan's Drug List or to ask for a copy of the list.
- 4. Use the plan's "Real-Time Benefit Tool" (also called the "Drug Price Estimator" found at ArrayRxSolutions.com/UMP or by calling ArrayRx Customer Service). With this tool you can search for drugs on the Drug List to see an estimate of what you will pay and if there are alternative drugs on the Drug List that could treat the same condition.

## **SECTION 4** There are restrictions on coverage for some drugs

## Section 4.1 Why do some drugs have restrictions?

For certain prescription drugs, special rules restrict how and when the plan covers them. A team of doctors and pharmacists developed these rules to encourage you and your provider to use drugs in the most effective way. To find out if any of these restrictions apply to a drug you take or want to take, check the Drug List.

Please note that sometimes a drug may appear more than once in our Drug List. This is because the same drugs can differ based on the strength, amount, or form of the drug prescribed by your health care provider, and different restrictions or cost sharing may apply to the different versions of the drug (for instance, 10 mg versus 100 mg; one per day versus two per day; tablet versus liquid).

#### Section 4.2 What kinds of restrictions?

The sections below tell you more about the types of restrictions we use for certain drugs.

If there is a restriction for your drug, it usually means that you or your provider will have to take extra steps in order for us to cover the drug. Contact ArrayRx Customer Service to learn what you or your provider would need to do to get coverage for the drug. If you want us to waive the restriction for you, you will need to use the coverage decision process and ask us to make an exception. We may or may not agree to waive the restriction for you. (See Chapter 7.)

#### Getting plan approval in advance

For certain drugs, you or your provider need to get approval from the plan, based on specific criteria, before we will agree to cover the drug for you. This is called **prior authorization**. This is put in place to ensure medication safety and help guide appropriate use of certain drugs. If you do not get this approval, your drug might not be covered by the plan.

## Trying a different drug first

This requirement encourages you to try less costly but usually just as effective drugs before the plan covers another drug. For example, if Drug A and Drug B treat the same medical condition, the plan may require you to try Drug A first. If Drug A does not work for you, the plan will then cover Drug B. This requirement to try a different drug first is called **step therapy**.

#### **Quantity limits**

For certain drugs, we limit how much of a drug you can get each time you fill your prescription. For example, if it is normally considered safe to take only one pill per day for a certain drug, we may limit coverage for your prescription to no more than one pill per day.

Our vacation override policy allows you to obtain an early refill for your prescription(s) prior to traveling outside of the United States (US), or if you expect you will run out of your medication(s) while traveling where there are no contracted pharmacies. You are allowed only two (2) vacation overrides per plan year. You should contact us for your vacation override request no more than two (2) weeks prior to travel.

# SECTION 5 What if one of your drugs is not covered in the way you'd like it to be covered? Section 5.1 There are things you can do if your drug is not covered in the way you'd like it to be covered

There are situations where there is a prescription drug you are taking, or one that you and your provider think you should be taking that is not on our formulary or is on our formulary with restrictions. For example:

- The drug might not be covered at all. Or maybe a generic version of the drug is covered but the brand name version you want to take is not covered.
- The drug is covered, but there are extra rules or restrictions on coverage for that drug, as explained in Section 4.
- The drug is covered, but it is in a cost-sharing tier that makes your cost sharing more expensive than you think it should be. Go to Section 5.3 to learn what you can do.
- There are things you can do if your drug is not covered in the way that you'd like it to be covered. If your drug is not on the Drug List or if your drug is restricted, go to Section 5.2 to learn what you can do.
- If your drug is in a cost-sharing tier that makes your cost more expensive than you think it should be, go to Section 5.3 to learn what you can do.

## Section 5.2 What can you do if your drug is not on the Drug List or if the drug is restricted in some way?

If your drug is not on the Drug List or is restricted, here are options:

- You may be able to get a temporary supply of the drug.
- You can change to another drug.
- You can request an **exception** and ask the plan to cover the drug or remove restrictions from the drug.

#### You may be able to get a temporary supply

Under certain circumstances, the plan must provide a temporary supply of a drug that you are already taking. This temporary supply gives you time to talk with your provider about the change.

To be eligible for a temporary supply, the drug you have been taking must no longer be on the plan's Drug List OR is now restricted in some way.

- If you are a new member, we will cover a temporary supply of your drug during the first 90 days of your membership in the plan.
- If you were in the plan last year, we will cover a temporary supply of your drug during the first 90 days of the calendar year.
- This temporary supply will be for a maximum of 30 days. If your prescription is written for fewer days, we will allow multiple fills to provide up to a maximum of 30 days of medication. The prescription must be filled at a network pharmacy. (Please note that the long-term care pharmacy may provide the drug in smaller amounts at a time to prevent waste.)
- For those members who have been in the plan for more than 90 days and reside in a long-term care facility and need a supply right away:

We will cover one 31-day emergency supply of a particular drug, or less if your prescription is written for fewer days. This is in addition to the above temporary supply.

For questions about a temporary supply, call ArrayRx Customer Service.

During the time when you are using a temporary supply of a drug, you should talk with your provider to decide what to do when your temporary supply runs out. You have two options:

## 1) You can change to another drug

Talk with your provider about whether there is a different drug covered by the plan that may work just as well for you. You can call ArrayRx Customer Service to ask for a list of covered drugs that treat the same medical condition. This list can help your provider find a covered drug that might work for you.

#### 2) You can ask for an exception

You and your provider can ask the plan to make an exception and cover the drug in the way you would like it covered. If your provider says that you have medical reasons that justify asking us for an exception, your provider can help you request an exception. For example, you can ask the plan to cover a drug even though it is not on the plan's Drug List. Or you can ask the plan to make an exception and cover the drug without restrictions.

If you are a current member and a drug you are taking will be removed from the formulary (Drug List) or restricted in some way for next year, we will tell you about any change prior to the new year. You can ask for an exception before next year, and we will give you an answer within 72 hours after we receive your request (or your prescriber's supporting statement). If we approve your request, we will authorize the coverage before the change takes effect.

If you and your provider want to ask for an exception, Chapter 7, Section 5.4 tells you what to do. It explains the procedures and deadlines that have been set by Medicare to make sure your request is handled promptly and fairly.

## Section 5.3 What can you do if your drug is in a cost-sharing tier you think is too high?

If your drug is in a cost-sharing tier you think is too high, here are things you can do:

## You can change to another drug

If your drug is in a cost-sharing tier you think is too high, talk to your provider. There may be a different drug in a lower cost-sharing tier that might work just as well for you. You can call ArrayRx Customer Service to ask for a list of covered drugs that treat the same medical condition. This list can help your provider find a covered drug that might work for you.

#### You can ask for an exception

You and your provider can ask the plan to make an exception in the cost-sharing tier for the drug so that you pay less for it. If your provider says that you have medical reasons that justify asking us for an exception, your provider can help you request an exception to the rule.

If you and your provider want to ask for an exception, Chapter 7, Section 5.4 tells what to do. It explains the procedures and deadlines that have been set by Medicare to make sure your request is handled promptly and fairly.

SECTION 6	What if your coverage changes for one of your
	drugs?

## Section 6.1 The Drug List can change during the year

Most of the changes in drug coverage happen at the beginning of each year (January 1). However, during the year, the plan can make some changes to the Drug List. For example, the plan might:

- Add or remove drugs from the Drug List.
- Move a drug to a higher or lower cost-sharing tier.
- Add or remove a restriction on coverage for a drug.
- Replace a brand name drug with a generic version of the drug.
- Replace an original biological product with an interchangeable biosimilar version of the biological product.

We must follow Medicare requirements before we change the plan's Drug List.

See Chapter 10 for definitions of the drug types discussed in this chapter.

## Section 6.2 What happens if coverage changes for a drug you are taking?

#### Information on changes to drug coverage

When changes to the Drug List occur, we post information on our website about those changes. We also update our online Drug List regularly. This section describes the types of changes we may make to the Drug List and when you will get direct notice if changes are made for a drug that you are taking.

## Changes we may make to the Drug List that affect you during the current plan year

- Adding new drugs to the Drug List and immediately removing or making changes to a like drug on the Drug List.
  - O When adding a new version of a drug to the Drug List, we may immediately remove a like drug from the Drug List, move the like drug to a different cost-sharing tier, add new restrictions, or both. The new version of the drug will be on the same or a lower cost-sharing tier and with the same or fewer restrictions.
  - We will make these immediate changes only if we are adding a new generic version of a brand name drug or adding certain new biosimilar versions of an original biological product that was already on the Drug List.
  - We may make these changes immediately and tell you later, even if you are taking the drug that we are removing or making changes to. If you are taking the drug at the time we make the change, we will tell you about any specific change we made.
- Adding drugs to the Drug List and removing or making changes to a like drug on the Drug List with advance notice.
  - O When adding another version of a drug to the Drug List, we may remove a like drug from the Drug List, move it to a different cost-sharing tier, add new restrictions, or both. The version of the drug that we add will be on the same or a lower cost-sharing tier and with the same or fewer restrictions.
  - We will make these changes only if we are adding a new generic version of a brand name drug or adding certain new biosimilar versions of an original biological product that was already on the Drug List.
  - We will tell you at least 30 days before we make the change, or tell you about the change and cover a 30-day fill of the version of the drug you are taking.

## • Removing unsafe drugs and other drugs on the Drug List that are withdrawn from the market.

 Sometimes a drug may be deemed unsafe or taken off the market for another reason. If this happens, we may immediately remove the drug from the Drug List. If you are taking that drug, we will tell you after we make the change.

#### • Making other changes to drugs on the Drug List.

- We may make other changes once the year has started that affect drugs you are taking. For example, we may make a change based on FDA boxed warnings or new clinical guidelines recognized by Medicare.
- We will tell you at least 30 days before we make these changes, or tell you about the change and cover an additional 30-day fill of the drug you are taking.
- o If we make any of these changes to any of the drugs you are taking, talk with your prescriber about the options that would work best for you, including changing to a different drug to treat your condition, or requesting a coverage decision to satisfy any new restrictions on the drug you are taking.

You or your prescriber can ask us for an exception to continue covering the drug or version of the drug you have been taking. For more information on how to ask for a coverage decision, including an exception, see Chapter 7.

## Changes to the Drug List that do not affect you during the current plan year

We may make certain changes to the Drug List that are not described above. In these cases, the change will not apply to you if you are taking the drug when the change is made; however, these changes will likely affect you starting January 1 of the next plan year if you stay in the same plan.

In general, changes that will not affect you during the current plan year are:

- We move your drug into a higher cost-sharing tier.
- We put a new restriction on the use of your drug.
- We remove your drug from the Drug List.

If any of these changes happen for a drug you are taking (except for market withdrawal, a generic drug replacing a brand name drug, or other changes noted in the sections above), the change won't affect your use or what you pay as your share of the cost until January 1 of the next year.

We will not tell you about these types of changes directly during the current plan year. You will need to check the Drug List for the next plan year (when the list is available during the open enrollment period) to see if there are any changes to the drugs you are taking that will impact you during the next plan year.

## SECTION 7 What types of drugs are *not* covered by the plan?

## Section 7.1 Types of drugs we do not cover

This section tells you what kinds of prescription drugs are *excluded*. This means Medicare does not pay for these drugs.

If you get drugs that are excluded, you must pay for them yourself. If you appeal and the requested drug is found not to be excluded under Part D, we will pay for or cover it. (For information about appealing a decision, go to Chapter 7.)

Here are three general rules about drugs that Medicare drug plans will not cover under Part D:

- Our plan's Part D drug coverage cannot cover a drug that would be covered under Medicare Part A or Part B.
- Our plan cannot cover a drug purchased outside the United States or its territories.
- Our plan cannot cover *off-label* use of a drug when the use is not supported by certain references, such as the American Hospital Formulary Service Drug Information and the Micromedex DRUGDEX Information System. *Off-label use* is any use of the drug other than those indicated on a drug's label as approved by the Food and Drug Administration.

In addition, by law, the following categories of drugs are not covered by Medicare drug plans:

- Non-prescription drugs (also called over-the-counter drugs)
- Drugs used to promote fertility
- Drugs used for the relief of cough or cold symptoms
- Drugs used for cosmetic purposes or to promote hair growth
- Prescription vitamins and mineral products, except prenatal vitamins and fluoride preparations
- Drugs used for the treatment of sexual or erectile dysfunction
- Drugs used for treatment of anorexia, weight loss, or weight gain
- Outpatient drugs for which the manufacturer seeks to require that associated tests or monitoring services be purchased exclusively from the manufacturer as a condition of sale

If you are receiving "Extra Help" to pay for your prescriptions, the "Extra Help" program will not pay for the drugs not normally covered. However, if you have drug coverage through Medicaid, your state Medicaid program may cover some prescription drugs not normally covered in a Medicare drug plan. Please contact your state Medicaid program to determine what drug coverage may be available to you. (You can find phone numbers and contact information for Medicaid in Chapter 2, Section 6.)

## **SECTION 8** Filling a prescription

## Section 8.1 Provide your membership information

To fill your prescription, provide your plan membership information, which can be found on your UMP Classic Medicare with Part D (PDP) membership card, at the network pharmacy you choose. The network pharmacy will automatically bill the plan for *our* share of your drug cost. You will need to pay the pharmacy *your* share of the cost when you pick up your prescription.

## Section 8.2 What if you don't have your membership information with you?

If you don't have your plan membership information with you when you fill your prescription, you or the pharmacy can call the plan to get the necessary information, or you can ask the pharmacy to look up your plan enrollment information.

If the pharmacy is not able to get the necessary information, you may have to pay the full cost of the prescription when you pick it up. (You can then ask us to reimburse you for our share. See Chapter 5, Section 2 for information about how to ask the plan for reimbursement.)

## SECTION 9 Part D drug coverage in special situations

## Section 9.1 What if you're in a hospital or a skilled nursing facility?

If you are admitted to a hospital or to a skilled nursing facility, Original Medicare (or your Medicare health plan with Part A and B coverage, if applicable) will generally cover the cost of your prescription drugs during your stay. Once you leave the hospital or skilled nursing facility, our plan will cover your prescription drugs as long as the drugs meet all of our rules for coverage described in this Chapter.

## Section 9.2 What if you're a resident in a long-term care (LTC) facility?

Usually, a long-term care (LTC) facility (such as a nursing home) has its own pharmacy, or uses a pharmacy that supplies drugs for all of its residents. If you are a resident of an LTC facility, you may get your prescription drugs through the facility's pharmacy or the one it uses, as long as it is part of our network.

Check your *Pharmacy Directory*, located at *ArrayRxSolutions.com/UMP* to find out if your LTC facility's pharmacy or the one that it uses is part of our network. If it isn't, or if you need more information or assistance, please contact ArrayRx Customer Service. If you are in an LTC facility, we must ensure that you are able to routinely receive your Part D benefits through our network of LTC pharmacies.

## What if you're a resident in a long-term care (LTC) facility and need a drug that is not on our Drug List or is restricted in some way?

Please refer to Section 5.2 about a temporary or emergency supply.

## Section 9.3 What if you are taking drugs covered by Original Medicare?

Your enrollment in UMP Classic Medicare with Part D (PDP) doesn't affect your coverage for drugs covered under Medicare Part A or Part B. If you meet Medicare's coverage requirements, your drug will still be covered under Medicare Part A or Part B, even though you are enrolled in this plan. In addition, if your drug would be covered by Medicare Part A or Part B, our plan can't cover it.

Some drugs may be covered under Medicare Part B in some situations and through UMP Classic Medicare with Part D (PDP) in other situations. But drugs are never covered by both Part B and our plan at the same time. In general, your pharmacist or provider will determine whether to bill Medicare Part B or UMP Classic Medicare with Part D (PDP) for the drug.

## Section 9.4 What if you have a Medigap (Medicare Supplement Insurance) policy with prescription drug coverage?

If you currently have a Medigap policy that includes coverage for prescription drugs, you must contact your Medigap issuer and tell them you have enrolled in our plan. If you decide to keep your current Medigap policy, your Medigap issuer will remove the prescription drug coverage portion of your Medigap policy and lower your premium.

Each year your Medigap insurance company should send you a notice that tells if your prescription drug coverage is creditable, and the choices you have for drug coverage. (If the coverage from the Medigap policy is creditable, it means that it is expected to pay, on average, at least as much as Medicare's standard prescription drug coverage.) The notice will also explain how much your premium would be lowered if you remove the prescription drug coverage portion of your Medigap policy. If you didn't get this notice, or if you can't find it, contact your Medigap insurance company and ask for another copy.

## Section 9.5 What if you're also getting drug coverage from an employer or retiree group plan?

If you currently have other prescription drug coverage through your (or your spouse or domestic partner's) employer or retiree group, please contact **that group's benefits administrator.** They can help you determine how your current prescription drug coverage will work with our plan.

In general, if you have employee or retiree group coverage, the drug coverage you get from us will be *secondary* to your group coverage. That means your group coverage would pay first.

#### Special note about creditable coverage:

Each year your employer or retiree group should send you a notice that tells if your prescription drug coverage for the next calendar year is creditable.

If the coverage from the group plan is creditable, it means that the plan has drug coverage that is expected to pay, on average, at least as much as Medicare's standard prescription drug coverage.

**Keep this notice about creditable coverage**, because you may need it later. If you enroll in a Medicare plan that includes Part D drug coverage, you may need this notice to show that you have maintained creditable coverage. If you didn't get the creditable coverage notice, request a copy from the employer or retiree group's benefits administrator or the employer or union.

## Section 9.6 What if you are in Medicare-certified Hospice?

Hospice and our plan do not cover the same drug at the same time. If you are enrolled in Medicare hospice and require certain drugs (e.g., anti-nausea drugs, laxatives, pain medication or anti-anxiety drugs) that are not covered by your hospice because it is unrelated to your terminal illness and related conditions, our plan must receive notification from either the prescriber or your hospice provider that the drug is unrelated before our plan can cover the drug. To prevent delays in receiving these drugs that should be covered by our plan, ask your hospice provider or prescriber to provide notification before your prescription is filled.

In the event you either revoke your hospice election or are discharged from hospice, our plan should cover your drugs as explained in this document. To prevent any delays at a pharmacy when your Medicare hospice benefit ends, bring documentation to the pharmacy to verify your revocation or discharge.

## **SECTION 10** Programs on drug safety and managing medications

## Section 10.1 Programs to help members use drugs safely

We conduct drug use reviews for our members to help make sure that they are getting safe and appropriate care.

We do a review each time you fill a prescription. We also review our records on a regular basis. During these reviews, we look for potential problems such as:

- Possible medication errors
- Drugs that may not be necessary because you are taking another similar drug to treat the same condition
- Drugs that may not be safe or appropriate because of your age or gender
- Certain combinations of drugs that could harm you if taken at the same time

- Prescriptions for drugs that have ingredients you are allergic to
- Possible errors in the amount (dosage) of a drug you are taking
- Unsafe amounts of opioid pain medications

If we see a possible problem in your use of medications, we will work with your provider to correct the problem.

## Section 10.2 Drug Management Program (DMP) to help members safely use their opioid medications

We have a program that helps make sure members safely use prescription opioids and other frequently abused medications. This program is called a Drug Management Program (DMP). If you use opioid medications that you get from several prescribers or pharmacies, or if you had a recent opioid overdose, we may talk to your prescribers to make sure your use of opioid medications is appropriate and medically necessary. Working with your prescribers, if we decide your use of prescription opioid or benzodiazepine medications may not be safe, we may limit how you can get those medications. If we place you in our DMP, the limitations may be:

- Requiring you to get all your prescriptions for opioid or benzodiazepine medications from a certain pharmacy(ies)
- Requiring you to get all your prescriptions for opioid or benzodiazepine medications from a certain prescriber(s)
- Limiting the amount of opioid or benzodiazepine medications we will cover for you

If we plan on limiting how you may get these medications or how much you can get, we will send you a letter in advance. The letter will tell you if we will limit coverage of these drugs for you, or if you'll be required to get the prescriptions for these drugs only from a specific prescriber or pharmacy. You will have an opportunity to tell us which prescribers or pharmacies you prefer to use, and about any other information you think is important for us to know. After you've had the opportunity to respond, if we decide to limit your coverage for these medications, we will send you another letter confirming the limitation. If you think we made a mistake or you disagree with our decision or with the limitation, you and your prescriber have the right to appeal. If you appeal, we will review your case and give you a new decision. If we continue to deny any part of your request related to the limitations that apply to your access to medications, we will automatically send your case to an independent reviewer outside of our plan. See Chapter 7 for information about how to ask for an appeal.

You will not be placed in our DMP if you have certain medical conditions, such as cancerrelated pain or sickle cell disease, you are receiving hospice, palliative, or end-of-life care, or live in a long-term care facility.

## Section 10.3 Medication Therapy Management (MTM) program to help members manage their medications

We have a program that can help our members with complex health needs. Our program is called a Medication Therapy Management (MTM) program. This program is voluntary and free. A team of pharmacists and doctors developed the program for us to help make sure that our members get the most benefit from the drugs they take.

Some members who have certain chronic diseases and take medications that exceed a specific amount of drug costs or are in a DMP to help members use their opioids safely, may be able to get services through an MTM program. If you qualify for the program, a pharmacist or other health professional will give you a comprehensive review of all your medications. During the review, you can talk about your medications, your costs, and any problems or questions you have about your prescription and over-the-counter medications. You'll get a written summary which has a recommended to-do list that includes steps you should take to get the best results from your medications. You'll also get a medication list that will include all the medications you're taking, how much you take, and when and why you take them. In addition, members in the MTM program will receive information on the safe disposal of prescription medications that are controlled substances.

It's a good idea to talk to your doctor about your recommended to-do list and medication list. Bring the summary with you to your visit or anytime you talk with your doctors, pharmacists, and other health care providers. Also, keep your medication list up to date and with you (for example, with your ID) in case you go to the hospital or emergency room.

If we have a program that fits your needs, we will automatically enroll you in the program and send you information. If you decide not to participate, please notify us and we will withdraw you. If you have any questions about this program, please contact ArrayRx Customer Service.

## **CHAPTER 4:**

What you pay for your Part D prescription drugs

#### Are you currently getting help to pay for your drugs?

If you are in a program that helps pay for your drugs, **some information in this** *Evidence of Coverage* **about the costs for Part D prescription drugs may not apply to you.** We sent you a separate insert, called the *Evidence of Coverage Rider for People Who Get "Extra Help" Paying for Prescription Drugs* (also known as the *Low-Income Subsidy Rider* or the *LIS Rider*), which tells you about your drug coverage. If you don't have this insert, please call ArrayRx Customer Service and ask for the *LIS Rider*.

## SECTION 1 Introduction Section 1.1 Use this chapter together with other materials that explain your drug coverage

This chapter focuses on what you pay for Part D prescription drugs. To keep things simple, we use *drug* in this chapter to mean a Part D prescription drug. As explained in Chapter 3, not all drugs are Part D drugs some drugs are covered under Medicare Part A or Part B and other drugs are excluded from Medicare coverage by law.

To understand the payment information, you need to know what drugs are covered, where to fill your prescriptions, and what rules to follow when you get your covered drugs. Chapter 3, Sections 1 through 4 explain these rules. When you use the plan's "Real-Time Benefit Tool" (also called the "Drug Price Estimator") to look up drug coverage (see Chapter 3, Section 3.3), the cost shown is provided in "real time," meaning the cost you see in the tool reflects a moment in time to provide an estimate of the out-of-pocket costs you are expected to pay at an indicated pharmacy. You can also obtain information provided by the "Real-Time Benefit Tool" by calling ArrayRx Customer Service.

## Section 1.2 Types of out-of-pocket costs you may pay for covered drugs

There are different types of out-of-pocket costs for Part D drugs. The amount that you pay for a drug is called *cost-sharing*, and there are two ways you may be asked to pay.

- **Deductible** is the amount you pay for drugs before our plan begins to pay its share.
- Copayment is a fixed amount you pay each time you fill a prescription.

## Section 1.3 How Medicare calculates your out-of-pocket costs

Medicare has rules about what counts and what does *not* count toward your out-of-pocket costs. Here are the rules we must follow to keep track of your out-of-pocket costs.

## These payments are included in your out-of-pocket costs

<u>Your out-of-pocket costs include</u> the payments listed below (as long as they are for Part D covered drugs and you followed the rules for drug coverage that are explained in Chapter 3):

- The amount you pay for drugs when you are in the following drug payment stages:
  - o The Deductible Stage
  - o The Initial Coverage Stage
- Any payments you made during this calendar year as a member of a different Medicare prescription drug plan before you joined our plan.

#### It matters who pays:

- If you make these payments **yourself**, they are included in your out-of-pocket costs.
- These payments are *also included* in your out-of-pocket costs if they are made on your behalf by **certain other individuals or organizations.** This includes payments for your drugs made by a friend or relative, by most charities, by AIDS drug assistance programs, by a State Pharmaceutical Assistance Program that is qualified by Medicare, employer or union health plans, TRICARE, or by the Indian Health Service. Payments made by Medicare's "Extra Help" Program are also included.

#### Moving on to the Catastrophic Coverage Stage:

When you (or those paying on your behalf) have spent a total of \$2,000 in out-of-pocket costs within the calendar year, you will move from the Initial Coverage Stage to the Catastrophic Coverage Stage.

## These payments are not included in your out-of-pocket costs

Your out-of-pocket costs **do not include** any of these types of payments:

- Your monthly premium(s)
- Drugs you buy outside the United States and its territories
- Drugs that are not covered by our plan
- Drugs you get at an out-of-network pharmacy that do not meet the plan's requirements for out-of-network coverage
- Non-Part D drugs, including prescription drugs covered by Part A or Part B and other drugs excluded from coverage by Medicare
- Payments you make toward prescription drugs not normally covered in a Medicare Prescription Drug Plan

- Payments for your drugs that are made by the Veterans Health Administration (VA)
- Payments for your drugs made by a third-party with a legal obligation to pay for prescription costs (for example, Workers' Compensation)
- Payments made by drug manufacturers under the Manufacturer Discount Program

*Reminder:* If any other organization such as the ones listed above pays part or all of your out-of-pocket costs for drugs, you are required to tell our plan by calling ArrayRx Customer Service.

#### How can you keep track of your out-of-pocket total?

- We will help you. The Part D Explanation of Benefits (EOB) report you receive includes the current amount of your out-of-pocket costs. When this amount reaches \$2,000, this report will tell you that you have left the Initial Coverage Stage and have moved on to the Catastrophic Coverage Stage.
- Make sure we have the information we need. Section 3.2 tells what you can do to help make sure that our records of what you have spent are complete and up to date.

## SECTION 2 What you pay for a drug depends on which drug payment stage you are in when you get the drug Section 2.1 What are the drug payment stages for UMP Classic Medicare

with Part D (PDP) members?

There are three **drug payment stages** for your prescription drug coverage under UMP Classic Medicare with Part D (PDP). How much you pay depends on what stage you are in when you get a prescription filled or refilled. Keep in mind you are always responsible for the plan's monthly premium(s) regardless of the drug payment stage. Details of each stage are in Sections 4 through 6 of this chapter. The stages are:

**Stage 1: Yearly Deductible Stage** 

**Stage 2: Initial Coverage Stage** 

**Stage 3: Catastrophic Coverage Stage** 

SECTION 3	We send you reports that explain payments for your drugs and which payment stage you are in
Section 3.1	We send you a monthly summary called the Part D Explanation of Benefits (the Part D EOB)

Our plan keeps track of the costs of your prescription drugs and the payments you have made when you get your prescriptions filled or refilled at the pharmacy. This way, we can tell you when you have moved from one drug payment stage to the next. In particular, there are two types of costs we keep track of:

- We keep track of how much you have paid. This is called your Out-of-Pocket Costs. This includes what you paid when you get a covered Part D drug, any payments for your drugs made by family or friends, and any payments made for your drugs by "Extra Help" from Medicare, employer or union health plans, TRICARE, Indian Health Service, AIDS drug assistance programs, charities, and most State Pharmaceutical Assistance Programs (SPAPs).
- We keep track of your **Total Drug Costs**. This is the total of all payments made for your covered Part D drugs. It includes what the plan paid, what you paid, and what other programs or organizations paid for your covered Part D drugs.

If you have had one or more prescriptions filled through the plan during the previous month, we will send you a Part D EOB. The Part D EOB includes:

- Information for that month. This report gives the payment details about the prescriptions you have filled during the previous month. It shows the total drug costs, what the plan paid, and what you and others on your behalf paid.
- Totals for the year since January 1. This is called *year-to-date* information. It shows the total drug costs and total payments for your drugs since the year began.
- **Drug price information.** This information will display the total drug price, and information about increases in price from first fill for each prescription claim of the same quantity.
- Available lower cost alternative prescriptions. This will include information about other available drugs with lower cost sharing for each prescription claim, if applicable.

## Section 3.2 Help us keep our information about your drug payments up to date

To keep track of your drug costs and the payments you make for drugs, we use records we get from pharmacies. Here is how you can help us keep your information correct and up to date:

- Show UMP Classic Medicare with Part D (PDP) your membership card (also called ID card) every time you get a prescription filled. This helps us make sure we know about the prescriptions you are filling and what you are paying.
- Make sure we have the information we need. There are times you may pay for the entire cost of a prescription drug. In these cases, we will not automatically get the information we need to keep track of your out-of-pocket costs. To help us keep track of your out-of-pocket costs, give us copies of your receipts. Here are examples of when you should give us copies of your drug receipts:
  - When you purchase a covered drug at a network pharmacy at a special price or using a discount card that is not part of our plan's benefit.
  - When you made a copayment for drugs that are provided under a drug manufacturer patient assistance program.
  - Any time you have purchased covered drugs at out-of-network pharmacies or other times you have paid the full price for a covered drug under special circumstances.
  - o If you are billed for a covered drug, you can ask our plan to pay our share of the cost. For instructions on how to do this, go to Chapter 5, Section 2.
- Send us information about the payments others have made for you. Payments made by certain other individuals and organizations also count toward your out-of-pocket costs. For example, payments made by a State Pharmaceutical Assistance Program, an AIDS drug assistance program (ADAP), the Indian Health Service, and charities count toward your out-of-pocket costs. Keep a record of these payments and send them to us so we can track your costs.
- Check the written report we send you. When you receive a Part D EOB, look it over to be sure the information is complete and correct. If you think something is missing or you have any questions, please call us at ArrayRx Customer Service. Be sure to keep these reports.

## SECTION 4 During the Deductible Stage, you pay the full cost of your Tier 3, Tier 4 and Tier 5 drugs

The Deductible Stage is the first payment stage for your drug coverage. The deductible doesn't apply to covered insulin products and most adult Part D vaccines, including shingles, tetanus and travel vaccines. You will pay a yearly deductible of \$100 on Tier 3, Tier 4 and Tier 5 drugs. You must pay the full cost of your Tier 3, Tier 4 and Tier 5 drugs until you reach the plan's

deductible amount. For all other drugs, you will not have to pay any deductible. The **full cost** is usually lower than the normal full price of the drug since our plan has negotiated lower costs for most drugs at network pharmacies.

Once you have paid \$100 for your Tier 3, Tier 4 and Tier 5 drugs, you leave the Deductible Stage and move on to the Initial Coverage Stage.

SECTION 5	During the Initial Coverage Stage, the plan pays its share of your drug costs and you pay your share		
Section 5.1	What you pay for a drug depends on the drug and where you fill your prescription		

During the Initial Coverage Stage, the plan pays its share of the cost of your covered prescription drugs, and you pay your share (your copayment). Your share of the cost will vary depending on the drug and where you fill your prescription.

## The plan has 6 cost-sharing tiers

Every drug on the plan's Drug List is in one of 6 cost-sharing tiers. In general, the higher the cost-sharing tier number, the higher your cost for the drug:

- Tier 1 Preferred Generic Lowest tier, includes generic drugs
  - Tier 2 Generic Tier includes generic drugs
  - Tier 3 Preferred Brand Tier includes preferred brand drugs
  - Tier 4 Non-Preferred Drug Tier includes non-preferred drugs
  - Tier 5 Specialty Tier Highest tier, includes specialty drugs
  - Tier 6 Vaccines Tier includes Part D vaccines
- On Tiers 3 and 4 you won't pay more than \$35 for a one-month supply of each covered insulin product.

To find out which cost-sharing tier your drug is in, look it up in the plan's Drug List.

#### Your pharmacy choices

How much you pay for a drug depends on whether you get the drug from:

• A network retail pharmacy.

- A pharmacy that is not in the plan's network. We cover prescriptions filled at out-of-network pharmacies in only limited situations. Please see Chapter 3, Section 2.5 to find out when we will cover a prescription filled at an out-of-network pharmacy.
- The plan's mail-order pharmacy.

For more information about these pharmacy choices and filling your prescriptions, see Chapter 3 and the plan's *Pharmacy Directory*, located at *ArrayRxSolutions.com/UMP*.

Section 5.2	A table that shows your costs for a one-month supply of a
	drug

During the Initial Coverage Stage, your share of the cost of a covered drug will be a copayment.

As shown in the table below, the amount of the copayment depends on the cost-sharing tier.

Sometimes the cost of the drug is lower than your copayment. In these cases, you pay the lower price for the drug instead of the copayment.

## Your share of the cost when you get a *one-month* supply of a covered Part D prescription drug:

Tier	Standard retail cost sharing (in- network) (up to a 30- day supply)	Mail-order cost sharing (up to a 30- day supply)	Long-term care (LTC) cost sharing (up to a 31-day supply)	Out-of-network cost sharing (Coverage is limited to certain situations; see Chapter 3 for details.) (up to a 30-day supply)
Cost-Sharing Tier 1 (Preferred Generic)	\$0 copay	\$0 copay	\$0 copay	\$0 copay
Cost-Sharing Tier 2 (Generic)	\$10 copay	\$10 copay	\$10 copay	\$10 copay

Tier	Standard retail cost sharing (in- network) (up to a 30- day supply)	Mail-order cost sharing (up to a 30- day supply)	Long-term care (LTC) cost sharing (up to a 31-day supply)	Out-of-network cost sharing (Coverage is limited to certain situations; see Chapter 3 for details.) (up to a 30-day supply)
Cost-Sharing Tier 3 (Preferred Brand) You won't pay more than \$35 for a one month supply of each covered insulin product.	\$40 copay	\$40 copay	\$40 copay	\$40 copay
Cost-Sharing Tier 4 (Non-Preferred Drug) You won't pay more than \$35 for a one month supply of each covered insulin product.	\$75 copay	\$75 copay	\$75 copay	\$75 copay
Cost-Sharing Tier 5 (Specialty Tier)	\$90 copay	\$90 copay	\$90 copay	\$90 copay
Cost-Sharing Tier 6 (Vaccines)	\$0 copay	\$0 copay	\$0 copay	\$0 copay

You won't pay more than \$35 for a one-month supply of each covered insulin product regardless of the cost-sharing tier, even if you haven't paid your deductible.

Please see Section 7 of this chapter for more information on cost sharing for Part D vaccines.

## Section 5.3 If your doctor prescribes less than a full month's supply, you may not have to pay the cost of the entire month's supply

Typically, the amount you pay for a prescription drug covers a full month's supply. There may be times when you or your doctor would like you to have less than a month's supply of a drug (for example, when you are trying a medication for the first time). You can also ask your doctor to prescribe, and your pharmacist to dispense, less than a full month's supply of your drugs, if this will help you better plan refill dates for different prescriptions.

If you receive less than a full month's supply of certain drugs, you will not have to pay for the full month's supply.

- If you are responsible for coinsurance, you pay a *percentage* of the total cost of the drug. Since the coinsurance is based on the total cost of the drug, your cost will be lower since the total cost for the drug will be lower.
- If you are responsible for a copayment for the drug, you will only pay for the number of days of the drug that you receive instead of a whole month. We will calculate the amount you pay per day for your drug (the *daily cost-sharing rate*) and multiply it by the number of days of the drug you receive.

## Section 5.4 A table that shows your costs for a *long-term* (up to a 90-day) supply of a drug

For some drugs, you can get a long-term supply (also called an *extended supply*). A long-term supply is up to a 90-day supply.

The table below shows what you pay when you get a long-term supply of a drug.

• Sometimes the cost of the drug is lower than your copayment. In these cases, you pay the lower price for the drug instead of the copayment.

## Your share of the cost when you get a *long-term* supply of a covered Part D prescription drug:

Tier	Standard retail cost sharing (in-network) (90-day supply)	Mail-order cost sharing (90-day supply)
Cost-Sharing Tier 1 (Preferred Generic)	\$0 copay	\$0 copay
Cost-Sharing Tier 2 (Generic)	\$20 copay	\$20 copay

Tier	Standard retail cost sharing (in-network) (90-day supply)	Mail-order cost sharing (90-day supply)
Cost-Sharing Tier 3 (Preferred Brand) You won't pay more than \$70 for up to a two-month supply or \$80 for up to a three month supply of each covered insulin product.	\$80 copay	\$80 copay
Cost-Sharing Tier 4 (Non-Preferred Drug) You won't pay more than \$70 for up to a two-month supply or \$105 for up to a three month supply of each covered insulin product.	\$150 copay	\$150 copay
Cost-Sharing Tier 5 (Specialty Tier)	A long-term supply is not available for drugs in Tier 5.	A long-term supply is not available for drugs in Tier 5.
Cost-Sharing Tier 6 (Vaccines)	A long-term supply is not available for drugs in Tier 6.	A long-term supply is not available for drugs in Tier 6.

You won't pay more than \$70 for up to a two-month supply or \$105 for up to a three-month supply of each covered insulin product regardless of the cost-sharing tier, even if you haven't paid your deductible.

Section 5.5	You stay in the Initial Coverage Stage until your out-of-pocket
	costs for the year reach \$2,000

You stay in the Initial Coverage Stage until your total out-of-pocket costs reach \$2,000. You then move on to the Catastrophic Coverage Stage.

The Part D EOB that you receive will help you keep track of how much you, the plan, and any third parties have spent on your behalf during the year. Not all members will reach the \$2,000 out-of-pocket limit in a year.

We will let you know if you reach this amount. If you do reach this amount, you will leave the Initial Coverage Stage and move on to the Catastrophic Coverage Stage. See Section 1.3 on how Medicare calculates your out-of-pocket costs.

## SECTION 6 During the Catastrophic Coverage Stage, you pay nothing for your covered Part D drugs

You enter the Catastrophic Coverage Stage when your out-of-pocket costs have reached the \$2,000 limit for the calendar year. Once you are in the Catastrophic Coverage Stage, you will stay in this payment stage until the end of the calendar year.

During this payment stage, you pay nothing for your covered Part D drugs.

## SECTION 7 Part D Vaccines. What you pay for depends on how and where you get them

Important Message About What You Pay for Vaccines – Some vaccines are considered medical benefits and are covered under Part B. Other vaccines are considered Part D drugs. You can find these vaccines listed in the plan's Drug List. Our plan covers most adult Part D vaccines at no cost to you, even if you haven't paid your deductible. Refer to your plan's Drug List or contact ArrayRx Customer Service for coverage and cost-sharing details about specific vaccines.

Our plan provides coverage for a number of Part D vaccines. Because coverage for vaccines can be complicated, we suggest that you call ArrayRx Customer Service prior to receiving any vaccinations if you have any concerns.

There are two parts to our coverage of Part D vaccinations:

- The first part of coverage is the cost of the vaccine itself.
- The second part of coverage is for the cost of **giving you the vaccine**. (This is sometimes called the administration of the vaccine.)

Your costs for a Part D vaccination depend on three things:

- 1. Whether the vaccine is recommended for adults by an organization called the Advisory Committee on Immunization Practices (ACIP).
  - Most adult Part D vaccinations are recommended by ACIP and cost you nothing.
- 2. Where you get the vaccine.
  - The vaccine itself may be dispensed by a pharmacy or provided by the doctor's office.
- 3. Who gives you the vaccine.
  - A pharmacist or another provider may give the vaccine in the pharmacy. Alternatively, a provider may give it in the doctor's office.

What you pay at the time you get the Part D vaccination can vary depending on the circumstances and what **drug payment stage** you are in.

- Sometimes when you get a vaccination, you have to pay for the entire cost for both the vaccine itself and the cost for the provider to give you the vaccine. You can ask our plan to pay you back for our share of the cost. For most adult Part D vaccines, this means you will be reimbursed the entire cost you paid.
- Other times, when you get a vaccination, you will pay only your share of the cost under your Part D benefit. For most adult Part D vaccines, you will pay nothing.

Below are three examples of ways you might get a Part D vaccine.

- Situation 1: You get the Part D vaccination at the network pharmacy. (Whether you have this choice depends on where you live. Some states do not allow pharmacies to give certain vaccines.)
  - For most adult Part D vaccines, you will pay nothing.
  - For other Part D vaccines, you will pay the pharmacy your copayment for the vaccine itself, which includes the cost of giving you the vaccine.
  - Our plan will pay the remainder of the costs.
- Situation 2: You get the Part D vaccination at your doctor's office.
  - When you get the vaccine, you may have to pay for the entire cost of the vaccine itself and the cost for the provider to give it to you.
  - You can then ask our plan to pay our share of the cost by using the procedures that are described in Chapter 5.
  - For most adult Part D vaccines, you will be reimbursed the full amount you paid. For other Part D vaccines, you will be reimbursed the amount you paid less any copayment for the vaccine (including administration).
- Situation 3: You buy the Part D vaccine itself at the network pharmacy, and then take it to your doctor's office where they give you the vaccine.
  - For most adult Part D vaccines, you will pay nothing for the vaccine itself.
  - For other Part D vaccines, you will pay the pharmacy your copayment for the vaccine itself.
  - When your doctor gives you the vaccine, you may have to pay the entire cost for this service.

- You can then ask our plan to pay our share of the cost by using the procedures described in Chapter 5.
- For most adult Part D vaccines, you will be reimbursed the full amount you paid. For other Part D vaccines, you will be reimbursed the amount you paid less any copayment for the vaccine administration.

## **CHAPTER 5:**

Asking us to pay our share of the costs for covered drugs

## SECTION 1 Situations in which you should ask us to pay our share of the cost of your covered drugs

Sometimes when you get a prescription drug, you may need to pay the full cost. Other times, you may find that you have paid more than you expected under the coverage rules of the plan, or you may receive a bill from a provider. In these cases, you can ask our plan to pay you back (paying you back is often called *reimbursing* you). There may be deadlines that you must meet to get paid back. Please see Section 2 of this chapter.

Here are examples of situations in which you may need to ask our plan to pay you back. All of these examples are types of coverage decisions (for more information about coverage decisions, go to Chapter 7).

## 1. When you use an out-of-network pharmacy to get a prescription filled

If you go to an out-of-network pharmacy, the pharmacy may not be able to submit the claim directly to us. When that happens, you will have to pay the full cost of your prescription.

Save your receipt and send a copy to us when you ask us to pay you back for our share of the cost. Remember that we only cover out-of-network pharmacies in limited circumstances. See Chapter 3, Section 2.5 for a discussion of these circumstances. We may not pay you back the difference between what you paid for the drug at the out-of-network pharmacy and the amount that we would pay at an in-network pharmacy.

## 2. When you pay the full cost for a prescription because you don't have your UMP Classic Medicare with Part D (PDP) membership card with you

If you do not have your UMP Classic Medicare with Part D (PDP) membership card with you, you can ask the pharmacy to call the plan or look up your enrollment information. However, if the pharmacy cannot get the enrollment information they need right away, you may need to pay the full cost of the prescription yourself.

Save your receipt and send a copy to us when you ask us to pay you back for our share of the cost. We may not pay you back the full cost you paid if the cash price you paid is higher than our negotiated price for the prescription.

## 3. When you pay the full cost for a prescription in other situations

You may pay the full cost of the prescription because you find that the drug is not covered for some reason.

- For example, the drug may not be on the plan's Drug List or it could have a requirement or restriction that you didn't know about or don't think should apply to you. If you decide to get the drug immediately, you may need to pay the full cost for it.
- Save your receipt and send a copy to us when you ask us to pay you back. In some situations, we may need to get more information from your doctor in order to pay you back for our share of the cost. We may not pay you back the full cost you paid if the cash price you paid is higher than our negotiated price for the prescription.

#### 4. If you are retroactively enrolled in our plan

Sometimes a person's enrollment in the plan is retroactive. (This means that the first day of their enrollment has already passed. The enrollment date may even have occurred last year.)

If you were retroactively enrolled in our plan and you paid out of pocket for any of your drugs after your enrollment date, you can ask us to pay you back for our share of the costs. You will need to submit paperwork for us to handle the reimbursement.

All of the examples above are types of coverage decisions. This means that if we deny your request for payment, you can appeal our decision. Chapter 7 of this document has information about how to make an appeal.

## SECTION 2 How to ask us to pay you back

You may request us to pay you back by sending us a request in writing. If you send a request in writing, send your receipt documenting the payment you have made. It's a good idea to make a copy of your receipts for your records. You must submit your claim to us within 60 days of the date you received the service, item, or drug.

To make sure you are giving us all the information we need to make a decision, you can fill out our claim form to make your request for payment.

- You don't have to use the form, but it will help us process the information faster.
- Either download a copy of the form from our website (ArrayRxSolutions.com/UMP) or call ArrayRx Customer Service and ask for the form.

Mail your request for payment together with any bills or paid receipts to us at this address:

Manual Claims
UMP Classic Medicare with Part D (PDP)
P.O. Box 1039
Appleton, WI 54912-1039

Fax: 1-855-668-8550

# SECTION 3 We will consider your request for payment and say yes or no Section 3.1 We check to see whether we should cover the drug and how much we owe

When we receive your request for payment, we will let you know if we need any additional information from you. Otherwise, we will consider your request and make a coverage decision.

- If we decide that the drug is covered and you followed all the rules, we will pay for our share of the cost. Our share of the cost might not be the full amount you paid (for example, if you obtained a drug at an out-of-network pharmacy or if the cash price you paid for a drug is higher than our negotiated price). We will mail your reimbursement of our share of the cost to you. We will send payment within 30 days after your request was received.
- If we decide that the drug is *not* covered, or you did *not* follow all the rules, we will not pay for our share of the cost. We will send you a letter explaining the reasons why we are not sending the payment and your rights to appeal that decision.

## Section 3.2 If we tell you that we will not pay for all or part of the drug, you can make an appeal

If you think we have made a mistake in turning down your request for payment or the amount we are paying, you can make an appeal. If you make an appeal, it means you are asking us to change the decision we made when we turned down your request for payment. The appeals process is a formal process with detailed procedures and important deadlines. For the details on how to make this appeal, go to Chapter 7 of this document.

# CHAPTER 6: Your rights and responsibilities

# SECTION 1 Our plan must honor your rights and cultural sensitivities as a member of the plan Section 1.1 We must provide information in a way that works for you and consistent with your cultural sensitivities (in languages other than English, in braille, in large print, or other alternate formats, etc.)

Your plan is required to ensure that all services, both clinical and non-clinical, are provided in a culturally competent manner and are accessible to all enrollees, including those with limited English proficiency, limited reading skills, hearing incapacity, or those with diverse cultural and ethnic backgrounds. Examples of how a plan may meet these accessibility requirements include, but are not limited to provision of translator services, interpreter services, teletypewriters, or TTY (text telephone or teletypewriter phone) connection.

Our plan has free interpreter services available to answer questions from non-English speaking members. We can also give you information in braille, in large print, or other alternate formats at no cost if you need it. We are required to give you information about the plan's benefits in a format that is accessible and appropriate for you. To get information from us in a way that works for you, please call ArrayRx Customer Service.

If you have any trouble getting information from our plan in a format that is accessible and appropriate for you, please call to file a grievance with UMP Classic Medicare with Part D (PDP) Medicare Pharmacy Appeal and Grievance Department (see Chapter 2, Section 1). You may also file a complaint with Medicare by calling 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227) or directly with the Office for Civil Rights at 1-800-368-1019 or TTY 1-800-537-7697.

### Section 1.2 We must ensure that you get timely access to your covered drugs

You have the right to get your prescriptions filled or refilled at any of our network pharmacies without long delays. If you think that you are not getting your Part D drugs within a reasonable amount of time, Chapter 7 tells what you can do.

### Section 1.3 We must protect the privacy of your personal health information

Federal and state laws protect the privacy of your medical records and personal health information. We protect your personal health information as required by these laws.

Your personal health information includes the personal information you gave us when
you enrolled in this plan as well as your medical records and other medical and health
information.

• You have rights related to your information and controlling how your health information is used. We give you a written notice, called a *Notice of Privacy Practice*, that tells about these rights and explains how we protect the privacy of your health information.

#### How do we protect the privacy of your health information?

- We make sure that unauthorized people don't see or change your records.
- Except for the circumstances noted below, if we intend to give your health information to anyone who isn't providing your care or paying for your care, we are required to get written permission from you or someone you have given legal power to make decisions for you first.
- There are certain exceptions that do not require us to get your written permission first. These exceptions are allowed or required by law.
  - We are required to release health information to government agencies that are checking on quality of care.
  - O Because you are a member of our plan through Medicare, we are required to give Medicare your health information including information about your Part D prescription drugs. If Medicare releases your information for research or other uses, this will be done according to Federal statutes and regulations; typically, this requires that information that uniquely identifies you not be shared.

### You can see the information in your records and know how it has been shared with others

You have the right to look at your medical records held at the plan, and to get a copy of your records. We are allowed to charge you a fee for making copies. You also have the right to ask us to make additions or corrections to your medical records. If you ask us to do this, we will work with your healthcare provider to decide whether the changes should be made.

You have the right to know how your health information has been shared with others for any purposes that are not routine.

If you have questions or concerns about the privacy of your personal health information, please call ArrayRx Customer Service.

### Section 1.4 We must give you information about the plan, its network of pharmacies, and your covered drugs

As a member of UMP Classic Medicare with Part D (PDP), you have the right to get several kinds of information from us.

If you want any of the following kinds of information, please call ArrayRx Customer Service:

- **Information about our plan**. This includes, for example, information about the plan's financial condition.
- **Information about our network pharmacies.** You have the right to get information about the qualifications of the pharmacies in our network and how we pay the pharmacies in our network.
- Information about your coverage and the rules you must follow when using your coverage. Chapters 3 and 4 provide information about Part D prescription drug coverage.
- Information about why something is not covered and what you can do about it. Chapter 7 provides information on asking for a written explanation on why a Part D drug is not covered or if your coverage is restricted. Chapter 7 also provides information on asking us to change a decision, also called an appeal.

#### Section 1.5 We must support your right to make decisions about your care

### You have the right to give instructions about what is to be done if you are not able to make medical decisions for yourself

Sometimes people become unable to make health care decisions for themselves due to accidents or serious illness. You have the right to say what you want to happen if you are in this situation. This means that, *if you want to*, you can:

- Fill out a written form to give someone the legal authority to make medical decisions for you if you ever become unable to make decisions for yourself.
- Give your doctors written instructions about how you want them to handle your medical care if you become unable to make decisions for yourself.

The legal documents that you can use to give your directions in advance in these situations are called **advance directives**. There are different types of advance directives and different names for them. Documents called **living will** and **power of attorney for health care** are examples of advance directives.

If you want to use an *advance directive* to give your instructions, here is what to do:

• **Get the form.** You can get an advance directive form from your lawyer, from a social worker, or from some office supply stores. You can sometimes get advance directive

forms from organizations that give people information about Medicare. You can also contact ArrayRx Customer Service to ask for the forms.

- Fill it out and sign it. Regardless of where you get this form, keep in mind that it is a legal document. You should consider having a lawyer help you prepare it.
- Give copies to appropriate people. You should give a copy of the form to your doctor and to the person you name on the form who can make decisions for you if you can't. You may want to give copies to close friends or family members. Keep a copy at home.

If you know ahead of time that you are going to be hospitalized, and you have signed an advance directive, take a copy with you to the hospital.

- The hospital will ask you whether you have signed an advance directive form and whether you have it with you.
- If you have not signed an advance directive form, the hospital has forms available and will ask if you want to sign one.

Remember, it is your choice whether you want to fill out an advance directive (including whether you want to sign one if you are in the hospital). According to law, no one can deny you care or discriminate against you based on whether or not you have signed an advance directive.

#### What if your instructions are not followed?

If you have signed an advance directive, and you believe that a doctor or hospital did not follow the instructions in it, you may file a complaint with your state's Department of Health.

### Section 1.6 You have the right to make complaints and to ask us to reconsider decisions we have made

If you have any problems, concerns, or complaints and need to request coverage, or make an appeal, Chapter 7 of this document tells what you can do. Whatever you do—ask for a coverage decision, make an appeal, or make a complaint—we are required to treat you fairly.

### Section 1.7 What can you do if you believe you are being treated unfairly or your rights are not being respected?

#### If it is about discrimination, call the Office for Civil Rights

If you believe you have been treated unfairly or your rights have not been respected due to your race, disability, religion, sex, health, ethnicity, creed (beliefs), age, sexual orientation, or national origin, you should call the Department of Health and Human Services' **Office for Civil Rights** at 1-800-368-1019 or TTY 1-800-537-7697, or call your local Office for Civil Rights.

#### Is it about something else?

If you believe you have been treated unfairly or your rights have not been respected, *and* it's *not* about discrimination, you can get help dealing with the problem you are having:

- You can call ArrayRx Customer Service.
- You can **call the SHIP**. For details, go to Chapter 2, Section 3.
- Or, **you can call Medicare** at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week (TTY 1-877-486-2048).

#### Section 1.8 How to get more information about your rights

There are several places where you can get more information about your rights:

- You can call ArrayRx Customer Service.
- You can call the SHIP. For details, go to Chapter 2, Section 3.
- You can contact Medicare.
  - You can visit the Medicare website to read or download the publication *Medicare Rights & Protections*. (The publication is available at: www.medicare.gov/Pubs/pdf/11534-Medicare-Rights-and-Protections.pdf.)
  - Or, you can call 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week (TTY 1-877-486-2048).

### SECTION 2 You have some responsibilities as a member of the plan

Things you need to do as a member of the plan are listed below. If you have any questions, please call ArrayRx Customer Service.

- Get familiar with your covered drugs and the rules you must follow to get these covered drugs. Use this *Evidence of Coverage* to learn what is covered for you and the rules you need to follow to get your covered drugs.
  - Chapters 3 and 4 give the details about your coverage for Part D prescription drugs.
- If you have any other prescription drug coverage in addition to our plan, you are required to tell us. Chapter 1 tells you about coordinating these benefits.
- Tell your doctor and pharmacist that you are enrolled in our plan. Show your UMP Classic Medicare with Part D (PDP) membership card whenever you get your Part D prescription drugs.

- Help your doctors and other providers help you by giving them information, asking questions, and following through on your care.
  - To help get the best care, tell your doctors and other health providers about your health problems. Follow the treatment plans and instructions that you and your doctors agree upon.
  - o Make sure your doctors know all of the drugs you are taking, including over-the-counter drugs, vitamins, and supplements.
  - o If you have any questions, be sure to ask and get an answer you can understand.
- Pay what you owe. As a plan member, you are responsible for these payments:
  - O You must pay your UMP plan premiums.
  - For most of your drugs covered by the plan, you must pay your share of the cost when you get the drug.
  - o If you are required to pay a late enrollment penalty, you must pay the penalty to remain a member of the plan.
  - o If you are required to pay the extra amount for Part D because of your yearly income, you must continue to pay the extra amount directly to the government to remain a member of the plan.
- If you move within our plan service area, notify ERB Customer Service so they can keep your membership record up to date and know how to contact you.
- If you move outside of our plan service area, you cannot remain a member of our plan.
- If you move, it is also important to tell Social Security (or the Railroad Retirement Board).

### **CHAPTER 7:**

What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

#### **SECTION 1** Introduction

#### Section 1.1 What to do if you have a problem or concern

This chapter explains two types of processes for handling problems and concerns:

- For some problems, you need to use the **process for coverage decisions and appeals**.
- For other problems, you need to use the **process for making complaints**; also called grievances.

Both of these processes have been approved by Medicare. Each process has a set of rules, procedures, and deadlines that must be followed by us and by you.

The guide in Section 3 will help you identify the right process to use and what you should do.

#### Section 1.2 What about the legal terms?

There are legal terms for some of the rules, procedures, and types of deadlines explained in this chapter. Many of these terms are unfamiliar to most people and can be hard to understand. To make things easier, this chapter:

- Uses simpler words in place of certain legal terms. For example, this chapter generally says, making a complaint rather than filing a grievance, coverage decision rather than coverage determination or at-risk determination, and independent review organization instead of Independent Review Entity.
- It also uses abbreviations as little as possible.

However, it can be helpful—and sometimes quite important—for you to know the correct legal terms. Knowing which terms to use will help you communicate more accurately to get the right help or information for your situation. To help you know which terms to use, we include legal terms when we give the details for handling specific types of situations.

### SECTION 2 Where to get more information and personalized assistance

We are always available to help you. Even if you have a complaint about our treatment of you, we are obligated to honor your right to complain. Therefore, you should always reach out to ArrayRx Customer Service for help. But in some situations, you may also want help or guidance from someone who is not connected with us. Below are two entities that can assist you.

#### **State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP)**

Each state has a government program with trained counselors. The program is not connected with us or with any insurance company or health plan. The counselors at this program can help you understand which process you should use to handle a problem you are having. They can also answer your questions, give you more information, and offer guidance on what to do.

The services of SHIP counselors are free. You will find phone numbers and website URLs within the list of the State Health Insurance Assistance Programs in each state we serve in Appendix 4 at the back of this document.

#### Medicare

You can also contact Medicare to get help. To contact Medicare:

- You can call 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.
- You can also visit the Medicare website (www.medicare.gov).

### SECTION 3 To deal with your problem, which process should you use?

If you have a problem or concern, you only need to read the parts of this chapter that apply to your situation. The guide that follows will help.

#### Is your problem or concern about your benefits or coverage?

This includes problems about whether prescription drugs are covered or not, the way they are covered, and problems related to payment for prescription drugs.

Yes.

Go on to the next section of this chapter, Section 4, A guide to the basics of coverage decisions and appeals.

No.

Skip ahead to Section 7 at the end of this chapter: How to make a complaint about quality of care, waiting times, customer service or other concerns.

#### **COVERAGE DECISIONS AND APPEALS**

SECTION 4	A guide to the basics of coverage decisions and appeals
Section 4.1	Asking for coverage decisions and making appeals: the big picture

Coverage decisions and appeals deal with problems related to your benefits and coverage for prescription drugs, including payments. This is the process you use for issues such as whether a drug is covered or not and the way in which the drug is covered.

#### Asking for coverage decisions prior to receiving benefits

A coverage decision is a decision we make about your benefits and coverage or about the amount we will pay for your prescription drugs.

We are making a coverage decision for you whenever we decide what is covered for you and how much we pay. In some cases, we might decide a drug is not covered or is no longer covered by Medicare for you. If you disagree with this coverage decision, you can make an appeal.

In limited circumstances a request for a coverage decision will be dismissed, which means we won't review the request. Examples of when a request will be dismissed include if the request is incomplete, if someone makes the request on your behalf but isn't legally authorized to do so or if you ask for your request to be withdrawn. If we dismiss a request for a coverage decision, we will send a notice explaining why the request was dismissed and how to ask for a review of the dismissal.

#### Making an appeal

If we make a coverage decision, whether before or after a benefit is received, and you are not satisfied, you can *appeal* the decision. An appeal is a formal way of asking us to review and change a coverage decision we have made. Under certain circumstances, which we discuss later, you can request an expedited or *fast appeal* of a coverage decision. Your appeal is handled by different reviewers than those who made the original decision.

When you appeal a decision for the first time, this is called a Level 1 appeal. In this appeal, we review the coverage decision we made to check to see if we were properly following the rules. When we have completed the review, we give you our decision.

In limited circumstances, a request for a Level 1 appeal will be dismissed, which means we won't review the request. Examples of when a request will be dismissed include if the request is incomplete, if someone makes the request on your behalf but isn't legally authorized to do so, or

if you ask for your request to be withdrawn. If we dismiss a request for a Level 1 appeal, we will send a notice explaining why the request was dismissed and how to ask for a review of the dismissal.

If we do not dismiss your case but say no to all or part of your Level 1 appeal, you can go on to a Level 2 appeal. The Level 2 appeal is conducted by an independent review organization that is not connected to us. (Part D appeals are discussed further in Section 5 of this chapter). If you are not satisfied with the decision at the Level 2 appeal, you may be able to continue through additional levels of appeal (Section 6 in this chapter explains the Level 3, 4, and 5 appeals processes).

### Section 4.2 How to get help when you are asking for a coverage decision or making an appeal

Here are resources if you decide to ask for any kind of coverage decision or appeal a decision:

- You can call us at ArrayRx Customer Service.
- You can get free help from your State Health Insurance Assistance Program.
- Your doctor or other prescriber can make a request for you. For Part D prescription drugs, your doctor or other prescriber can request a coverage decision or a Level 1 appeal on your behalf. If your Level 1 appeal is denied your doctor or prescriber can request a Level 2 appeal.
- You can ask someone to act on your behalf. If you want to, you can name another person to act for you as your *representative* to ask for a coverage decision or make an appeal.
  - o If you want a friend, relative, or another person to be your representative, call ArrayRx Customer Service and ask for the *Appointment of Representative* form. (The form is also available on Medicare's website at <a href="https://www.cms.gov/Medicare/CMS-Forms/CMS-Forms/downloads/cms1696.pdf">www.cms.gov/Medicare/CMS-Forms/CMS-Forms/downloads/cms1696.pdf</a> or on our website at ArrayRxSolutions.com/UMP). The form gives that person permission to act on your behalf. It must be signed by you and by the person who you would like to act on your behalf. You must give us a copy of the signed form.
  - While we can accept an appeal request without the form, we cannot complete our review until we receive it. If we do not receive the form before our deadline for making a decision on your appeal, your appeal request will be dismissed. If this happens, we will send you a written notice explaining your right to ask the independent review organization to review our decision to dismiss your appeal.
- You also have the right to hire a lawyer. You may contact your own lawyer, or get the name of a lawyer from your local bar association or other referral service. There are also groups that will give you free legal services if you qualify. However, you are not required to hire a lawyer to ask for any kind of coverage decision or appeal a decision.

SECTION 5	Your Part D prescription drugs: How to ask for a coverage decision or make an appeal
Section 5.1	This section tells you what to do if you have problems getting a Part D drug or you want us to pay you back for a Part D drug

Your benefits include coverage for many prescription drugs. To be covered, the drug must be used for a medically accepted indication. (See Chapter 3 for more information about a medically accepted indication.) For details about Part D drugs, rules, restrictions, and costs please see Chapters 3 and 4.

- This section is about your Part D drugs only. To keep things simple, we generally say drug in the rest of this section, instead of repeating covered outpatient prescription drug or Part D drug every time. We also use the term Drug List instead of List of Covered Drugs or Formulary.
- If you do not know if a drug is covered or if you meet the rules, you can ask us. Some drugs require that you get approval from us before we will cover it.
- If your pharmacy tells you that your prescription cannot be filled as written, the pharmacy will give you a written notice explaining how to contact us to ask for a coverage decision.

#### Part D coverage decisions and appeals

#### Legal Term

An initial coverage decision about your Part D drugs is called a **coverage determination**.

A coverage decision is a decision we make about your benefits and coverage or about the amount we will pay for your drugs. This section tells what you can do if you are in any of the following situations:

- Asking to cover a Part D drug that is not on the plan's *List of Covered Drugs*. **Ask for an exception. Section 5.2**
- Asking to waive a restriction on the plan's coverage for a drug (such as limits on the amount of the drug you can get, prior authorization, or the requirement to try another drug first). Ask for an exception. Section 5.2
- Asking to pay a lower cost-sharing amount for a covered drug on a higher cost-sharing tier. Ask for an exception. Section 5.2
- Asking to get pre-approval for a drug. Ask for a coverage decision. Section 5.4
- Pay for a prescription drug you already bought. Ask us to pay you back. Section 5.4

If you disagree with a coverage decision we have made, you can appeal our decision.

This section tells you both how to ask for coverage decisions and how to request an appeal.

#### Section 5.2 What is an exception?

#### **Legal Terms**

Asking for coverage of a drug that is not on the Drug List is sometimes called asking for a **formulary exception.** 

Asking for removal of a restriction on coverage for a drug is sometimes called asking for a **formulary exception.** 

Asking to pay a lower price for a covered non-preferred drug is sometimes called asking for a **tiering exception.** 

If a drug is not covered in the way you would like it to be covered, you can ask us to make an *exception*. An exception is a type of coverage decision.

For us to consider your exception request, your doctor or other prescriber will need to explain the medical reasons why you need the exception approved. Here are three examples of exceptions that you or your doctor or other prescriber can ask us to make:

- 1. Covering a Part D drug for you that is not on our Drug List. If we agree to cover a drug not on the Drug List, you will need to pay the cost-sharing amount that applies to drugs in Tier 4 for brand name drugs or Tier 4 for generic drugs. You cannot ask for an exception to the cost-sharing amount we require you to pay for the drug.
- 2. Removing a restriction for a covered drug. Chapter 3 describes the extra rules or restrictions that apply to certain drugs on our Drug List. If we agree to make an exception and waive a restriction for you, you can ask for an exception to the cost-sharing amount we require you to pay for the drug.
- **3.** Changing coverage of a drug to a lower cost-sharing tier. Every drug on our Drug List is in one of 6 cost-sharing tiers. In general, the lower the cost-sharing tier number, the less you will pay as your share of the cost of the drug.
  - If our Drug List contains alternative drug(s) for treating your medical condition that are in a lower cost-sharing tier than your drug, you can ask us to cover your drug at the cost-sharing amount that applies to the alternative drug(s).
  - If the drug you're taking is a biological product, you can ask us to cover your drug at a lower cost-sharing amount. This would be the lowest tier that contains biological product alternatives for treating your condition.

- If the drug you're taking is a brand name drug, you can ask us to cover your drug at the cost-sharing amount that applies to the lowest tier that contains brand name alternatives for treating your condition.
- If the drug you're taking is a generic drug, you can ask us to cover your drug at the costsharing amount that applies to the lowest tier that contains either brand or generic alternatives for treating your condition.
- If we approve your tiering exception request and there is more than one lower costsharing tier with alternative drugs you can't take, you will usually pay the lowest amount.

#### Section 5.3 Important things to know about asking for exceptions

#### Your doctor must tell us the medical reasons

Your doctor or other prescriber must give us a statement that explains the medical reasons for requesting an exception. For a faster decision, include this medical information from your doctor or other prescriber when you ask for the exception.

Typically, our Drug List includes more than one drug for treating a particular condition. These different possibilities are called *alternative* drugs. If an alternative drug would be just as effective as the drug you are requesting and would not cause more side effects or other health problems, we will generally *not* approve your request for an exception. If you ask us for a tiering exception, we will generally *not* approve your request for an exception unless all the alternative drugs in the lower cost-sharing tier(s) won't work as well for you or are likely to cause an adverse reaction or other harm.

#### We can say yes or no to your request

- If we approve your request for an exception, our approval usually is valid until the end of the plan year. This is true as long as your doctor continues to prescribe the drug for you and that drug continues to be safe and effective for treating your condition.
- If we say no to your request, you can ask for another review by making an appeal.

### Section 5.4 Step-by-step: How to ask for a coverage decision, including an exception

#### Legal Term

A fast coverage decision is called an expedited coverage determination.

### <u>Step 1:</u> Decide if you need a standard coverage decision or a fast coverage decision.

**Standard coverage decisions** are made within **72 hours** after we receive your doctor's statement. **Fast coverage decisions** are made within **24 hours** after we receive your doctor's statement.

If your health requires it, ask us to give you a fast coverage decision. To get a fast coverage decision, you must meet two requirements:

- You must be asking for a *drug you have not yet received*. (You cannot ask for fast coverage decision to be paid back for a drug you have already bought.)
- Using the standard deadlines could *cause serious harm to your health or hurt your ability to function*.

If your doctor or other prescriber tells us that your health requires a fast coverage decision, we will automatically give you a fast coverage decision.

If you ask for a fast coverage decision on your own, without your doctor or prescriber's support, we will decide whether your health requires that we give you a fast coverage decision. If we do not approve a fast coverage decision, we will send you a letter that:

- Explains that we will use the standard deadlines.
- Explains if your doctor or other prescriber asks for the fast coverage decision, we will automatically give you a fast coverage decision.
- Tells you how you can file a *fast complaint* about our decision to give you a standard coverage decision instead of the fast coverage decision you requested. We will answer your complaint within 24 hours of receipt.

#### **Step 2:** Request a standard coverage decision or a fast coverage decision.

Start by calling, writing, or faxing our plan to make your request for us to authorize or provide coverage for the prescription you want. You can also access the coverage decision process through our website. We must accept any written request, including a request submitted on the *CMS Model Coverage Determination Request Form* or on our plan's form, which are available on our website ArrayRxSolutions.com/UMP/Drug-Coverage-Determination. Chapter 2 has

contact information. You, your representative, or your doctor (or other prescriber) may submit a request for a coverage determination electronically using our secure form. Fill out all of the required information, attach any supporting documents and submit. To assist us in processing your request, please be sure to include your name, contact information, and information identifying which denied claim is being appealed.

You, your doctor (or other prescriber), or your representative can do this. You can also have a lawyer act on your behalf. Section 4 of this chapter tells how you can give written permission to someone else to act as your representative.

• If you are requesting an exception, provide the *supporting statement*, which is the medical reasons for the exception. Your doctor or other prescriber can fax or mail the statement to us. Or your doctor or other prescriber can tell us on the phone and follow up by faxing or mailing a written statement if necessary.

#### **Step 3:** We consider your request and give you our answer.

#### Deadlines for a fast coverage decision

- We must generally give you our answer within 24 hours after we receive your request.
  - o For exceptions, we will give you our answer within 24 hours after we receive your doctor's supporting statement. We will give you our answer sooner if your health requires us to.
  - If we do not meet this deadline, we are required to send your request on to Level 2
    of the appeals process, where it will be reviewed by an independent review
    organization.
- If our answer is yes to part or all of what you requested, we must provide the coverage we have agreed to provide within 24 hours after we receive your request or doctor's statement supporting your request.
- If our answer is no to part or all of what you requested, we will send you a written statement that explains why we said no. We will also tell you how you can appeal.

#### Deadlines for a standard coverage decision about a drug you have not yet received

- We must generally give you our answer within 72 hours after we receive your request.
  - o For exceptions, we will give you our answer within 72 hours after we receive your doctor's supporting statement. We will give you our answer sooner if your health requires us to.
  - If we do not meet this deadline, we are required to send your request on to Level 2
    of the appeals process, where it will be reviewed by an independent review
    organization.

- If our answer is yes to part or all of what you requested, we must provide the coverage we have agreed to provide within 72 hours after we receive your request or doctor's statement supporting your request.
- If our answer is no to part or all of what you requested, we will send you a written statement that explains why we said no. We will also tell you how you can appeal.

#### Deadlines for a standard coverage decision about payment for a drug you have already bought

- We must give you our answer within 14 calendar days after we receive your request.
  - If we do not meet this deadline, we are required to send your request on to Level 2
    of the appeals process, where it will be reviewed by an independent review
    organization.
- If our answer is yes to part or all of what you requested, we are also required to make payment to you within 14 calendar days after we receive your request.
- If our answer is no to part or all of what you requested, we will send you a written statement that explains why we said no. We will also tell you how you can appeal.

#### Step 4: If we say no to your coverage request, you can make an appeal.

• If we say no, you have the right to ask us to reconsider this decision by making an appeal. This means asking again to get the drug coverage you want. If you make an appeal, it means you are going on to Level 1 of the appeals process.

#### Section 5.5 Step-by-step: How to make a Level 1 appeal

#### Legal Term

An appeal to the plan about a Part D drug coverage decision is called a plan **redetermination**. A *fast appeal* is also called an **expedited redetermination**.

#### **Step 1:** Decide if you need a standard appeal or a fast appeal.

A standard appeal decision is usually made within 7 calendar days. A fast appeal is generally made within 72 hours. If your health requires it, ask for a fast appeal.

- If you are appealing a decision we made about a drug you have not yet received, you and your doctor or other prescriber will need to decide if you need a *fast appeal*.
- The requirements for getting a *fast appeal* are the same as those for getting a *fast coverage decision* in Section 5.4 of this chapter.

<u>Step 2:</u> You, your representative, doctor, or other prescriber must contact us and make your Level 1 appeal. If your health requires a quick response, you must ask for a fast appeal.

- For standard appeals, submit a written request or call us at 1-833-599-8539. Chapter 2 has contact information.
- For fast appeals either submit your appeal in writing or call us at 1-855-466-7211. Chapter 2 has contact information.
- We must accept any written request, including a request submitted on the CMS Model Redetermination Request Form, which is available on our website Hca.wa.gov/assets/pebb/ump-medicare-coverage-redetermination-appeal.pdf. Please be sure to include your name, contact information, and information regarding your claim to assist us in processing your request.
- You, your representative or your doctor (or other prescriber) may submit a request for an appeal electronically using our secure form. This secure form can be accessed at ArrayRxSolutions.com/UMP/ Drug-Coverage-Redetermination. Fill out all of the required information, attach any supporting documents, and submit.
- You must make your appeal request within 65 calendar days from the date on the written notice we sent to tell you our answer on the coverage decision. If you miss this deadline and have a good reason for missing it, explain the reason your appeal is late when you make your appeal. We may give you more time to make your appeal. Examples of good cause may include a serious illness that prevented you from contacting us or if we provided you with incorrect or incomplete information about the deadline for requesting an appeal.
- You can ask for a copy of the information in your appeal and add more information. You and your doctor may add more information to support your appeal. We are allowed to charge a fee for copying and sending this information to you.

#### Step 3: We consider your appeal and we give you our answer.

- When we are reviewing your appeal, we take another careful look at all of the information about your coverage request. We check to see if we were following all the rules when we said no to your request.
- We may contact you or your doctor or other prescriber to get more information.

#### Deadlines for a fast appeal

- For fast appeals, we must give you our answer within 72 hours after we receive your appeal. We will give you our answer sooner if your health requires it.
  - o If we do not give you an answer within 72 hours, we are required to send your request on to Level 2 of the appeals process, where it will be reviewed by an independent review organization. Section 5.6 explains the Level 2 appeal process.

- If our answer is yes to part or all of what you requested, we must provide the coverage we have agreed to provide within 72 hours after we receive your appeal.
- If our answer is no to part or all of what you requested, we will send you a written statement that explains why we said no and how you can appeal our decision.

#### Deadlines for a standard appeal for a drug you have not yet received

- For standard appeals, we must give you our answer within 7 calendar days after we receive your appeal. We will give you our decision sooner if you have not received the drug yet and your health condition requires us to do so.
  - o If we do not give you a decision within 7 calendar days, we are required to send your request on to Level 2 of the appeals process, where it will be reviewed by an independent review organization. Section 5.6 explains the Level 2 appeal process.
- If our answer is yes to part or all of what you requested, we must provide the coverage as quickly as your health requires, but no later than 7 calendar days after we receive your appeal.
- If our answer is no to part or all of what you requested, we will send you a written statement that explains why we said no and how you can appeal our decision.

#### Deadlines for a standard appeal about payment for a drug you have already bought

- We must give you our answer within 14 calendar days after we receive your request.
  - If we do not meet this deadline, we are required to send your request on to Level 2
    of the appeals process, where it will be reviewed by an independent review
    organization.
- If our answer is yes to part or all of what you requested, we are also required to make payment to you within 30 calendar days after we receive your request.
- If our answer is no to part or all of what you requested, we will send you a written statement that explains why we said no. We will also tell you how you can appeal.

### <u>Step 4:</u> If we say no to your appeal, you decide if you want to continue with the appeals process and make *another* appeal.

• If you decide to make another appeal, it means your appeal is going on to Level 2 of the appeals process.

#### Section 5.6 Step-by-step: How to make a Level 2 appeal

#### **Legal Term**

The formal name for the *independent review organization* is the **Independent Review Entity**. It is sometimes called the **IRE**.

The independent review organization is an independent organization hired by Medicare. It is not connected with us and is not a government agency. This organization decides whether the decision we made is correct or if it should be changed. Medicare oversees its work.

### <u>Step 1:</u> You (or your representative or your doctor or other prescriber) must contact the independent review organization and ask for a review of your case.

- If we say no to your Level 1 appeal, the written notice we send you will include instructions on how to make a Level 2 appeal with the independent review organization. These instructions will tell who can make this Level 2 appeal, what deadlines you must follow, and how to reach the review organization. If, however, we did not complete our review within the applicable timeframe, or make an unfavorable decision regarding at-risk determination under our drug management program, we will automatically forward your claim to the IRE.
- We will send the information we have about your appeal to this organization. This information is called your **case file**. You have the right to ask us for a copy of your case file. We are allowed to charge you a fee for copying and sending this information to you.
- You have a right to give the independent review organization additional information to support your appeal.

#### **Step 2:** The independent review organization reviews your appeal.

• Reviewers at the independent review organization will take a careful look at all of the information related to your appeal.

#### Deadlines for fast appeal

- If your health requires it, ask the independent review organization for a *fast appeal*.
- If the organization agrees to give you a *fast appeal*, the organization must give you an answer to your Level 2 appeal **within 72 hours** after it receives your appeal request.

#### Deadlines for standard appeal

• For standard appeals, the review organization must give you an answer to your Level 2 appeal within 7 calendar days after it receives your appeal if it is for a drug you have

not yet received. If you are requesting that we pay you back for a drug you have already bought, the review organization must give you an answer to your Level 2 appeal within 14 calendar days after it receives your request.

#### Step 3: The independent review organization gives you their answer.

#### For fast appeals:

• If the independent review organization says yes to part or all of what you requested, we must provide the drug coverage that was approved by the review organization within 24 hours after we receive the decision from the review organization.

#### For standard appeals:

- If the independent review organization says yes to part or all of your request for coverage, we must provide the drug coverage that was approved by the review organization within 72 hours after we receive the decision from the review organization.
- If the independent review organization says yes to part or all of your request to pay you back for a drug you already bought, we are required to send payment to you within 30 calendar days after we receive the decision from the review organization.

#### What if the review organization says no to your appeal?

If this organization says no to part or all of your appeal, it means they agree with our decision not to approve your request (or part of your request). (This is called *upholding the decision*. It is also called *turning down your appeal*.) In this case, the independent review organization will send you a letter:

- Explaining its decision.
- Notifying you of the right to a Level 3 appeal if the dollar value of the drug coverage you are requesting meets a certain minimum. If the dollar value of the drug coverage you are requesting is too low, you cannot make another appeal and the decision at Level 2 is final.
- Telling you the dollar value that must be in dispute to continue with the appeals process.

### <u>Step 4:</u> If your case meets the requirements, you choose whether you want to take your appeal further.

- There are three additional levels in the appeals process after Level 2 (for a total of five levels of appeal).
- If you want to go on to a Level 3 appeal, the details on how to do this are in the written notice you get after your Level 2 appeal decision.
- The Level 3 appeal is handled by an Administrative Law Judge or attorney adjudicator. Section 6 in this chapter tells more about Levels 3, 4, and 5 of the appeals process.

#### SECTION 6 Taking your appeal to Level 3 and beyond

#### Section 6.1 Appeal Levels 3, 4 and 5 for Part D Drug Requests

This section may be appropriate for you if you have made a Level 1 appeal and a Level 2 appeal, and both of your appeals have been turned down.

If the value of the drug you have appealed meets a certain dollar amount, you may be able to go on to additional levels of appeal. If the dollar amount is less, you cannot appeal any further. The written response you receive to your Level 2 appeal will explain who to contact and what to do to ask for a Level 3 appeal.

For most situations that involve appeals, the last three levels of appeal work in much the same way. Here is who handles the review of your appeal at each of these levels.

### Level 3 appeal An Administrative Law Judge or an attorney adjudicator who works for the Federal government will review your appeal and give you an answer.

- If the answer is yes, the appeals process is over. We must authorize or provide the drug coverage that was approved by the Administrative Law Judge or attorney adjudicator within 72 hours (24 hours for expedited appeals) or make payment no later than 30 calendar days after we receive the decision.
- If the Administrative Law Judge or attorney adjudicator says no to your appeal, the appeals process *may* or *may not* be over.
  - o If you decide to accept this decision that turns down your appeal, the appeals process is over.
  - o If you do not want to accept the decision, you can continue to the next level of the review process. The notice you get will tell you what to do for a Level 4 appeal.

### **Level 4 appeal** The **Medicare Appeals Council** (Council) will review your appeal and give you an answer. The Council is part of the Federal government.

- If the answer is yes, the appeals process is over. We must authorize or provide the drug coverage that was approved by the Council within 72 hours (24 hours for expedited appeals) or make payment no later than 30 calendar days after we receive the decision.
- If the answer is no, the appeals process may or may not be over.
  - o If you decide to accept this decision that turns down your appeal, the appeals process is over.
  - o If you do not want to accept the decision, you may be able to continue to the next level of the review process. If the Council says no to your appeal or denies your

request to review the appeal, the notice will tell you whether the rules allow you to go on to a Level 5 appeal. It will also tell you who to contact and what to do next if you choose to continue with your appeal.

#### Level 5 appeal A judge at the Federal District Court will review your appeal.

• A judge will review all of the information and decide *yes* or *no* to your request. This is a final answer. There are no more appeal levels after the Federal District Court.

#### **MAKING COMPLAINTS**

SECTION 7	How to make a complaint about quality of care, waiting times, customer service, or other concerns
Section 7.1	What kinds of problems are handled by the complaint process?

The complaint process is *only* used for certain types of problems. This includes problems related to quality of care, waiting times, and customer service. Here are examples of the kinds of problems handled by the complaint process.

Complaint	Example
Quality of your care	• Are you unhappy with the quality of the care you have received?
Respecting your privacy	• Did someone not respect your right to privacy or share confidential information?
Disrespect, poor customer service, or other negative behaviors	<ul> <li>Has someone been rude or disrespectful to you?</li> <li>Are you unhappy with our customer service?</li> <li>Do you feel you are being encouraged to leave the plan?</li> </ul>
Waiting times	<ul> <li>Have you been kept waiting too long by pharmacists? Or by our customer service or other staff at the plan?</li> <li>Examples include waiting too long on the phone, in the waiting room, or getting a prescription.</li> </ul>
Cleanliness	• Are you unhappy with the cleanliness or condition of a pharmacy?
Information you get from us	<ul><li>Did we fail to give you a required notice?</li><li>Is our written information hard to understand?</li></ul>

Complaint	Example
Timeliness (These types of complaints are all related to the timeliness of our actions related to coverage decisions and appeals)	<ul> <li>If you have asked for a coverage decision or made an appeal, and you think that we are not responding quickly enough, you can make a complaint about our slowness. Here are examples:</li> <li>You asked us for a <i>fast coverage decision</i> or a <i>fast appeal</i>, and we have said no; you can make a complaint.</li> <li>You believe we are not meeting the deadlines for coverage decisions or appeals; you can make a complaint.</li> <li>You believe we are not meeting deadlines for covering or reimbursing you for certain drugs that were approved; you can make a complaint.</li> <li>You believe we failed to meet required deadlines for forwarding your case to the independent review organization; you can make a complaint.</li> </ul>

#### Section 7.2 How to make a complaint

#### **Legal Terms**

- A Complaint is also called a grievance.
- Making a complaint is also called filing a grievance.
- Using the process for complaints is also called using the process for filing a grievance.
- A fast complaint is also called an expedited grievance.

#### Section 7.3 Step-by-step: Making a complaint

#### Step 1: Contact us promptly – either by phone or in writing.

- Usually, calling ArrayRx Customer Service is the first step. If there is anything else you need to do, ArrayRx Customer Service will let you know.
- If you do not wish to call (or you called and were not satisfied), you can put your complaint in writing and send it to us. If you put your complaint in writing, we will respond to your complaint in writing.
- You, the member, or your authorized representative may file a complaint. You must make the complaint within 60 calendar days from the date of the event or incident that caused you to make a complaint. If you miss the deadline, you may still make the

complaint and request an extension of the time frame. Your request may be in writing and include the reason you did not make the complaint on time.

If you want a friend, relative, your doctor or other prescriber, or other person to be your representative, call ArrayRx Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this document) and ask for the "Appointment of Representative" form. (The form is also available on Medicare's website at <a href="https://www.cms.gov/medicare/cms-forms/cms-forms/downloads/cms1696.pdf">www.cms.gov/medicare/cms-forms/cms-forms/downloads/cms1696.pdf</a> or on our website at ArrayRxSolutions.com/UMP.) The form gives that person permission to act on your behalf. It must be signed by you and by the person who you would like to act on your behalf. You must give us a copy of the signed form.

You can mail your complaint to:

ArrayRx Attn: Medicare Appeal and Grievance PO Box 40384 Portland, OR 97240-0384

Or fax your complaint to:

1-833-949-1888

Attn: Medicare Appeal and Grievance

If you call ArrayRx Customer Service at 1-833-599-8539 (TTY users call 711), they will record the complaint and repeat back to you the complaint as written, to confirm the accuracy. The complaint will be noted with the time and the date. If you mail, fax, or deliver your complaint, the received date and time will be noted on your letter. ArrayRx Customer Service is available from 8 a.m.—8 p.m. (Pacific Time), seven days a week October 1–March 31 (closed on Thanksgiving and Christmas), and weekdays April 1–September 30. Your call will be handled by our automated phone systems outside business hours.

We have 30 calendar days from the date the complaint was received to make a decision. Sometimes we may need more time to make a decision on your complaint. We may extend the time frame by up to 14 days if you ask for the extension, or if we find a need for additional information and the delay is in your best interest. If we need more time, you will receive a letter requesting the extra time and explaining why we need more time to make a decision.

If your complaint is regarding quality of care, the letter you receive with the outcome of our decision will include your right to file a quality of care grievance with the Quality Improvement Organization (QIO) in your state.

If we turn down your request for a "fast" coverage determination, a "fast" redetermination or a "fast" appeal and you have not yet received the drug, you have the right to file a "fast" complaint. Indicate clearly on your request you would like a "FAST

COMPLAINT REQUEST". You may file a "fast" complaint by phone (call 1-855-466-7211) or fax as listed above. We will respond to your "fast" complaint in writing within 24 hours of receipt of your "fast" complaint.

• The **deadline** for making a complaint is **60 calendar days** from the time you had the problem you want to complain about.

#### Step 2: We look into your complaint and give you our answer.

- If possible, we will answer you right away. If you call us with a complaint, we may be able to give you an answer on the same phone call.
- Most complaints are answered within 30 calendar days. If we need more information and the delay is in your best interest or if you ask for more time, we can take up to 14 more calendar days (44 calendar days total) to answer your complaint. If we decide to take extra days, we will tell you in writing.
- If you are making a complaint because we denied your request for a fast coverage decision or a fast appeal, we will automatically give you a fast complaint. If you have a fast complaint, it means we will give you an answer within 24 hours.
- If we do not agree with some or all of your complaint or don't take responsibility for the problem you are complaining about, we will include our reasons in our response to you.

### Section 7.4 You can also make complaints about quality of care to the Quality Improvement Organization

When your complaint is about *quality of care*, you also have two extra options:

• You can make your complaint directly to the Quality Improvement Organization.

The Quality Improvement Organization is a group of practicing doctors and other health care experts paid by the Federal government to check and improve the care given to Medicare patients. Chapter 2 has contact information.

Or

• You can make your complaint to both the Quality Improvement Organization and us at the same time.

#### Section 7.5 You can also tell Medicare about your complaint

You can submit a complaint about UMP Classic Medicare with Part D (PDP) directly to Medicare. To submit a complaint to Medicare, go to <a href="https://www.medicare.gov/MedicareComplaintForm/home.aspx">www.medicare.gov/MedicareComplaintForm/home.aspx</a>. You may also call 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227). TTY/TDD users can call 1-877-486-2048.

# CHAPTER 8: Ending your membership in the plan

#### **SECTION 1** Introduction to ending your membership in our plan

The information in this chapter is for general Medicare enrollment. Contact ERB Customer Service for details regarding enrollment and Plan Change guidelines. Ending your membership in UMP Classic Medicare with Part D (PDP) may be **voluntary** (your own choice) or **involuntary** (not your own choice):

- You might leave our plan because you have decided that you *want* to leave. Sections 2 and 3 provide information on ending your membership voluntarily.
- There are also limited situations where we are required to end your membership. Section 5 tells you about situations when we must end your membership.

If you are leaving our plan, our plan must continue to provide your prescription drugs and you will continue to pay your cost share until your membership ends.

#### SECTION 2 When can you end your membership in our plan?

You may end your membership in our plan only during certain times of the year, known as open enrollment periods. Please contact ERB Customer Service 1-800-200-1004 between 8 a.m. to 4 p.m., Pacific Time, Monday through Friday, for more information on ending membership in our plan.

If you request disenrollment at a time other than your group's open enrollment periods, your disenrollment effective date will be the first day of the month following our receipt of your disenrollment request.

### Section 2.1 You can end your membership during the Annual Enrollment Period

You will have the opportunity to end your membership in the UMP Classic Medicare with Part D (PDP) for 2026 during the Public Employee Benefits Board (PEBB) open enrollment period. If you have any questions or would like more information about when you can end your group membership, contact ERB Customer Service 1-800-200-1004 between 8 a.m. to 4 p.m., Pacific Time, Monday through Friday.

You can also end your membership in our plan during the **Annual Enrollment Period** (also known as the *Annual Open Enrollment Period*). During this time, review your health and drug coverage and decide about coverage for the upcoming year.

• The Annual Enrollment Period is from October 15 to December 7. The UMP open enrollment period for plan year 2026 is from October 27, 2025 to November 24, 2025. Medicare plans not insured through HCA have an annual enrollment period from October 15 to December 7.

- Choose to keep your current coverage or make changes to your coverage for the upcoming year. If you decide to change to a new plan, you can choose any of the following types of plans:
  - O A different HCA Medicare health plan. You can end your membership in the UMP Classic Medicare with Part D (PDP) plan by selecting a different UMP plan during UMP open enrollment period. The UMP open enrollment period for plan year 2026 is from October 27, 2025 to November 24, 2025. Coverage under your new plan will begin January 1, 2026.
  - Another Medicare prescription drug plan,
  - Original Medicare with a separate Medicare prescription drug plan,
  - o Original Medicare without a separate Medicare prescription drug plan,
    - If you choose this option, Medicare may enroll you in a drug plan, unless you have opted out of automatic enrollment.
  - o − or − A Medicare health plan. A Medicare health plan is a plan offered by a private company that contracts with Medicare to provide all of the Medicare Part A (Hospital) and Part B (Medical) benefits. Some Medicare health plans also include Part D prescription drug coverage.
    - If you enroll in most Medicare health plans while enrolled in UMP Classic Medicare with Part D (PDP), you will be disenrolled from UMP Classic Medicare with Part D (PDP) when your new plan's coverage begins. If you do not want to keep our plan, you can choose to enroll in another Medicare prescription drug plan or drop Medicare prescription drug coverage.
- Your membership will end in our plan when your new plan's coverage begins on January 1. Make sure the PEBB Program receives your request to end coverage before December 31.

**Note:** If you disenroll from Medicare prescription drug coverage and go without creditable prescription drug coverage for 63 or more days in a row, you may have to pay a late enrollment penalty if you join a Medicare drug plan later.

### Section 2.2 In certain situations, you can end your membership during a Special Enrollment Period

In certain situations, members of UMP Classic Medicare with Part D (PDP) may be eligible to end their membership at other times of the year. This is known as a **Special Enrollment Period**.

You may be eligible to end your membership during a Special Enrollment Period if any of the following situations apply to you. These are just examples, for the full list you can contact the plan, call Medicare, or visit the Medicare website (<a href="www.medicare.gov">www.medicare.gov</a>):

- If you have moved out of your plan's service area
- If you have Medicaid

- If you are eligible for "Extra Help" with paying for your Medicare prescriptions
- If we violate our contract with you
- If you are getting care in an institution, such as a nursing home or long-term care (LTC) hospital
- If you enroll in the Program of All-inclusive Care for the Elderly (PACE) (PACE is not available in all states. If you would like to know if PACE is available in your state, please contact ArrayRx Customer Service.)

**Note:** If you're in a drug management program, you may not be able to change plans. Chapter 3, Section 10 tells you more about drug management programs.

The enrollment time periods vary depending on your situation.

**To find out if you are eligible for a Special Enrollment Period**, please call Medicare at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users call 1-877-486-2048. If you are eligible to end your membership because of a special situation, you can choose to change both your Medicare health coverage and prescription drug coverage. You can choose:

- Another Medicare prescription drug plan
- $\bullet$  or Original Medicare without a separate Medicare prescription drug plan.

**Note:** If you disenroll from Medicare prescription drug coverage and go without creditable prescription drug coverage for 63 days or more in a row, you may have to pay a Part D late enrollment penalty if you join a Medicare drug plan later.

If you receive "Extra Help" from Medicare to pay for your prescription drugs: If you switch to Original Medicare and do not enroll in a separate Medicare prescription drug plan, Medicare may enroll you in a drug plan, unless you have opted out of automatic enrollment.

- or A Medicare health plan. A Medicare health plan is a plan offered by a private company that contracts with Medicare to provide all of the Medicare Part A (Hospital) and Part B (Medical) benefits. Some Medicare health plans also include Part D prescription drug coverage.
- If you enroll in most Medicare health plans, you will automatically be disenrolled from UMP Classic Medicare with Part D (PDP) when your new plan's coverage begins.

Your membership will usually end on the first day of the month after we receive your request to change your plan.

### Section 2.3 Where can you get more information about when you can end your membership?

If you have any questions about ending your membership you can:

- Call ERB Customer Service 1-800-200-1004 between 8 a.m. to 4 p.m., Pacific Time, Monday through Friday.
- Find the information in the *Medicare & You 2025* handbook.
- Contact **Medicare** at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week (TTY 1-877-486-2048).

#### SECTION 3 How do you end your membership in our plan?

You may request disenrollment by writing to HCA.

Please contact ERB Customer Service 1-800-200-1004 between 8 a.m. to 4 p.m., Pacific Time, Monday through Friday, for more information on ending membership in our plan.

The table below explains how you should end your membership in our plan.

If you would like to switch from our plan to:	This is what you should do:
Another HCA plan	<ul> <li>Enroll in a new Public Employees' Benefit Board (PEBB) Medicare plan during the PEBB Open Enrollment period</li> </ul>
Another Medicare prescription drug plan.	• Enroll in the new Medicare prescription drug plan between October 15 and December 7.
	<ul> <li>You will automatically be disenrolled from UMP Classic Medicare with Part D (PDP) when your new plan's coverage begins.</li> </ul>

If you would like to switch from our plan to:		This is what you should do:
•	A Medicare health plan.	• Enroll in the Medicare health plan by December 7. With most Medicare health plans, you will automatically be disenrolled from UMP Classic Medicare with Part D (PDP) when your new plan's coverage begins.
		• If you want to leave our plan, you must <i>either</i> enroll in another Medicare prescription drug plan <i>or</i> ask to be disenrolled. To ask to be disenrolled, you must send a written request (contact ERB Customer Service if you need more information on how to do this) or contact Medicare at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week (TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048).
•	Original Medicare without a separate Medicare prescription drug plan.	• Send a written request to disenroll. Contact ERB Customer Service if you need more information on how to do this.
		• You can also contact <b>Medicare</b> at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week, and ask to be disenrolled. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048. You will be disenrolled from UMP Classic Medicare with Part D (PDP) and only have Original Medicare.

### SECTION 4 Until your membership ends, you must keep getting your drugs through our plan

Until your membership ends, and your new Medicare coverage begins, you must continue to get your prescription drugs through our plan.

• Continue to use our network pharmacies or mail order services to get your prescriptions filled.

### SECTION 5 UMP Classic Medicare with Part D (PDP) must end your membership in the plan in certain situations

#### Section 5.1 When must we end your membership in the plan?

### UMP Classic Medicare with Part D (PDP) must end your membership in the plan if any of the following happen:

- If you no longer have Medicare Part A or Part B (or both).
- If you move out of our service area.
- If you are away from our service area for more than 12 months.
  - o If you move or take a long trip, call ERB Customer Service to find out if the place you are moving or traveling to is in our plan's area.
- If you become incarcerated (go to prison).
- If you are no longer a United States citizen or lawfully present in the United States.
- If you lie or withhold information about other insurance you have that provides prescription drug coverage.
- If you intentionally give us incorrect information when you are enrolling in our plan and that information affects your eligibility for our plan. (We cannot make you leave our plan for this reason unless we get permission from Medicare first.)
- If you continuously behave in a way that is disruptive and makes it difficult for us to provide care for you and other members of our plan. (We cannot make you leave our plan for this reason unless we get permission from Medicare first.)
- If you let someone else use your UMP Classic Medicare with Part D (PDP) membership card to get prescription drugs. (We cannot make you leave our plan for this reason unless we get permission from Medicare first.)
  - o If we end your membership because of this reason, Medicare may have your case investigated by the Inspector General.
- If you do not pay the plan premiums for two months.
  - We must notify you in writing that you have two months to pay the plan premium before we end your membership.
- If you are required to pay the extra Part D amount because of your income and you do not pay it, Medicare will disenroll you from our plan and you will lose prescription drug coverage.

#### Where can you get more information?

If you have questions or would like more information on when we can end your membership, call ERB Customer Service.

### Section 5.2 We <u>cannot</u> ask you to leave our plan for any health-related reason

UMP Classic Medicare with Part D (PDP) is not allowed to ask you to leave our plan for any health-related reason.

#### What should you do if this happens?

If you feel that you are being asked to leave our plan because of a health-related reason, call Medicare at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227) 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY 1-877-486-2048.

### Section 5.3 You have the right to make a complaint if we end your membership in our plan

If we end your membership in our plan, we must tell you our reasons in writing for ending your membership. We must also explain how you file a grievance or can make a complaint about our decision to end your membership.

### CHAPTER 9: Legal notices

### **SECTION 1** Notice about governing law

The principal law that applies to this *Evidence of Coverage* document is Title XVIII of the Social Security Act and the regulations created under the Social Security Act by the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services, or CMS. In addition, other Federal laws may apply and, under certain circumstances, the laws of the state you live in. This may affect your rights and responsibilities even if the laws are not included or explained in this document.

### **SECTION 2** Notice about nondiscrimination

We don't discriminate based on race, ethnicity, national origin, color, religion, sex, gender, age, sexual orientation, mental or physical disability, health status, claims experience, medical history, genetic information, evidence of insurability, or geographic location within the service area. All organizations that provide Medicare prescription drug plans, like our plan, must obey Federal laws against discrimination, including Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, the Age Discrimination Act of 1975, the Americans with Disabilities Act, Section 1557 of the Affordable Care Act, all other laws that apply to organizations that get Federal funding, and any other laws and rules that apply for any other reason.

If you want more information or have concerns about discrimination or unfair treatment, please call the Department of Health and Human Services' **Office for Civil Rights** at 1-800-368-1019 (TTY 1-800-537-7697) or your local Office for Civil Rights. You can also review information from the Department of Health and Human Services' Office for Civil Rights at <a href="https://www.hhs.gov/ocr/index.html">https://www.hhs.gov/ocr/index.html</a>.

If you have a disability and need help with access to care, please call us at ArrayRx Customer Service. If you have a complaint, such as a problem with wheelchair access, ArrayRx Customer Service can help.

## SECTION 3 Notice about Medicare Secondary Payer subrogation rights

We have the right and responsibility to collect for covered Medicare prescription drugs for which Medicare is not the primary payer. According to CMS regulations at 42 CFR sections 422.108 and 423.462, UMP Classic Medicare with Part D (PDP), as a Medicare prescription drug plan sponsor, will exercise the same rights of recovery that the Secretary exercises under CMS regulations in subparts B through D of part 411 of 42 CFR and the rules established in this section supersede any State laws.

# CHAPTER 10: Definitions of important words

**Annual Enrollment Period** – The time period of October 15 until December 7 of each year when members can change their health or drug plans or switch to Original Medicare.

**Appeal** – An appeal is something you do if you disagree with our decision to deny a request for coverage of prescription drugs or payment for drugs you already received.

**Biological Product** – A prescription drug that is made from natural and living sources like animal cells, plant cells, bacteria, or yeast. Biological products are more complex than other drugs and cannot be copied exactly, so alternative forms are called biosimilars. (See also "Original Biological Product" and "Biosimilar").

**Biosimilar** – A biological product that is very similar, but not identical, to the original biological product. Biosimilars are as safe and effective as the original biological product. Some biosimilars may be substituted for the original biological product at the pharmacy without needing a new prescription (See "Interchangeable Biosimilar").

**Brand Name Drug** – A prescription drug that is manufactured and sold by the pharmaceutical company that originally researched and developed the drug. Brand name drugs have the same active-ingredient formula as the generic version of the drug. However, generic drugs are manufactured and sold by other drug manufacturers and are generally not available until after the patent on the brand name drug has expired.

Catastrophic Coverage Stage – The stage in the Part D Drug Benefit that begins when you (or other qualified parties on your behalf) have spent \$2,000 for Part D covered drugs during the covered year. During this payment stage, you pay nothing for your covered Part D drugs.

**Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS)** – The Federal agency that administers Medicare.

Chronic-Care Special Needs Plan – C-SNPs are SNPs that restrict enrollment to MA eligible individuals who have one or more severe or disabling chronic conditions, as defined under 42 CFR 422.2, including restricting enrollment based on the multiple commonly co-morbid and clinically linked condition groupings specified in 42 CFR 422.4(a)(1)(iv).

**Coinsurance** – An amount you may be required to pay, expressed as a percentage (for example 20%) as your share of the cost for prescription drugs after you pay any deductibles.

**Complaint** – The formal name for *making a complaint* is *filing a grievance*. The complaint process is used *only* for certain types of problems. This includes problems related to quality of care, waiting times, and the customer service you receive. It also includes complaints if your plan does not follow the time periods in the appeal process.

**Copayment (or copay)** – An amount you may be required to pay as your share of the cost for a prescription drug. A copayment is a set amount (for example \$10), rather than a percentage.

Cost Sharing – Cost sharing refers to amounts that a member has to pay when drugs are received. (This is in addition to the plan's monthly premium.) Cost sharing includes any combination of the following three types of payments: (1) any deductible amount a plan may impose before drugs are covered; (2) any fixed *copayment* amount that a plan requires when a specific drug is received; or (3) any *coinsurance* amount, a percentage of the total amount paid for a drug, that a plan requires when a specific drug is received.

**Cost-Sharing Tier** – Every drug on the list of covered drugs is in one of 6 cost-sharing tiers. In general, the higher the cost-sharing tier, the higher your cost for the drug.

Coverage Determination – A decision about whether a drug prescribed for you is covered by the plan and the amount, if any, you are required to pay for the prescription. In general, if you bring your prescription to a pharmacy and the pharmacy tells you the prescription isn't covered under your plan, that isn't a coverage determination. You need to call or write to your plan to ask for a formal decision about the coverage. Coverage determinations are called *coverage decisions* in this document.

Covered Drugs – The term we use to mean all of the prescription drugs covered by our plan.

Creditable Prescription Drug Coverage – Prescription drug coverage (for example, from an employer or union) that is expected to pay, on average, at least as much as Medicare's standard prescription drug coverage. People who have this kind of coverage when they become eligible for Medicare can generally keep that coverage without paying a penalty if they decide to enroll in Medicare prescription drug coverage later.

Customer Service – A department within our plan responsible for answering your questions about your membership, benefits, grievances, and appeals. Customer Service is dedicated to providing the highest level of service to customers by providing the information needed to understand your membership and use your plan benefits. This is offered through telephone, email, and written contact. When a non-English speaking caller needs to obtain information, we use a language interpretation service to facilitate the discussion. Chapter 2 has contact information.

**Daily cost-sharing rate** – A *daily cost-sharing rate* may apply when your doctor prescribes less than a full month's supply of certain drugs for you and you are required to pay a copayment. A daily cost-sharing rate is the copayment divided by the number of days in a month's supply. Here is an example: If your copayment for a one-month supply of a drug is \$30, and a one-month's supply in your plan is 30 days, then your *daily cost-sharing rate* is \$1 per day.

**Deductible** – The amount you must pay for prescriptions before our plan pays.

**Disenroll** or **Disenrollment** – The process of ending your membership in our plan.

**Dispensing Fee** – A fee charged each time a covered drug is dispensed to pay for the cost of filling a prescription, such as the pharmacist's time to prepare and package the prescription.

**Dual Eligible Special Needs Plans (D-SNP)** – D-SNPs enroll individuals who are entitled to both Medicare (Title XVIII of the Social Security Act) and medical assistance from a state plan under Medicaid (Title XIX). States cover some Medicare costs, depending on the state and the individual's eligibility.

Emergency – A medical emergency is when you, or any other prudent layperson with an average knowledge of health and medicine, believe that you have medical symptoms that require immediate medical attention to prevent loss of life (and, if you are a pregnant woman, loss of an unborn child), loss of a limb, or loss of function of a limb, or loss of or serious impairment to a bodily function. The medical symptoms may be an illness, injury, severe pain, or a medical condition that is quickly getting worse.

Evidence of Coverage (EOC) and Disclosure Information – This document, along with your enrollment form and any other attachments, riders, or other optional coverage selected, which explains your coverage, what we must do, your rights, and what you have to do as a member of our plan.

Exception – A type of coverage decision that, if approved, allows you to get a drug that is not on our formulary (a formulary exception), or get a non-preferred drug at a lower cost-sharing level (a tiering exception). You may also request an exception if our plan requires you to try another drug before receiving the drug you are requesting, if our plan requires a prior authorization for a drug and you want us to waive the criteria restriction, or if our plan limits the quantity or dosage of the drug you are requesting (a formulary exception).

Extra Help – A Medicare program to help people with limited income and resources pay Medicare prescription drug program costs, such as premiums, deductibles, and coinsurance.

**Generic Drug** – A prescription drug that is approved by the Food and Drug Administration (FDA) as having the same active ingredient(s) as the brand name drug. Generally, a *generic* drug works the same as a brand name drug and usually costs less.

**Grievance** – A type of complaint you make about our plan, providers, or pharmacies, including a complaint concerning the quality of your care. This does not involve coverage or payment disputes.

**Income Related Monthly Adjustment Amount (IRMAA)** – If your modified adjusted gross income as reported on your IRS tax return from 2 years ago is above a certain amount, you'll pay the standard premium amount and an Income Related Monthly Adjustment Amount, also known as IRMAA. IRMAA is an extra charge added to your premium. Less than 5% of people with Medicare are affected, so most people will not pay a higher premium.

**Initial Coverage Stage** – This is the stage before your out-of-pocket costs for the year have reached the out-of-pocket threshold amount.

**Initial Enrollment Period** – When you are first eligible for Medicare, the period of time when you can sign up for Medicare Part A and Part B. If you're eligible for Medicare when you turn 65, your Initial Enrollment Period is the 7-month period that begins 3 months before the month you turn 65, includes the month you turn 65, and ends 3 months after the month you turn 65.

**Interchangeable Biosimilar** – A biosimilar that may be used as a substitute for an original biosimilar product at the pharmacy without needing a new prescription because it meets additional requirements related to the potential for automatic substitution. Automatic substitution at the pharmacy is subject to state law.

**Lawfully Present** – Social Security is responsible for determining eligibility and handling enrollment for Medicare. U.S. citizens and lawful permanent residents who are 65 or older, or who have a disability or End-Stage Renal Disease and meet certain conditions, are eligible for Medicare.

Unlawful presence is defined in Section 212(a)(9)(B)(ii) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (INA) to mean that an alien is deemed to be unlawfully present in the U.S. if the alien is (1) present after the expiration of the period of stay authorized by the Secretary of Homeland Security or (2) present without being admitted or paroled.

For most individuals, the period of stay authorized is noted on their I-94 card and they will begin to accrue unlawful presence the day following the date in their I-94 card. Additionally, if USCIS finds (while adjudicating an application for immigration benefit) that the individual has violated their nonimmigrant status, unlawful presence will begin the day after USCIS denies the benefit (or after the I-94 expires, whichever is earlier).

**List of Covered Drugs (Formulary or Drug List)** – A list of prescription drugs covered by the plan.

**Low Income Subsidy (LIS)** – See "Extra Help." Chapter 2 has contact information.

**Manufacturer Discount Program** – A program under which drug manufacturers pay a portion of the plan's full cost for covered Part D brand name drugs and biologics. Discounts are based on agreements between the Federal government and drug manufacturers.

**Medicaid (or Medical Assistance)** – A joint Federal and state program that helps with medical costs for some people with low incomes and limited resources. State Medicaid programs vary, but most health care costs are covered if you qualify for both Medicare and Medicaid.

**Medically Accepted Indication** – A use of a drug that is either approved by the Food and Drug Administration or supported by certain references, such as the American Hospital Formulary Service Drug Information and the Micromedex DRUGDEX Information system.

**Medicare** – The Federal health insurance program for people 65 years of age or older, some people under age 65 with certain disabilities, and people with End-Stage Renal Disease (generally those with permanent kidney failure who need dialysis or a kidney transplant).

Medicare Advantage (MA) Plan – Sometimes called Medicare Part C. A plan offered by a private company that contracts with Medicare to provide you with all your Medicare Part A and Part B benefits. A Medicare Advantage Plan can be i) an HMO, ii) a PPO, iii) a Private Fee-for-Service (PFFS) plan, or iv) a Medicare Medical Savings Account (MSA) plan. Besides choosing from these types of plans, a Medicare Advantage HMO or PPO plan can also be a Special Needs Plan (SNP). In most cases, Medicare Advantage Plans also offer Medicare Part D (prescription drug coverage). These plans are called Medicare Advantage Plans with Prescription Drug Coverage.

**Medicare Cost Plan** – A Medicare Cost Plan is a plan operated by a Health Maintenance Organization (HMO) or Competitive Medical Plan (CMP) in accordance with a cost-reimbursed contract under section 1876(h) of the Act.

**Medicare-Covered Services** – Services covered by Medicare Part A and Part B. The term Medicare-Covered Services does not include the extra benefits, such as vision, dental or hearing, that a Medicare Advantage plan may offer.

**Medicare Health Plan** – A Medicare health plan is offered by a private company that contracts with Medicare to provide Part A and Part B benefits to people with Medicare who enroll in the plan. This term includes all Medicare Advantage Plans, Medicare Cost Plans, Special Needs Plans, Demonstration/Pilot Programs, and Programs of All-inclusive Care for the Elderly (PACE).

Medicare Prescription Drug Coverage (Medicare Part D) – Insurance to help pay for outpatient prescription drugs, vaccines, biologicals, and some supplies not covered by Medicare Part A or Part B.

Medigap (Medicare Supplement Insurance) Policy – Medicare supplement insurance sold by private insurance companies to fill gaps in Original Medicare. Medigap policies only work with Original Medicare. (A Medicare Advantage Plan is not a Medigap policy.)

**Member (Member of our Plan, or Plan Member)** – A person with Medicare who is eligible to get covered services, who has enrolled in our plan, and whose enrollment has been confirmed by the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS).

**Network Pharmacy** – A pharmacy that contracts with our plan where members of our plan can get their prescription drug benefits. In most cases, your prescriptions are covered only if they are filled at one of our network pharmacies.

**Original Biological Product** – A biological product that has been approved by the Food and Drug Administration (FDA) and serves as the comparison for manufacturers making a biosimilar version. It is also called a reference product.

Original Medicare (Traditional Medicare or Fee-for-Service Medicare) – Original Medicare is offered by the government, and not a private health plan like Medicare Advantage Plans and prescription drug plans. Under Original Medicare, Medicare services are covered by paying doctors, hospitals, and other health care providers payment amounts established by Congress. You can see any doctor, hospital, or other health care provider that accepts Medicare. You must pay the deductible. Medicare pays its share of the Medicare-approved amount, and you pay your share. Original Medicare has two parts: Part A (Hospital Insurance) and Part B (Medical Insurance) and is available everywhere in the United States.

**Out-of-Network Pharmacy** – A pharmacy that does not have a contract with our plan to coordinate or provide covered drugs to members of our plan. Most drugs you get from out-of-network pharmacies are not covered by our plan unless certain conditions apply.

**Out-of-Pocket Costs** – See the definition for *cost sharing* above. A member's cost-sharing requirement to pay for a portion of drugs received is also referred to as the member's *out-of-pocket* cost requirement.

Out-of-Pocket Threshold – The maximum amount you pay out of pocket for Part D drugs.

**PACE plan** – A PACE (Program of All-Inclusive Care for the Elderly) plan combines medical, social, and long-term services and supports (LTSS) for frail people to help people stay independent and living in their community (instead of moving to a nursing home) as long as possible. People enrolled in PACE plans receive both their Medicare and Medicaid benefits through the plan. PACE is not available in all states. If you would like to know if PACE is available in your state, please contact ArrayRx Customer Service.

#### Part C – See Medicare Advantage (MA) Plan.

**Part D** – The voluntary Medicare Prescription Drug Benefit Program.

**Part D Drugs** – Drugs that can be covered under Part D. We may or may not offer all Part D drugs. Certain categories of drugs have been excluded as covered Part D drugs by Congress.

**Part D Late Enrollment Penalty** – An amount added to your monthly premium for Medicare drug coverage if you go without creditable coverage (coverage that is expected to pay, on average, at least as much as standard Medicare prescription drug coverage) for a continuous period of 63 days or more after you are first eligible to join a Part D plan.

**Premium** – The periodic payment to Medicare, an insurance company, or a health care plan for health or prescription drug coverage.

**Prior Authorization** – Approval in advance to get certain drugs. Covered drugs that need prior authorization are marked in the formulary and our criteria are posted on our website.

**Quality Improvement Organization (QIO)** – A group of practicing doctors and other health care experts paid by the Federal government to check and improve the care given to Medicare patients.

**Quantity Limits** – A management tool that is designed to limit the use of selected drugs for quality, safety, or utilization reasons. Limits may be on the amount of the drug that we cover per prescription or for a defined period of time.

"Real-Time Benefit Tool" – A portal or computer application in which enrollees can look up complete, accurate, timely, clinically appropriate, enrollee-specific formulary and benefit information. This includes cost-sharing amounts, alternative formulary medications that may be used for the same health condition as a given drug, and coverage restrictions (Prior Authorization, Step Therapy, Quantity Limits) that apply to alternative medications. This tool is also called the Drug Price Estimator.

**Service Area** – A geographic area where you must live to join a particular prescription drug plan. The plan may disenroll you if you permanently move out of the plan's service area.

**Special Enrollment Period** – A set time when members can change their health or drug plans or return to Original Medicare. Situations in which you may be eligible for a Special Enrollment Period include: if you move outside the service area, if you are getting "Extra Help" with your prescription drug costs, if you move into a nursing home, or if we violate our contract with you.

**Step Therapy** – A utilization tool that requires you to first try another drug to treat your medical condition before we will cover the drug your physician may have initially prescribed.

**Supplemental Security Income (SSI)** – A monthly benefit paid by Social Security to people with limited income and resources who are disabled, blind, or age 65 and older. SSI benefits are not the same as Social Security benefits.

# CHAPTER 11: Appendix

### Appendix 1 Quality Improvement Organization

You may contact the Beneficiary and Family-Centered Care Quality Improvement Organization (BFCC-QIO) in your state listed below if available at <a href="mailto:qioprogram.org/immediate-advocacy">qioprogram.org/immediate-advocacy</a>.

Alabama	KEPRO 5201 West Kennedy Blvd. Suite 900 Tampa, FL 33609 www.keproqio.com/  888-317-0751 Toll-free 844-878-7921 Fax 711 TTY	
Alaska	KEPRO       888-305-6759 Toll-fr         5201 West Kennedy Blvd. Suite 900       844-878-7921 Fax         Tampa, FL 33609       711 TTY         www.keproqio.com/       711 TTY	
American Samoa	Livanta LLC BFCC-QIO Program 10820 Guilford Rd Suite 202 Annapolis Junction, MD 20701-1105 www.livantaqio.cms.gov/	684-699-3330 Toll-free 855-694-2929 Fax 711 TTY
Arizona	Livanta LLC BFCC-QIO Program 10820 Guilford Rd Suite 202 Annapolis Junction, MD 20701-1105 www.livantaqio.cms.gov/	877-588-1123 Toll-free 855-694-2929 Fax 711 TTY
Arkansas	KEPRO 5201 West Kennedy Blvd. Suite 900 Tampa, FL 33609 www.keproqio.com/	888-315-0636 Toll-free 844-878-7921 Fax 711 TTY
California	Livanta LLC BFCC-QIO Program 10820 Guilford Rd Suite 202 Annapolis Junction, MD 20701-1105 www.livantaqio.cms.gov/	877-588-1123 Toll-free 855-694-2929 Fax 711 TTY
Colorado	KEPRO 5201 West Kennedy Blvd. Suite 900 Tampa, FL 33609 www.keproqio.com/	888-317-0891 Toll-free 844-878-7921 Fax 711 TTY

Connecticut	KEPRO 5201 West Kennedy Blvd. Suite 900 Tampa, FL 33609 www.keproqio.com/	888-319-8452 Toll-free 844-878-7921 Fax 711 TTY
Delaware	Livanta LLC BFCC-QIO Program 10820 Guilford Rd Suite 202 Annapolis Junction, MD 20701-1105 www.livantaqio.cms.gov/	888-396-4646 Toll-free 855-236-2423 Fax 711 TTY
District of Columbia	Livanta LLC  BFCC-QIO Program  10820 Guilford Rd Suite 202  Annapolis Junction, MD 20701-1105  www.livantaqio.cms.gov/  888-396-4646 Toll-free 855-236-2423 Fax 711 TTY	
Florida	KEPRO 5201 West Kennedy Blvd. Suite 900 Tampa, FL 33609 www.keproqio.com/	888-317-0751 Toll-free 844-878-7921 Fax 711 TTY
Georgia	KEPRO 5201 West Kennedy Blvd. Suite 900 Tampa, FL 33609 www.keproqio.com/	888-317-0751 Toll-free 844-878-7921 Fax 711 TTY
Guam	Livanta LLC BFCC-QIO Program 10820 Guilford Rd Suite 202 Annapolis Junction, MD 20701-1105 www.livantaqio.cms.gov/	671-685-2689 Toll-free 855-694-2929 Fax 711 TTY
Hawaii	Livanta LLC BFCC-QIO Program 10820 Guilford Rd Suite 202 Annapolis Junction, MD 20701-1105 www.livantaqio.cms.gov/	877-588-1123 Toll-free 855-694-2929 Fax 711 TTY
Idaho	KEPRO 5201 West Kennedy Blvd. Suite 900 Tampa, FL 33609 www.keproqio.com/	888-305-6759 Toll-free 844-878-7921 Fax 711 TTY

Illinois	Livanta LLC BFCC-QIO Program 10820 Guilford Rd Suite 202 Annapolis Junction, MD 20701-1105 www.livantaqio.cms.gov/	888-524-9900 Toll-free 855-236-2423 Fax 711 TTY
Indiana	Livanta LLC BFCC-QIO Program 10820 Guilford Rd Suite 202 Annapolis Junction, MD 20701-1105 www.livantaqio.cms.gov/	888-524-9900 Toll-free 855-236-2423 Fax 711 TTY
Iowa	Livanta LLC BFCC-QIO Program 10820 Guilford Rd Suite 202 Annapolis Junction, MD 20701-1105 www.livantaqio.cms.gov/	888-755-5580 Toll-free 855-694-2929 Fax 711 TTY
Kansas	Livanta LLC BFCC-QIO Program 10820 Guilford Rd Suite 202 Annapolis Junction, MD 20701-1105 www.livantaqio.cms.gov/	888-755-5580 Toll-free 855-694-2929 Fax 711 TTY
Kentucky	KEPRO 5201 West Kennedy Blvd. Suite 900 Tampa, FL 33609 www.keproqio.com/	888-317-0751 Toll-free 844-878-7921 Fax 711 TTY
Louisiana	KEPRO 5201 West Kennedy Blvd. Suite 900 Tampa, FL 33609 www.keproqio.com/	888-315-0636 Toll-free 844-878-7921 Fax 711 TTY
Maine	KEPRO 888-319-8452 Toll-fr 5201 West Kennedy Blvd. Suite 900 844-878-7921 Fax Tampa, FL 33609 711 TTY	
Maryland	Livanta LLC BFCC-QIO Program 10820 Guilford Rd Suite 202 Annapolis Junction, MD 20701-1105 www.livantaqio.cms.gov/	888-396-4646 Toll-free 855-236-2423 Fax 711 TTY

Massachusetts	KEPRO 5201 West Kennedy Blvd. Suite 900 Tampa, FL 33609 www.keproqio.com/	888-319-8452 Toll-free 844-878-7921 Fax 711 TTY
Michigan	Livanta LLC BFCC-QIO Program 10820 Guilford Rd Suite 202 Annapolis Junction, MD 20701-1105 www.livantaqio.cms.gov/	888-524-9900 Toll-free 855-236-2423 Fax 711 TTY
Minnesota	Livanta LLC BFCC-QIO Program 10820 Guilford Rd Suite 202 Annapolis Junction, MD 20701-1105 www.livantaqio.cms.gov/	888-524-9900 Toll-free 855-236-2423 Fax 711 TTY
Mississippi	KEPRO 5201 West Kennedy Blvd. Suite 900 Tampa, FL 33609 www.keproqio.com/	888-317-0751 Toll-free 844-878-7921 Fax 711 TTY
Missouri	Livanta LLC BFCC-QIO Program 10820 Guilford Rd Suite 202 Annapolis Junction, MD 20701-1105 www.livantaqio.cms.gov/	888-755-5580 Toll-free 855-694-2929 Fax 711 TTY
Montana	KEPRO 5201 West Kennedy Blvd. Suite 900 Tampa, FL 33609 www.keproqio.com/	888-317-0891 Toll-free 844-878-7921 Fax 711 TTY
Nebraska	Livanta LLC BFCC-QIO Program 10820 Guilford Rd Suite 202 Annapolis Junction, MD 20701-1105 www.livantaqio.cms.gov/	888-755-5580 Toll-free 855-694-2929 Fax 711 TTY
Nevada	Livanta LLC BFCC-QIO Program 10820 Guilford Rd Suite 202 Annapolis Junction, MD 20701-1105 www.livantaqio.cms.gov/	877-588-1123 Toll-free 855-694-2929 Fax 711 TTY

New Hampshire	KEPRO       888-319-8452 Toll-free         5201 West Kennedy Blvd. Suite 900       844-878-7921 Fax         Tampa, FL 33609       711 TTY         www.keproqio.com/       711 TTY	
New Jersey	Livanta LLC BFCC-QIO Program 10820 Guilford Rd Suite 202 Annapolis Junction, MD 20701-1105 www.livantaqio.cms.gov/	866-815-5440 Toll-free 855-236-2423 Fax 711 TTY
New Mexico	KEPRO 5201 West Kennedy Blvd. Suite 900 Tampa, FL 33609 www.keproqio.com/	888-315-0636 Toll-free 844-878-7921 Fax 711 TTY
New York	Livanta LLC BFCC-QIO Program 10820 Guilford Rd Suite 202 Annapolis Junction, MD 20701-1105 www.livantaqio.cms.gov/	866-815-5440 Toll-free 855-236-2423 Fax 711 TTY
North Carolina	KEPRO 5201 West Kennedy Blvd. Suite 900 Tampa, FL 33609 www.keproqio.com/	888-317-0751 Toll-free 844-878-7921 Fax 711 TTY
North Dakota	KEPRO 5201 West Kennedy Blvd. Suite 900 Tampa, FL 33609 www.keproqio.com/	888-317-0891 Toll-free 844-878-7921 Fax 711 TTY
Northern Mariana Islands	Livanta LLC BFCC-QIO Program 10820 Guilford Rd Suite 202 Annapolis Junction, MD 20701-1105 www.livantaqio.cms.gov/	
Ohio	Livanta LLC BFCC-QIO Program 10820 Guilford Rd Suite 202 Annapolis Junction, MD 20701-1105 www.livantaqio.cms.gov/	888-524-9900 Toll-free 855-236-2423 Fax 711 TTY

Oklahoma	KEPRO 5201 West Kennedy Blvd. Suite 900 Tampa, FL 33609 www.keproqio.com/	888-315-0636 Toll-free 844-878-7921 Fax 711 TTY
Oregon	KEPRO 5201 West Kennedy Blvd. Suite 900 Tampa, FL 33609 www.keproqio.com/	888-305-6759 Toll-free 844-878-7921 Fax 711 TTY
Pennsylvania	Livanta LLC BFCC-QIO Program 10820 Guilford Rd Suite 202 Annapolis Junction, MD 20701-1105 www.livantaqio.cms.gov/	
Puerto Rico	Livanta LLC BFCC-QIO Program 10820 Guilford Rd Suite 202 Annapolis Junction, MD 20701-1105 www.livantaqio.cms.gov/	866-815-5440 Toll-free 855-236-2423 Fax 711 TTY
Rhode Island	KEPRO 5201 West Kennedy Blvd. Suite 900 888-319-8452 Toll-from 5201 West Kennedy Blvd. Suite 900 844-878-7921 Fax 711 TTY 711 TTY	
South Carolina	KEPRO 5201 West Kennedy Blvd. Suite 900 Tampa, FL 33609 www.keproqio.com/	888-317-0751 Toll-free 844-878-7921 Fax 711 TTY
South Dakota	KEPRO 5201 West Kennedy Blvd. Suite 900 Tampa, FL 33609 www.keproqio.com/	888-317-0891 Toll-free 844-878-7921 Fax 711 TTY
Tennessee	KEPRO 5201 West Kennedy Blvd. Suite 900 Tampa, FL 33609 www.keproqio.com/	888-317-0751 Toll-free 844-878-7921 Fax 711 TTY
Texas	KEPRO 5201 West Kennedy Blvd. Suite 900 Tampa, FL 33609 www.keproqio.com/	888-315-0636 Toll-free 844-878-7921 Fax 711 TTY

Utah	KEPRO 5201 West Kennedy Blvd. Suite 900 Tampa, FL 33609 www.keproqio.com/	888-317-0891 Toll-free 844-878-7921 Fax 711 TTY
Vermont	KEPRO 5201 West Kennedy Blvd. Suite 900 Tampa, FL 33609 www.keproqio.com/	888-319-8452 Toll-free 844-878-7921 Fax 711 TTY
Virgin Islands	Livanta LLC  BFCC-QIO Program  10820 Guilford Rd Suite 202  Annapolis Junction, MD 20701-1105  www.livantaqio.cms.gov/	
Virginia	Livanta LLC BFCC-QIO Program 10820 Guilford Rd Suite 202 Annapolis Junction, MD 20701-1105 www.livantaqio.cms.gov/	888-396-4646 Toll-free 855-236-2423 Fax 711 TTY
Washington	KEPRO 5201 West Kennedy Blvd. Suite 900 Tampa, FL 33609 www.keproqio.com/	888-305-6759 Toll-free 844-878-7921 Fax 711 TTY
West Virginia	Livanta LLC BFCC-QIO Program 10820 Guilford Rd Suite 202 Annapolis Junction, MD 20701-1105 www.livantaqio.cms.gov/	888-396-4646 Toll-free 855-236-2423 Fax 711 TTY
Wisconsin	Livanta LLC BFCC-QIO Program 10820 Guilford Rd Suite 202 Annapolis Junction, MD 20701-1105 www.livantaqio.cms.gov/	888-524-9900 Toll-free 855-236-2423 Fax 711 TTY
Wyoming	KEPRO 5201 West Kennedy Blvd. Suite 900 Tampa, FL 33609 www.keproqio.com/	888-317-0891 Toll-free 844-878-7921 Fax 711 TTY

### **Appendix 2** – State Pharmaceutical Assistance Program (SPAP)

You can contact the SPAP in your state listed below if available. Not all states offer an SPAP. The list is also available online at: <a href="www.medicare.gov/plan-compare/#/pharmaceutical-assistance-program/states?year=2024&lang=en">www.medicare.gov/plan-compare/#/pharmaceutical-assistance-program/states?year=2024&lang=en</a>

Alabama	334-206-5364	HIV Office of Prevention and Care Alabama Department of Public Health The RSA Tower, Suite 1200 201 Monroe Street Montgomery, Alabama 36104  www.alabamapublichealth.gov/hiv/
Alaska	800-478-2437	Alaskan AIDS Assistance Association AIDS Drug Assistance Program (ADAP) 1057 W. Fireweed Lane, Suite 102 Anchorage, AK 99503  www.alaskanaids.org/client-services/aids-drug-assistance-program-adap
Arizona	800-334-1540	Arizona Department of Health Services 150 North 18th Avenue Phoenix, Arizona 85007  www.azdhs.gov/preparedness/bureau-of-infectious-disease-and-services/hiv-hepatitis-c-services/?index.php#aids-drug-assistance-program-home
Arkansas	800-462-0599	Arkansas Department of Health Ryan White Program 4815 West Markham Street Little Rock AR 72205-3867  www.healthy.arkansas.gov/programs-services/topics/ryan-white-program
California	833-422-4255	California State Department of Public Health AIDS Drug Assistance Program P.O. Box 997377 MS 0500 Sacramento CA 95899-7377  www.cdph.ca.gov/Programs/CID/DOA/Pages/OAadap.asp x
Colorado	303-692-2000	Colorado Department of Public Health & Environment State Drug Assistance Program (SDAP) 4300 Cherry Creek Drive South Denver CO 80246  cdphe.colorado.gov/state-drug-assistance-program

Connecticut	800-424-3310	Connecticut Department of Public Health C/O Magellan Rx PO Box 13001 Albany NY 12212-3001  ctdph.magellanrx.com/member/homesecure
Delaware	844-245-9580	Delaware Prescription Assistance Program PO Box 950 New Castle, DE 19720-0950  www.dhss.delaware.gov/dhss/dmma/dpap.html
District of Columbia	202-671-4815	District of Columbia ADAP 2201 Shannon Place SE Washington, DC 20020 dchealth.dc.gov/DC-ADAP
Florida	850-245-4422	AIDS Drug Assistance Program 4052 Bald Cypress Way Tallahassee FL 32399  www.floridahealth.gov/diseases-and- conditions/aids/adap/index.html
Georgia	404-657-2700	Georgia AIDS Drug Assistance Plan Department of Public Health 200 Piedmont Avenue, SE Atlanta, Georgia 30334  dph.georgia.gov/hiv-care/aids-drug-assistance-program-adap
Hawaii	808-733-9360	Hawai'i State Department of Health HIV Drug Assistance Program (HDAP) 3627 Kilauea Avenue, Suite 306 Honolulu, HI 96816 health.hawaii.gov/harmreduction/about-us/hiv-programs/hiv-medical-management-services/
Idaho	800-424-5734	Idaho Department of Health and Welfare AIDS Drug Assistance Program (ID ADAP) 1720 Westgate Drive Boise, ID 83704 healthandwelfare.idaho.gov/providers/hiv-std-and-hepatitis-providers/ryan-white-provider-resources

Illinois	800-825-3518	Illinois Department of Public Health Ryan White Part B Program 525 West Jefferson Street, First Floor Springfield, IL 62761  dph.illinois.gov/topics-services/diseases- and-conditions/hiv-aids/ryan-white-care- and-hopwa-services.html
Indiana	866-267-4679	HoosierRx 402 W Washington, Rm. 372 Indianapolis, IN 46204  www.in.gov/medicaid/members/member- programs/hoosierrx/
	800-382-9480	Indiana Department of Health HIV Services Program ADAP 2 N. Meridian St. Indianapolis IN 46204  www.in.gov/health/hiv-std-viral-hepatitis/hiv-services/
Iowa	515-204-3746	Iowa Health and Human Services Bureau of HIV, STI and Hepatitis 321 E. 12th Street Des Moines IA 50319  stophiviowa.org
Kansas	785-296-8844	Kansas Department of Health and Environment Ryan White Part B Program 1000 SW Jackson, Suite 210 Topeka KS 66612  www.kdhe.ks.gov/355/Ryan-White-Part-B-Program
Kentucky	800-420-7431	Kentucky AIDS Drug Assistance Program (KADAP) 275 E Main St, HS2E-C Frankfort KY 40621  www.chfs.ky.gov/agencies/dph/dehp/hab/Pages/service s.aspx

Louisiana	504-568-7474	Louisiana Health Access Program 1450 Poydras St, Suite 2136 New Orleans LA 70112  www.lahap.org/
	225-342-9500	Louisiana Department of Health SHHP Program PO Box 629 Baton Rouge, LA 70821-0629  ldh.la.gov/page/shhp
Maine	207-287-3707	Department of Health and Human Services Ryan White Part B Program 109 Capitol Street, 11 State House Station Augusta ME 04333  www.maine.gov/dhhs/ofi/programs-services
Maryland	800-551-5995	Maryland Senior Prescription Drug Program c/o International Software Systems Inc. PO Box 749 Greenbelt, Maryland 20768-0749  marylandspdap.com
	410-767-6535	Maryland AIDS Drug Assistance Program (MADAP) 1223 W Pratt Street Baltimore, MD 21223 health.maryland.gov/phpa/OIDPCS/Pages/MADAP.aspx
Massachusetts	800-243-4636	Prescription Advantage P.O. Box 15153 Worcester MA 01615-0153  www.prescriptionadvantagema.org/
Michigan	888-826-6565	Michigan Drug Assistance Program P.O. Box 30727 Lansing, MI 48909 www.michigan.gov/mdhhs/keep-mi- healthy/chronicdiseases/hivsti/michigan-drug-assistance- program

Minnesota	651-431-2398	Minnesota Department of Human Services AIDS Drug Assistance Program (ADAP) P.O. Box 64972 St. Paul, MN 55164-0972 mn.gov/dhs/people-we-serve/adults/health-care/hiv-aids/programs-services/medications.jsp
Mississippi	888-343-7373	Mississippi State Department of Health Ryan White Part B Care and Treatment Division PO Box 1700 Jackson, MS 39215-1700  msdh.ms.gov/page/14,13047,150.html
Missouri	573-751-6439	Missouri Department of Health & Senior Services PO Box 570 Jefferson City, MO 65102  health.mo.gov/living/healthcondiseases/com municable/hivaids/casemgmt.php
Montana	406-444-5622	Montana Ryan White HIV Treatment Program PO Box 4210 Helena, MT 59604-4210  dphhs.mt.gov/publichealth/hivstd/treatment/mtry anwhiteprog
Nebraska	800-922-0000	Nebraska Medicine Ryan White HIV/AIDS Program 987400 Nebraska Medical Center Omaha, NE 68198-7400  www.nebraskamed.com/hiv/ryan-white-assistance

Nevada	888-475-3219	Nevada Department of Health and Human Services Nevada Medication Assistance Program (NMAP) 400 West King Street, Suite 300 Carson City, NV 89703  nvmap.magellanrx.com/home
New Hampshire	603-271-4502	New Hampshire AIDS Drug Assistance Program (ADAP) 29 Hazen Drive Concord NH 03301  www.dhhs.nh.gov/programs-services/disease- prevention/infectious-disease-control/nh-ryan-white- care-program/nh-adap
New Jersey	800-792-9745	NJ PAAD Program P.O. Box 715 Trenton NJ 08625-0715  www.nj.gov/humanservices/doas/services/l-p/paad/
	877-613-4533	NJ AIDS Drug Distribution program (NJADDP) P. O. Box 360 Trenton, NJ 08625-0360  www.nj.gov/health/hivstdtb/hiv-aids/medications.shtml
	800-792-9745	NJ Senior Gold Discount card program P.O. Box 715 Trenton, NJ 08625-0715  www.nj.gov/humanservices/doas/services/q-z/senior-gold/
New Mexico	866-306-1882	New Mexico Medical Insurance Pool 1223 St. Francis Drive, Ste. B. Santa Fe, NM 87505 www.nmmip.org/
New York	800-332-3742	New York State Department of Health EPIC Program PO Box 15018 Albany NY 12212-5018  www.health.ny.gov/health_care/epic/

New York (continued)	800-542-2437	New York State Department of Health Uninsured Care Programs Empire Station P.O. Box 2052 Albany NY 12220-0052  www.health.ny.gov/diseases/aids/general/resources/ada p/index.htm
North Carolina	919-733-3419	North Carolina HIV Medication Assistance Program (NC HMAP) 1902 Mail Service Center Raleigh NC 27699-1902  epi.dph.ncdhhs.gov/cd/hiv/hmap.html
North Dakota	701-328-2310	North Dakota Health & Human Services ND Ryan White Program 600 East Boulevard Ave Bismarck, ND 58505-0250  www.hhs.nd.gov/health/diseases-conditions-and- immunization/HIV/LivingwithHIV/RyanWhite
Ohio	800-777-4775	Ohio HIV Drug Assistance Program 246 N High Street Columbus OH 43215  odh.ohio.gov/know-our-programs/Ryan-White-Part-B- HIV-Client-Services/AIDS-Drug-Assistance-Program/
Oklahoma	405-271-4636	Oklahoma AIDS Drug Assistance Program 1000 NE Tenth & Stonewall Mail Drop 0308 Oklahoma City, OK 73117-1299  www.rxresource.org/prescription-assistance/oklahoma- aids-drug-assistance-program.html
Oregon	971-673-0144	CAREAssist Program 800 NE Oregon Street, Suite 1105 Portland, OR 97232 www.oregon.gov/oha/PH/DISEASESCONDITIONS/HIV STDVIRALHEPATITIS/HIVCARETREATMENT/CAR EASSIST/Pages/index.aspx

Pennsylvania	800-225-7223	Pennsylvania Department of Health Chronic Renal Disease Program (CRDP) 625 Forster St. 7th Floor East Wing Harrisburg, PA 17120-0701
		www.health.pa.gov/topics/programs/Chronic-Renal- Disease/Pages/Chronic%20Renal%20Disease.aspx
	800-433-4459	Special Pharmaceutical Benefits Program - Mental Health P.O. Box 2675 Harrisburg PA 17105-2675
		www.dhs.pa.gov/providers/Providers/Pages/Special-Pharmaceuticals.aspx
	800-225-7223	PACE/PACENET PO Box 8806
		Harrisburg, PA 17105-8806  pacecares.magellanhealth.com/
	800-922-9384	Department of Health Special Pharmaceutical Benefits Program/ADAP P.O. Box 8808
		Harrisburg, PA 17105-8808
		www.health.pa.gov/topics/programs/HIV/Pages/Special-Pharmaceutical-Benefits.aspx
Puerto Rico	787-765-2929	Departamento de Salud Programa Ryan White Parte B/ADAP PO Box 70184 San Juan PR 00936-8184
		https://www.salud.pr.gov/CMS/137
Rhode Island	401-462-0560	Rhode Island Pharmaceutical Assistance to Elders (RIPAE) 57 Howard Ave Cranston RI 02920
		oha.ri.gov/what-we-do/access/health-insurance- coaching/drug-cost-assistance
South Carolina	800-856-9954	Medicare D Assistance Program (MAP) 3rd Floor Mills/Jarrett Box 101106 Columbia SC 29211
		scdhec.gov/aids-drug-assistance-program

South Dakota	800-592-1861	South Dakota Department of Health Ryan White Part B CARE Program 615 E. 4th St Pierre, SD 57501-1700  doh.sd.gov/topics/diseases- conditions/communicable-infectious- diseases/reportable-communicable- diseases/hivaids/ryan-white-part-b-program/
Tennessee	(615) 741-7500	Tennessee Department of Health Ryan White Part B Program 710 James Robertson Parkway Nashville, TN 37243  www.tn.gov/health/health-program-areas/std/std/ryan-white-part-b-program.html
Texas	800-222-3986 800-255-1090	Texas Kidney Health Care Program P.O. Box 149030 Mail Code 1938 Austin, TX 78714-9947  www.hhs.texas.gov/services/health/kidney-health-care  Texas THMP State Pharmacy Assistance Program (SPAP) Attn: MSJA MC 1873 P.O. Box 149347 Austin, TX 78714-9347  www.dshs.texas.gov/hivstd/meds/spap
Utah	801-538-6311	Utah Department of Health & Human Services Ryan White HIV/AIDS Program Cannon Health Building 288 N 1460 W Salt Lake City, Utah 84116  ptc.health.utah.gov/treatment/ryan-white/
Vermont	855-899-9600	Department of Vermont Health Access 280 State Drive, NOB 1 South Waterbury, VT 05671-1010 dvha.vermont.gov/

Virgin Islands		Not available
Virginia	855-362-0658	Virginia Medication Assistance Program (VA MAP) P.O. Box 2448 Richmond, Virginia 23218-2448 www.vdh.virginia.gov/disease-prevention/vamap/
Washington	877-376-9316	Early Intervention Program (EIP) PO Box 47841 Olympia, WA 98504-7841 doh.wa.gov/you-and-your-family/illness-and-disease-z/hiv/hiv-care-client-services
Washington DC	202-442-5955	DC Health DC AIDS Drug Assistance Program 2201 Shannon Place SE Washington, DC 20020 dchealth.dc.gov/DC-ADAP
West Virginia	304-232-6822	West Virginia Health & Human Resources Ryan White Part B Program 350 Capitol Street, Room 125 Charleston, WV 25301  oeps.wv.gov/rwp/pages/default.aspx
Wisconsin	800-657-2038	Wisconsin Department of Health Services SeniorCare: Prescription Drug Assistance Program 1 West Wilson Street Madison, WI 53703  www.dhs.wisconsin.gov/seniorcare/index.htm
	800-991-5532	Wisconsin AIDS/HIV Drug Assistance Program (ADAP)  1 West Wilson Street Madison, WI 53703  www.dhs.wisconsin.gov/hiv/adap.htm
Wyoming	307-777-3562	Wyoming Department of Health Communicable Disease Treatment Program 401 Hathaway Building Cheyenne, WY 82002  health.wyo.gov/publichealth/communicable-disease- unit/hiv/

### Appendix 3 -State Medicaid Agencies

You may contact the State Medicaid Agencies in your state listed below if available. The list is also available online at: <a href="www.medicaid.gov/about-us/beneficiary-resources/index.html#statemenu">www.medicaid.gov/about-us/beneficiary-resources/index.html#statemenu</a>

State	Agency Name and Website	Toll-free Number
Alabama	Medicaid Agency of Alabama medicaid.alabama.gov/	800-362-1504
Alaska	Alaska Department of Health and Social Services health.alaska.gov/dpa/Pages/medicaid/default.aspx	800-780-9972
American Samoa	American Samoa Medicaid State Agency medicaid.as.gov/	684-699-4777
Arizona	Arizona Health Care Cost Containment System (AHCCCS)  azahcccs.gov/	800-523-0231
Arkansas	Arkansas Department of Human Services <a "="" dhss="" dhss.delaware.gov="" dmma="" href="https://doi.org/10.2007/j.jup/news/2007/j.jup/n&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;800-482-5431&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;California&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;Department of Health Care Services  www.dhcs.ca.gov/&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;800-541-5555&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;Colorado&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;Health First Colorado www.healthfirstcolorado.com/&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;800-221-3943&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;Connecticut&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;Connecticut Medicaid portal.ct.gov/HUSKY/How-to-Contact-Us&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;855-805-4325&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;Delaware&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;Delaware Medicaid &amp; Medical Assistance &lt;a href=" https:="">dhss.delaware.gov/dhss/dmma/</a>	866-843-7212
District of Columbia	DC Medicaid dcoa.dc.gov/service/dc-state-health-insurance- assistance-program-ship	202-727-8370
Florida	Florida Agency for Health Care Administration ahca.myflorida.com/	888-419-3456
Georgia	Georgia Medicaid dch.georgia.gov/	866-211-0950
Guam	Department of Public Health and Social Services dphss.guam.gov/division-of-public-welfare/	671-300-8853
Hawaii	Hawaii Med_QUEST Division medquest.hawaii.gov	808-524-3370
Idaho	Senior Health Insurance Benefits Advisors (SHIBA) www.shiba.idaho.gov	877-456-1233
Illinois	Illinois Department of Healthcare and Family Services <a href="https://doi.org/10.2016/j.jen/">https://doi.org/10.2016/j.jen/</a>	800-843-6154
Indiana	Indiana Family and Social Services Administration <a href="http://www.in.gov/fssa/dfr/medicaid-health-plans/">http://www.in.gov/fssa/dfr/medicaid-health-plans/</a>	800-403-0864
Iowa	Iowa Department of Human Services	

Kansas	KanCare kancare.ks.gov/	800-792-4884
Kentucky	Kentucky Cabinet for Health and Family Services chfs.ky.gov/Pages/index.aspx	855-306-8959
Louisiana	Healthy Louisiana <a href="https://doi.org/ldb.12.gov/subhome/48">ldh.1a.gov/subhome/48</a>	888-342-6207
Maine	Maine Department of Health and Human Services www.maine.gov/dhhs/	855-797-4357
Maryland	Maryland Department of Health <a href="health.maryland.gov/mmcp/Pages/MedicaidCheckIn-Participants.aspx">health.maryland.gov/mmcp/Pages/MedicaidCheckIn-Participants.aspx</a>	855-642-8572
Massachusetts	MassHealth www.mass.gov/topics/masshealth	800-841-2900
Michigan	Michigan Department of Health & Human Services www.michigan.gov/mdhhs	833-599-6444
Minnesota	Minnesota Department of Human Services mn.gov/dhs/	800-657-3672
Mississippi	Mississippi Division of Medicaid medicaid.ms.gov/	800-421-2408
Missouri	Missouri Department of Social Services  www.dss.mo.gov	573-751-3425
Montana	Montana Department of Public Health & Human Services dphhs.mt.gov/	800-362-8312
Nebraska	Nebraska Department of Health and Human Services dhhs.ne.gov/Pages/default.aspx	855-632-7633
Nevada	Nevada Department of Health and Human Services <a href="https://dhhs.nv.gov/">dhhs.nv.gov/</a>	877-638-3472
New Hampshire	New Hampshire Department of Health and Human Services  www.dhhs.nh.gov/	844-275-3447
New Jersey	New Jersey Department of Human Services www.state.nj.us/humanservices/	800-701-0710
New Mexico	New Mexico Human Services Department www.hsd.state.nm.us/	800-283-4465
New York	New York State Department of Health www.health.ny.gov/health_care/medicaid/changes/	855-355-5777
North Carolina	North Carolina Medicaid medicaid.ncdhhs.gov	888-245-0179

North Dakota	North Dakota Department of Human Services www.hhs.nd.gov/applyforhelp	800-755-2604
Northern Mariana Islands	Commonwealth Medicaid Agency medicaid.cnmi.mp/	670-664-4880
Ohio	Ohio Department of Medicaid medicaid.ohio.gov/	800-324-8680
Oklahoma	Oklahoma Health Care Authority oklahoma.gov/ohca.html	800-987-7767
Oregon	Oregon Health Care healthcare.oregon.gov/Pages/index.aspx	800-699-9075
Pennsylvania	Pennsylvania Department of Human Services www.dhs.pa.gov/Pages/default.aspx	800-692-7462
Puerto Rico	Medicaid Program <a href="https://www.medicaid.pr.gov/">https://www.medicaid.pr.gov/</a>	787-641-4224
Rhode Island	Rhode Island Executive Office of Health and Human Services eohhs.ri.gov	855-840-4774
South Carolina	South Carolina Health Connections Medicaid www.scdhhs.gov/	888-549-0820
South Dakota	South Dakota Department of Social Services dss.sd.gov/	800-597-1603
Tennessee	Tennessee Department of Health www.tn.gov/health.html	855-259-0701
Texas	Texas Health and Human Services  www.hhs.texas.gov	800-335-8957
Utah	Utah Department of Health Medicaid medicaid.utah.gov	866-435-7414
U. S. Virgin Islands	Virgin Islands DHS www.dhs.gov.vi/	340-774-0930
Vermont	Department of Vermont Health Access dvha.vermont.gov	855-899-9600
Virginia	Virginia Department of Medical Assistance Services www.dmas.virginia.gov/#/index	833-522-5582
Washington	Washington Stage Health Care Authority <a href="https://www.hca.wa.gov/">www.hca.wa.gov/</a>	800-562-3022

West Virginia	West Virginia Department of Health and Human Resources <a href="https://dhw.gov/Pages/default.aspx">dhhr.wv.gov/Pages/default.aspx</a>	877-716-1212
Wisconsin	Wisconsin Department of Health Services www.dhs.wisconsin.gov	800-362-3002
Wyoming	Wyoming Department of Health health.wyo.gov	855-294-2127

# **Appendix 4** –State Health Insurance Assistance Programs (SHIP)

You may contact the SHIP in your state listed below if available. The list is also available online at: <a href="https://www.shiphelp.org">www.shiphelp.org</a>

State	Agency Name and Website	Toll-free Number
Alabama	State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP)  www.alabamaageline.gov/	800-243-5463
Alaska	Alaska Medicare Information Office (SHIP)  www.medicare.alaska.gov	800-478-6065
Arizona	Arizona State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP) des.az.gov/services/older-adults/medicare-assistance	800-432-4040
Arkansas	Senior Health Insurance Information Program (SHIIP)  www.shiipar.com/landing-page/	800-224-6330
California	California Health Insurance Counseling and Advocacy Program (HICAP) <a href="https://www.aging.ca.gov/hicap/">www.aging.ca.gov/hicap/</a>	800-434-0222
Colorado	Senior Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP) <a href="https://doi.org/doi.org/insurance-products/health-insurance/senior-health-care-medicare">doi.org/insurance-products/health-insurance/senior-health-care-medicare</a>	888-696-7213
Connecticut	Connecticut's Program for Health Insurance Assistance, Outreach, Information and Referral, Counseling, Eligibility Screening (CHOICES) portal.ct.gov/ADS-CHOICES	800-994-9422
Delaware	Delaware Medicare Assistance Bureau delawareinsurance.gov/DMAB/	800-336-9500
District of Columbia	Health Insurance Counseling Project (HICP) dcoa.dc.gov/service/dc-state-health-insurance-assistance-program-ship	202-727-8370
Florida	Serving Health Insurance Needs of Elders (SHINE) <a href="https://www.floridashine.org/">www.floridashine.org/</a>	800-963-5337
Georgia	Georgia State Health Insurance Assistance Program aging.georgia.gov/georgia-ship	866-552-4464
Guam	Guam Medicare Assistance Program (GUAM MAP) Dphss.guam.gov/	671-735-7415
Hawaii	Hawaii State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP) <a href="https://www.hawaiiship.org/">www.hawaiiship.org/</a>	888-875-9229
Idaho	Senior Health Insurance Benefits Advisors (SHIBA)  www.shiba.idaho.gov	800-247-4422
Illinois	Senior Health Insurance Program (SHIP) www2.illinois.gov/aging/ship/Pages/default.aspx	800-252-8966

Indiana	State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP) <a href="https://www.in.gov/ship/">www.in.gov/ship/</a>	800-452-4800
Iowa	Senior Health Insurance Information Program (SHIP) <a href="mailto:shiip.iowa.gov/">shiip.iowa.gov/</a>	800-351-4664
Kansas	Senior Health Insurance Counseling for Kansas (SHICK) www.kdads.ks.gov/commissions/commission-on-aging/medicare-programs/shick	800-860-5260
Kentucky	State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP) chfs.ky.gov/agencies/dail/Pages/ship.aspx	877-293-7447
Louisiana	Senior Health Insurance Information Program (SHIIP) www.ldi.la.gov/consumers/senior-health-shiip	800-259-5300
Maine	Maine State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP)  www.maine.gov/dhhs/oads/get-support/older-adults- disabilities/older-adult-services/ship-medicare-assistance	800-262-2232
Maryland	State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP) aging.maryland.gov/Pages/state-health-insurance- program.aspx	800-243-3425
Massachusetts	Serving Health Insurance Needs of Everyone (SHINE) www.mass.gov/health-insurance-counseling	800-243-4636
Michigan	Michigan Medicare Assistance Program (MMAP Inc.) www.mmapinc.org	800-803-7174
Minnesota	Minnesota Senior LinkAge Line mn.gov/senior-linkage-line/	800-333-2433
Mississippi	State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP) www.mdhs.ms.gov/adults-seniors/services-for- seniors/state-health-insurance-assistance-program/	844-822-4622
Missouri	Missouri State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP) missouriship.org/	800-390-3330
Montana	Montana State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP) dhhs.mt.gov/sltc/aging/ship	800-551-3191
Nebraska	Nebraska SHIP doi.nebraska.gov/consumer/senior-health	800-234-7119
Nevada	Nevada Medicare Assistance Program (MAP) www.nevadacareconnection.org/care-options/types-of- services/healthcare/medicare-assistance-program-map/	800-307-4444
New Hampshire	New Hampshire State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP) - ServiceLink Resource Center www.servicelink.nh.gov/medicare/index.htm	866-634-9412
New Jersey	State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP) nj.gov/humanservices/doas/services/q-z/ship/	800-792-8820
New Mexico	New Mexico ADRC - State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP) www.nmaging.state.nm.us/	800-432-2080

New York	Health Insurance Information, Counseling and Assistance (HIICAP)	800-701-0501
	aging.ny.gov/health-insurance-information-counseling-and-assistance	
North Carolina	Seniors Health Insurance Information Program (SHIIP)	855-408-1212
	www.ncdoi.gov/consumers/medicare-and-seniors-health-	
	insurance-information-program-shiip	
North Dakota	State Health Insurance Counseling Program (SHIC) <a href="https://www.insurance.nd.gov/shic-medicare">www.insurance.nd.gov/shic-medicare</a>	888-575-6611
Ohio	Ohio Senior Health Insurance Information Program (OSHIIP) www.insurance.ohio.gov/about-us/divisions/oshiip	800-686-1578
Oklahoma	Senior Health Insurance Counseling Program (SHIP) www.map.oid.ok.gov	800-763-2828
Oregon	Senior Health Insurance Benefits Assistance (SHIBA) shiba.oregon.gov/	800-722-4134
Pennsylvania	PA MEDI - Pennsylvania Medicare Education and Decision Insight  www.aging.pa.gov	800-783-7067
Puerto Rico	State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP) <u>agencias.pr.gov/agencias/oppea/educacion/Pages/ship.aspx</u>	877-725-4300
Rhode Island	Senior Health Insurance Program (SHIP) <a href="https://doi.org/10.2016/j.jps/">oha.ri.gov/Medicare</a>	888-884-8721
South Carolina	State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP) www.aging.sc.gov/	800-868-9095
South Dakota	Senior Health Information and Insurance Education (SHIINE) www.shiine.net/	800-536-8197
Tennessee	State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP) www.tn.gov/aging/our-programs/state-health-insurance- assistance-programshiphtml	877-801-0044
Texas	Health Information, Counseling, and Advocacy Program (HICAP) hhs.texas.gov/services/health/medicare	800-252-9240
Utah	Senior Health Insurance Information Program (SHIP) daas.utah.gov/seniors/	800-541-7735
Vermont	State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP) <u>asd.vermont.gov/services/ship</u>	800-642-5119
Virgin Islands	State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP) <u>ltg.gov.vi/departments/vi-ship-%20medicare/</u>	340-772-7368
Virginia	Virginia Insurance Counseling & Assistance Program (VICAP) www.vda.virginia.gov/vicap.htm	800-552-3402

Washington	Statewide Health Insurance Benefits Advisors (SHIBA)  www.insurance.wa.gov/about-oic/what-we-do/advocate-for-consumers/shiba/	800-562-6900
West Virginia	State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP) <a href="https://www.wvship.org/">www.wvship.org/</a>	877-987-4463
Wisconsin	State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP) www.dhs.wisconsin.gov/benefit-specialists/medicare- counseling.htm	800-242-1060
Wyoming	State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP)  www.wyomingseniors.com/	800-856-4398

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### Important documents for your Part D prescription drug plan

The documents below describe your benefits and coverage rules. Here's how you can access them online:



#### **Evidence of Coverage (EOC)**

The EOC shows all of your prescription drug coverage details. Use it to find out how to get coverage for the prescriptions you need. Every year, we post the following year's EOC online at ArrayRxSolutions.com/UMP by October 15<sup>th.</sup>



### **Pharmacy Directory**

The directory lists in-network pharmacies available to you. Visit ArrayRxSolutions.com/UMP to access our online searchable directory. PDF versions are also available online.



### **List of Covered Drugs (Formulary)**

The Formulary tells which Part D prescription drugs are covered under the Part D benefit on your plan. The formulary is posted online:

#### ArrayRxSolutions.com/UMP

If you have a question about covered drugs, please call ArrayRx Customer Service 1-833-599-8539.



You can also view your plan documents by logging into your Member Dashboard account at ArrayRxSolutions.com/UMP

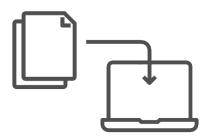
If you would like any of these documents mailed to you, contact ArrayRx Customer Service: 1-833-599-8539 or UMPRXMedicare@modahealth.com

Moda Health Plan, Inc. is a PDP with a Medicare contract. Moda is the administrator of ArrayRx. Enrollment depends on contract renewal. Y0115\_COMMNOTICE25A\_C





# Get plan documents delivered to you online



Online documents give you easy access to all your Part D Medicare information.

To receive an email from ArrayRx when new materials are available, visit ump.regence.com/ump/signin and log in to your prescription Part D member dashboard. If you don't have an account, you can create one. Once logged in, select the "Coverage" tab. Next, click on "Pharmacy" and then "Access Benefits". From here, you can update your email under "Contact info" and make your electronic delivery preference under "Communication preferences".

Once you request electronic delivery, you will no longer receive this hard copy document in the mail, unless you request it.

**Questions?** Call ArrayRx Customer Service at 1-833-599-8539.

ArrayRxSolutions.com/UMP





## **Consider Managing Your Monthly Drug Costs with the Medicare Prescription Payment Plan**

You might benefit from participating in the Medicare Prescription Payment Plan because you have high drug costs.

#### What's the Medicare Prescription Payment Plan?

The Medicare Prescription Payment Plan is a new payment option that works with your current drug coverage to help you manage your out-of-pocket Medicare Part D drug costs by spreading them across the calendar year (January— December). Starting in 2025, anyone with a Medicare drug plan or Medicare health plan with drug coverage (like a Medicare Advantage Plan with drug coverage) can use this payment option for drugs covered by Part D. **All plans offer this payment option and participation is voluntary.** 

If you select this payment option, each month you'll continue to pay your plan premium (if you have one), and you'll get a bill from your health or drug plan to pay for your prescription drugs (instead of paying the pharmacy). There's no cost to participate in the Medicare Prescription Payment Plan, and you won't pay any interest or fees on the amount you owe, even if your payment is late.

### Will this payment option help me?

It depends on your situation. If you have high out-of-pocket drug costs earlier in the calendar year, this payment option spreads out what you'll pay each month across the calendar year (Jan – Dec), so you don't have to pay out-of-pocket costs to the pharmacy. **This payment option might help you manage your monthly expenses, but it doesn't save you money or lower your drug costs.** Visit Medicare.gov/basics/costs/help/drug-costs to learn about programs that can help lower your drug costs.

### How will my costs work?

The prescription drug law caps your out-of-pocket costs at \$2,000 in 2025. This means you'll never pay more than \$2,000 in out-of-pocket drug costs in 2025. This is true for everyone with Medicare drug coverage, even if you don't join the Medicare Prescription Payment Plan.

When you fill a prescription for a drug covered by Part D, you won't pay your pharmacy (including mail order and specialty pharmacies). Instead, you'll get a bill each month from your health or drug plan. Your monthly bill is based on what you would have paid for any prescriptions you get, plus your previous month's balance, divided by the number of months left in the year.

Even though you won't pay for your drugs at the pharmacy, you're still responsible for the costs. If you want to know what your drug will cost before you take it home, call your plan or ask the pharmacist.

Note: Your payments might change every month, so you might not know what your exact bill will be ahead of time. Future payments might increase when you fill a new prescription (or refill an existing prescription) because as new out-of-pocket drug costs get added to your monthly payment, there are fewer months left in the year to spread out your remaining payments.

### How do I know if this payment option might not be the best choice for me?

This payment option might not be the best choice for you if:

- Your yearly drug costs are low.
- Your drug costs are the same each month.

- You're considering signing up for the payment option late in the calendar year (after September).
- You don't want to change how you pay for your drugs.
- You get or are eligible for Extra Help from Medicare.
- You get or are eligible for a Medicare Savings Program.
- You get help paying for your drugs from other organizations, like a State Pharmaceutical Assistance Program (SPAP), a coupon program, or other health coverage.

#### Who can help me decide if I should participate?

- Your health or drug plan: Visit your plan's website, or call your plan to get more information. If you need to pick up a prescription urgently, call your plan to discuss your options.
- **Medicare:** Visit <u>Medicare.gov/prescription-payment-plan</u> to learn more about this payment option and if it might be a good fit for you.
- State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP): Visit <u>shiphelp.org</u> to get the phone number for your local SHIP and get free, personalized health insurance counseling.

### How do I sign up?

Visit your health or drug plan's website, or call your plan to start participating in this payment option at any time during the plan year.

#### Need this information in another format or language?

To get this material in other formats like large print, braille, or another language, contact your Medicare drug plan at the phone number on the back of your membership card. If you need help contacting your plan, call 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227). TTY users can call 1-877-486-2048.



### Nondiscrimination notice

We follow federal civil rights laws. We do not discriminate based on race, color, national origin, age, religion, disability, gender identity, sex or sexual orientation.

We provide free services to people with disabilities so they can communicate with us. These include sign language interpreters and other forms of communication.

If your first language is not English, we will give you free interpretation services and/or materials in other languages.

# If you need any of the above, call ArrayRx Customer Service at:

1-833-599-8539 (TTY: 711)

If you think we did not offer these services, or discriminated against you, you can file a written complaint. Please mail or fax it to:

ArrayRx Attn: Appeals Unit PO Box 40384 Portland, OR 97240-0384 Fax: 1-833-949-1888

### Scott White coordinates our nondiscrimination work:

Scott White, Compliance Officer 601 SW Second Ave. Portland, OR 97204 1-855-232-9111 compliance@modahealth.com

### You can also file a civil rights complaint with:

The U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Office for Civil Rights

- Online complaint portal ocrportal.hhs.gov/ocr/portal/lobby.jsf
- Mail U.S. Department of Health and Human Services 200 Independence Ave S.W. HHH Building, Room 509F Washington, D.C. 20201
- Phone 1-800-368-1019 1-800-537-7697 (TDD)

Complaint forms are available at www.hhs.gov/ocr/office/file/index.html

### **Multi-Language Insert Multi-language Interpreter Services**

**English:** We have free interpreter services to answer any questions you may have about our health or drug plan. To get an interpreter, just call us at 1-833-599-8539. Someone who speaks English/Language can help you. This is a free service.

Spanish: Tenemos servicios de intérprete sin costo alguno para responder cualquier pregunta que pueda tener sobre nuestro plan de salud o medicamentos. Para hablar con un intérprete, por favor llame al 1-833-599-8539. Alguien que hable español le podrá ayudar. Este es un servicio gratuito.

Chinese Mandarin: 我们提供免费的翻译服务,帮助您解答关于健康或药物保险的任何疑问。 如果您需要此翻译服务,请致电 1-833-599-8539。我们的中文工作人员很乐意帮助您。这是 一项免费服务。

Chinese Cantonese: 您對我們的健康或藥物保險可能存有疑問. 為此我們提供免費的翻譯 服 務。如需翻譯服務,請致電 1-833-599-8539。我們講中文的人員將樂意為您提供幫助。這是 一項免費服務。

Tagalog: Mayroon kaming libreng serbisyo sa pagsasaling-wika upang masagot ang anumang mga katanungan ninyo hinggil sa aming planong pangkalusugan o panggamot. Upang makakuha ng tagasaling-wika, tawagan lamang kami sa 1-833-599-8539. Maaari kayong tulungan ng isang nakakapagsalita ng Tagalog. Ito ay libreng serbisyo.

French: Nous proposons des services gratuits d'interprétation pour répondre à toutes vos questions relatives à notre régime de santé ou d'assurance-médicaments. Pour accéder au service d'interprétation, il vous suffit de nous appeler au 1-833-599-8539. Un interlocuteur parlant Français pourra vous aider. Ce service est gratuit.

Vietnamese: Chúng tôi có dịch vụ thông dịch miễn phí để trả lời các câu hỏi về chương sức khỏe và chương trình thuốc men. Nếu quí vị cần thông dịch viên xin gọi 1-833-599-8539 sẽ có nhân viên nói tiếng Việt giúp đỡ quí vị. Đây là dịch vụ miễn phí.

German: Unser kostenloser Dolmetscherservice beantwortet Ihren Fragen zu unserem Gesundheits- und Arzneimittelplan. Unsere Dolmetscher erreichen Sie unter 1-833-599-8539. Man wird Ihnen dort auf Deutsch weiterhelfen. Dieser Service ist kostenlos.

Korean: 당사는 의료 보험 또는 약품 보험에 관한 질문에 답해 드리고자 무료 통역 서비스를 제공하고 있습니다. 통역 서비스를 이용하려면 전화 1-833-599-8539 번으로 문의해 주십시오. 한국어를 하는 담당자가 도와 드릴 것입니다. 이 서비스는 무료로 운영됩니다.





Russian: Если у вас возникнут вопросы относительно страхового или медикаментного плана, вы можете воспользоваться нашими бесплатными услугами переводчиков. Чтобы воспользоваться услугами переводчика, позвоните нам по телефону 1-833-599-8539. Вам окажет помощь сотрудник, который говорит по-русски. Данная услуга бесплатная.

Arabic: إننا نقدم خدمات المترجم الفوري المجانية للإجابة عن أي أسئلة تتعلق بالصحة أو جدول الأدوبة لدينا. للحصول على مترجم فوري، ليس عليك سوى الاتصال بنا على 8539-599-1-833 . سيقوم شخص ما يتحدث العربية بمساعدتك. هذه خدمة مجانية.

Hindi: हमारे स्वास्थ्य या दवा की योजना के बारे में आपके किसी भी प्रश्न के जवाब देने के लिए हमारे पास मुफ्त दुभाषिया सेवाएँ उपलब्ध हैं. एक दुभाषिया प्राप्त करने के लिए, बस हमें 1-833-599-8539 पर फोन करें. कोई व्यक्ति जो हिन्दी बोलता है आपकी मदद कर सकता है. यह एक मुफ्त सेवा है.

Italian: È disponibile un servizio di interpretariato gratuito per rispondere a eventuali domande sul nostro piano sanitario e farmaceutico. Per un interprete, contattare il numero 1-833-599-8539. Un nostro incaricato che parla Italianovi fornirà l'assistenza necessaria. È un servizio gratuito.

Portuguese: Dispomos de serviços de interpretação gratuitos para responder a qualquer questão que tenha acerca do nosso plano de saúde ou de medicação. Para obter um intérprete, contactenos através do número 1-833-599-8539. Irá encontrar alguém que fale o idioma Português para o ajudar. Este serviço é gratuito.

French Creole: Nou genyen sèvis entèprèt gratis pou reponn tout kesyon ou ta genyen konsènan plan medikal oswa dwòg nou an. Pou jwenn yon entèprèt, jis rele nou nan 1-833-599-8539. Yon moun ki pale Kreyòl kapab ede w. Sa a se yon sèvis ki gratis.

Polish: Umożliwiamy bezpłatne skorzystanie z usług tłumacza ustnego, który pomoże w uzyskaniu odpowiedzi na temat planu zdrowotnego lub dawkowania leków. Aby skorzystać z pomocy tłumacza znającego język polski, należy zadzwonić pod numer 1-833-599-8539. Ta usługa jest bezpłatna.

Japanese: 当社の健康健康保険と薬品処方薬プランに関するご質問にお答えするために、 無料の通訳サービスがありますございます。通訳をご用命になるには、 1-833-599-8539 にお電話ください。日本語を話す人者が支援いたします。これは無料の サービスです。









ArrayRx Customer Service – Contact Information		
Call	1-833-599-8539 ArrayRx Customer Service Calls to this number are free. Office hours are 8 a.m.— 8 p.m. (Pacific Time), seven days a week October 1—March 31 (closed on Thanksgiving and Christmas), and weekdays April 1—September 30. Your call will be handled by our automated phone systems outside business hours. Customer Service also has free language interpreter services available for non-English speakers.	
TTY	<b>711</b> Calls to this number are free. This number is available 24 hours a day, seven days a week.	
Write	ArrayRx Attn: Medicare ArrayRx Customer Service P.O. Box 40327 Portland, OR 97240-0327 Email: UMPRXMedicare@modahealth.com	
Fax	1-800-207-8235 Attn: Medicare ArrayRx Customer Service	
Website	ArrayRxSolutions.com/UMP	

Employees and Retirees Benefits (ERB) Customer Service – Contact Information		
Call	1-800-200-1004 ERB Customer Service	
	Calls to this number are free. ERB Customer Service is available from 8 a.m. to	
	4 p.m., Pacific Time, Monday through Friday.	
TTY	711	
	Calls to this number are free. This number is available 24 hours a day, seven days a week.	
Write	Health Care Authority (HCA)	
	PO Box 42684	
	Olympia, WA 98504	
	Online Support: support.hca.wa.gov/hcasupport	
Fax	1-360-725-0771	
Website	www.hca.wa.gov	

### **State Health Insurance Assistance Programs – Contact Information**

State Health Insurance Assistance Programs are state programs that get money from the Federal government to give free local health insurance counseling to people with Medicare. See Appendix 4 at the back of this for a list of State Health Insurance Assistance Programs.



Important UMP Classic Medicare with Part D (PDP) Information